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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIV NO. 87 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1936 SIXTEEN PAGES

Congress Supports Abyssinian Cause

"Ethiopians Fight BATTLE OF Exploited Nations"

Socialists Lose Battle Over Proportional Representation, Despite Support Of Jawaharlal

(Congress Camp)
LUCKNOW, April 10.

The Subjects Committee devoted another four hours of the afternoon to-day to disposing of the Working Committee's amendments to the Congress constitution. All the amendments suggested by the Congress Executive were accepted, and an attempt on the part of the Socialists to retain proportional representation contrary to recommendations of the Working Committee was unsuccessful, despite the fact that Pandit Jawaharlal spoke in favour of the retention of the proportional representation clause. Conversation among the members of the working committee shows that this has shown the probable trend of the division of strength on the office acceptance compromise resolution of the working committee.

After tea interval, the Committee adopted a resolution expressing the sympathy of the Indian people with the Abyssinian people whose fight against the Italians is a part of the fight of all exploited nations and condemning the great powers and the League of Nations for their policy.

Babu Rajendra Prasad then moved the main resolution of the session concerning the Government of India Act. He said that they did not even know when the new constitution would be introduced, and it was premature to commit themselves either way on the question of acceptance or non-acceptance of office, and the language proposed was such as kept the door open for both viewpoints evenly. If office acceptance could promote their aim, they did not rule that out.

The debate on the resolution is proceeding and may conclude tomorrow.—A P

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

LUCKNOW, April 10.

The Subjects Committee of the Congress resumed discussions on the amendments to the Congress Constitution.

The meeting agreed to a clause in the Constitution whereby the proportion of one delegate to every 100,000 of inhabitants of each province be sent to the Congress. The population figure for this purpose to be that recorded in the 1921 census.

Some members enquired what about the figure of 1931 census which was the latest.

Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya and Pandit Jawaharlal explained that the Congress had in certain places boycotted the census taking in 1931.

Mr. Satyamurti suggested: "Why not 1921 census figures plus ten per cent?" The House did not agree to this and accepted the 1921 census figures as the basis.

METHOD OF ELECTION

The question arose whether election in plural number constituencies under the Congress Constitution should be proportional representation by single transferable vote or the method of cumulative voting.

The amendment of the Socialists sponsored by Mr. Patwardhan was for cumulative voting. He pressed this in order to retain the minority of Socialists under discipline and he quoted in support the "respectable authority" of the Hammond Committee. The amendment was rejected.

The number of delegates to be sent to the A. I. C. C. from the provincial committees was fixed at one-eighth instead of one-twelfth of the number of delegates.

PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION

The next big debate was on the question whether proportional representation by single transferable vote as the method of election to the A. I. C. C. was to be deleted or not. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya on behalf of the Working Committee informed that the volume of written opinion from the majority of Provincial Congress Committee was against it. The opposition was led by Mr. Avideshwar Prasad Sinha (Socialist), who, supported by Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya and others, argued that minority of Socialists would be crushed out of existence if proportional representation was deleted.

IN STEPS OF BUREAUCRACY

Srimati Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya said that proportional representation was the one possible open door for securing minority representation and that too was being sought to be closed by the Party in power in the Congress. It was an irony of fate, said she, that the leaders of the Congress Organisation who were themselves leading a movement for the freedom of the people of this country against bureaucratic injustice, were eager to drive out from their organisation a new group which had the same object in view, namely, the attainment of national freedom but whose methods were somewhat different.

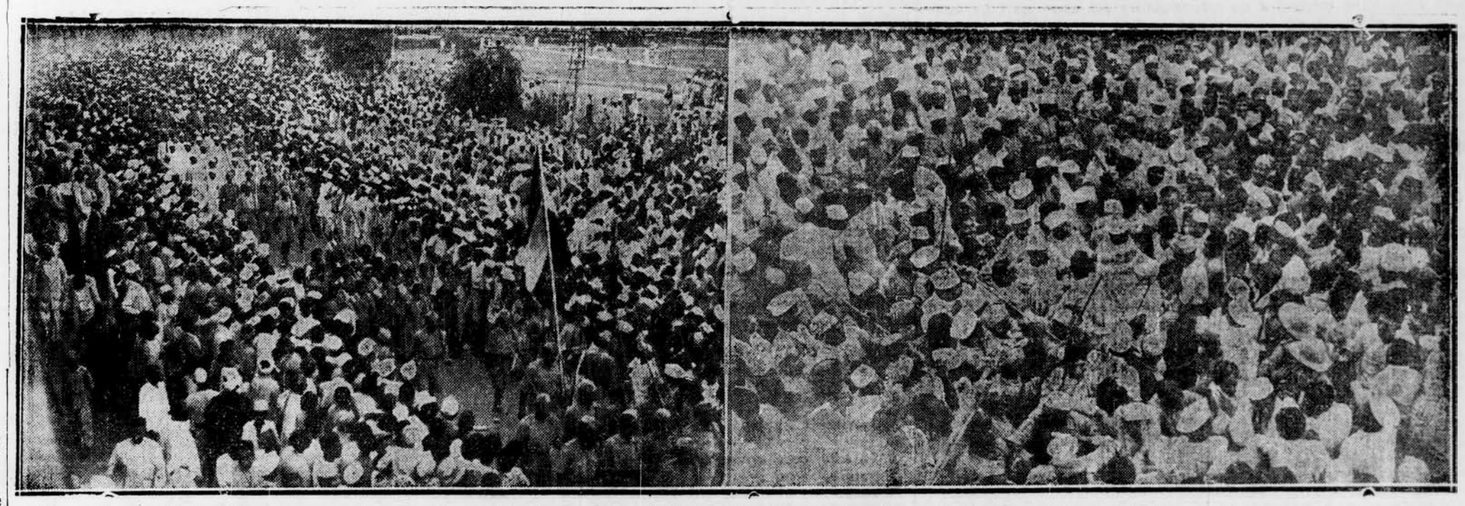
"FASCIST CLOSE UP"

By this means the Right Wing Congress leaders were following the methods of the bureaucracy which they were themselves so loud in condemning at every turn. The Congress Socialists, she said, had by their insistent demand for a radical programme of all round mass upliftment disturbed the equanimity of the vested interests and this amendment seeking to delete the system of voting by proportional representation was in the nature of the Fascist Close-up on their part to keep out the Congress Socialists and deprive them of the opportunity, which they managed to have through this system of voting, to put forward their point of view before the Congress and try to persuade it to their point of view.

Mr. Amritlal Seth in opposing the amendment said that although he did not belong to the Congress Socialist Party he was disposed to oppose the amendment of Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramaya who had given no reason why the

(Continued on Page 7.)

THE CONGRESS PRESIDENTIAL PROCESSION



The mile-and-a-half long procession on foot which accompanied Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Lucknow Congress Session, on his way from Amina Bagh to Motinagar (Congress City) on Wednesday last presented a spectacle unparallelled in the annals of the city. Photo to the left gives a view of the seething humanity which lined the route, while that to the right shows the great rush of crowd to get a "Darshan" of the Panditji, who may be seen in the centre with some of the Congress leaders.

Serious Anglo-French Divergence

ITALO-ETHIOPIAN DEBACLE

League Committee Adjourns Till April 16

LONDON, April 10.

The Committee of Thirteen have adjourned until April 16, in order to give Senor Madariaga a time to get into touch with the Italians.

The morning meeting revealed a serious divergence between the English and French views regarding the Italo-Ethiopian dispute, which created a very unfavourable impression among the smaller States, where the attitude of M. Flandin is much criticised.

Senor Madariaga first reported his conversation with Baron Aloisi who is stated to have merely repeated the offer of Italy to send an Embassary to Geneva after Easter and invited Senor Madariaga and M. Avenol to Rome.

Mr. Eden emphasised the importance of getting the negotiations started without the delay which would be caused by a visit to Rome. He suggested inviting the Italian Government to send a delegate to Geneva as quickly as possible.

The committee agreed to the proposal.

Senor Madariaga then suggested that the Committee of Thirteen remain in session for consultation. Mr. Eden strongly supported the motion. He said that questions of infinite gravity might be involved, but M. Flandin opposed the motion on the ground that it might make the task of the negotiators difficult, and it was finally decided to adjourn till April 16 to give Senor Madariaga time to learn what hopes there are of success.

On the motion of Mr. Eden, it was decided to ask Senor Vasconcellos to warn the Committee of Eighteen to be ready to meet at any moment and possibly on Friday next.—Reuter.

CHARGE AGAINST ABYSSINIA

Italy Alleges Torture And Killing Of War Prisoners

ROME, April 9.

A signed deposition by the Chancellor of the Greek Consulate at Dire Dawa on the torture and killing of Italian war prisoners and slave traffic and also a similar deposition by three members of the Egyptian Sanitary Mission, are included in a further Italian Memorandum presented to the League.

A well-informed spokesman declared that these documented atrocities prevented Abyssinians from complaining about Italians.

The Italian use of poison gas is neither confirmed nor denied here.—Reuter.

KAMALA MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

Swaraj Bhawan Trusts Offer

(From Our Correspondent)
ALLAHABAD, April 10.

In connection with the proposed memorial hospital for perpetuating the memory of Kamala Nehru at a meeting of the trustees of Swaraj Bhawan Trust held in the presence of Mahatma Gandhi Babu Rajendra Prasad, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel Pt. Jawaharlal and others, it was decided to handover a piece of Swaraj Bhawan land to the proposed memorial hospital but the Swaraj Bhawan building is not to be used in that connection. It is understood Pt. Jawaharlal has also agreed to giving to the Memorial Committee one of his bungalow and some land which is situated near Swaraj Bhawan, where the memorial hospital will be built.

The Finance Committee of the Allahabad Municipal Board at a meeting held yesterday recommended to the board for allotting Rs. 10,000 as a nonrecurring grant to the proposed memorial. The Swaraj Bhawan Trusts also decided the henceforth working Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee be an ex-officio secretary to the Swaraj Bhawan Management Board. Till now the Management Board had its own secretary but often the authorities conflicted with the working Congress Secretary in managing the Swaraj Bhawan affairs and the present arrangement was made for avoiding such conflicts in future.

JAWAHARLAL AS PRIME MINISTER?

And Sapru As Leader Of Opposition!

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, April 9.

The Anti-Imperialist Rally was held to-night at the Subjects Committee Pandal. Mr. Jaiprakash Narain presided. About 2,000 attended, admission being free.

Among those who participated in the discussions were Mr. Mehar Ali, Swami Sajahananda, Munshi Ahmeddin, Mr. Sherkhan, Maniben Kara, Mr. Raja Ram, Dr. Ashraf and Miss Satyavati.

The main arguments advanced were that the Congress party should not accept office under new reforms. They asked the audience to visualize Pt. Jawaharlal as Prime Minister and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru as the leader of the Opposition in U. P. Would not Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru attack the Congress whose hands would be tied because of the safeguards about Finances and Police? Would not the Congress be shown as opposing patriotic demands of Sir T. B. Sapru.

The speakers asked whether the Congress wished to place itself in that unenviable position?

AMBASSADOR VON HOESCH DEAD

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, April 10.

The death has occurred in London from heart failure of German Ambassador Von Hoesch.

SESSION OPENS AT 6 P. M. ON SUNDAY

LUCKNOW, April 10.

The Congress session opens on April 12 at 6 p.m.

It is understood that the next session of the Congress will be held in Poona for which Mr. Gadgil on behalf of Maharashtra will invite the session.—A.P.

Subedar Killed

PESHAWAR, April 10.

Subedar Mirzaman of the Frontier Constabulary was killed on the evening of the 8th inst., while attempting to arrest an armed Wazir, near Janikel border. During the encounter which ensued the murderer was also killed.—A. P.

SUPPORT TO CREED OF PURNA SWARAJ

Fraternal Greetings From Indian Swaraj League

(Congress Camp),
LUCKNOW, April 10

The Indian Swaraj League in London has sent the following message to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the 49th session of the Indian National Congress:—

"The Executive Committee of the Indian Swaraj League, London, sends its fraternal greetings to the delegates of the Golden Jubilee session of the Indian National Congress. We in Great Britain pledge ourselves to support the creed of Purna Swaraj for India, and to do our utmost to bring home to the British public India's demand. We hope that the decisions of this historic session will hasten the achievement of the goal of Indian freedom."—United Press

DROOPING SPIRITS STIRRED UP!

(CONGRESS CAMP),
LUCKNOW, April 10.

Sjt. Hardayal Nag, has addressed the following letter to Pandit Jawararlal Nehru, Congress President:—

"Your indomitable courage and never-failing spirit of suffering in accepting the command of India's non-violent battle of Independence in the midst of your severest bereavement again stirs up the drooping spirit of the soldiers caused by Mahatmaji's retirement from politics. I dare say you fully realise that world peace shall mean nothing with thirty-five crores of Indians under fetters. I believe you also realise that the battle of India's independence has considerably been hampered by a considerable number of Indians licking the fetters instead of making any attempt at breaking them. However, evolutionary forces are doing their own work in accelerating the progress of the battle. The opposing forces are also leaving no stone unturned in placing obstruction in the shape of the new constitution which it has fallen in your lot to smash. The country has full confidence in you that under your able guidance and command the non-violent Indian forces will assume the forces of the Niagra falls and reach the all pervading mighty ocean of independence. I wish you all success."—United Press. Special.

"OFFICES" BATTLE

Socialists May Conserve Their Energies For Open Session

While the anti-acceptance Conference dominated by Socialists was passing resolutions threatening severe opposition to the Congress Working Committee's resolution on Reforms and postponing the questions of Office Acceptance to a special session of the A.I.

"SEPARATED" BURMA NEED NOT FEAR

No Disaffiliation From Indian National Congress, Assures Pt. Jawaharlal

(CONGRESS CAMP),
LUCKNOW, April 10.

In spite of the separation of Burma from India by the new Government of India Act, the Burma Provincial Congress Committee shall not be disaffiliated from the Indian National Congress which will continue to treat the Burma Provincial Congress Committee as an integral part of the parent body.

This assurance was conveyed to the delegation of Congressmen who have come here from Burma headed by Sardar Ganga Singh, Mr. Dadachanji and Mr. Gharekhan who interviewed Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru yesterday.

It may be recalled that apprehending that the separation of Burma from India would automatically result in the disaffiliation of the Burma Provincial Congress Committee from the Indian National Congress, these delegates from Burma had tabled an amendment to the Congress constitution suggesting that Congress Committees in foreign countries should have direct representation on the All-India Congress Committee subject to certain terms and conditions. In view of this assurance forthcoming from the Congress President himself, the delegates from Burma do not propose to press their amendment.—United Press.

C. C. vigorous canvassing was proceeding in the delegate's camps both for and against it.

Lobby anticipations show that the Socialist section in the Subjects Committee will find it difficult to secure an adequate number of voters for their amendment declaring the wrecking of the constitution by Congressmen entering legislatures and may have to conserve their energies to the open session.

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9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted B.A., B.T., F.A.J.A.V., S.V., J.V. Mistresses active conversant with up-to-date Educational activities, preferably Arya Samajist. Apply to the Secretary, Arya Kanya Pathshala, New Delhi.

Wanted Clerks, Overseers, Doctors. Engineers, Lawyers and Stenographers to consult Kapoor & Co., Employment Suppliers, Fatehpuri, Delhi. (5899).

Wanted: An influential, energetic and well experienced gentleman of high status as Branch Manager for the Bombay Branch Office of the Reliance Assurance Company, Ltd., Bangalore, to be opened shortly. Salary according to qualifications. Cash security Rs. 1000 is essential. Apply with testimonials before 30-4-36 to Messrs. Thirupathi Balija & Co., Managing Agents.

Applications are invited for the post of Assistant Resident Medical Officer on Rs. 150-10-250 with free quarters and provident fund in Vadilal Sarabhai General and Chinai Maternity Hospitals, Ahmedabad, from those possessing at least M.B.B.S. qualification or three years' standing, having held House-appointments in big hospitals and with experience in anaesthesia, reaching Superintendent by 23rd April 1936, stating age, experience and appointments held, enclosing copies of recent testimonials. Appointment will be on one year's probation subject to confirmation thereafter, services being terminable by two months' notice on either side. (2970)

12. TO BE LET.

To Let, Dadar, near Station and Tramways—decent family flats and commodious bungalows. Apply Oomrigar & Son, Lohar Chawl. (5908).

To Let—Queen's Road, opposite Charney Road, Laud Mansion, desirable Flat, 2nd Floor, commanding Sea-View, fit for Residence or Medical Chambers. Lift. Immediate possession. Apply Khunderao Laud & Co., Mongini Building. (5907).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Expert individual training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy, Princess Street corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (5866).

67. BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Young Goan, thorough business-man, serving Bombay will visit Goa whole May. Good local influence, willing establish business connections any line. Any investigations, missions undertaken. Best results guaranteed. Apply Box 5916, "Bombay Chronicle."

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamshetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.

75. INVESTMENTS.

Wanted—Capitalists to erect Sugar Factory in North—Behar. Excellent site on easy terms available on B. & N.W. Rly. in best cane-growing area. Apply Box No. 5912, "Bombay Chronicle."

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Best delicious Grapes delivered freight paid from Godrej Farm, Nasik to your station in any part of India at Rs. 2 per basket of 10lbs. Send trial order to Godrej Farm, Post Girnara, Nasik. (5903).

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HABIBBHOY CURRIMBHOY, one of the surviving executors of the last Will and Testament of Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim the First Baronet has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to one of our clients. Any person having any claim or interest in to or upon the said property by way of Sale, mortgage, assignment, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 1, Ash Lane, (95, Esplanade Road), Fort, Bombay or to the Assessors and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same (if any) will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of Quit and Ground Rent tenure with the messuages tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being at Samuel Street, without the Fort of Bombay and in the registration district and Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 214 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collectors Old No. 1206, New No. 6942, Old Survey Nos. 196 and 197 New Survey No. 2787, Cadastral Survey No. 982, Mandvi Division B Ward No. 1666 and Street No. 173 Samuel Street and bounded, on the East by a sweeper's passage, on the West by Samuel Street, on the South by Kazi Syed Street, and on the North by sweepers passage and beyond that by the Property of Haji Shariffbhoy Hasham.

Dated this 9th day of April, 1936.

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(2980.)

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THE INDIAN ROADS AND TRANSPORT DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Indian Roads and Transport Development Association Ltd., will be held on TUESDAY, the 28th day of April, 1936 at 6 p.m., (S. T.), in the Committee Room of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie's Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

The Business to be transacted is as follows:—

(1) To receive from the Council the Report, Balance Sheet and Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 31st December, 1935.
(2) To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

By order of the Council,
H. C. SMITH.
General Secretary.
Bombay, 9th April, 1936.
(2975.)

EASTER HOLIDAYS

IMPORTANT NOTICE

On account of Easter the Banks are closed on Friday, 10th, Saturday, 11th and Monday, 13th April, 1936. The public are informed respectfully that the Offices of the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Samachar" will be open on all these days and those who wish to take advantage of Holiday leisure may do so for solving our "Disguise" Competition. The Coupons will be received at our Office on all days as mentioned above. You need not wait till the last day which, as announced in our Sunday Edition (Congress Number), is the 17th April, 1936. Congress Number will be out on Sunday the 12th instant.

WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

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Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 1570 of 1932.

MEGHJI GANGJI .... Plaintiff.
vs.
TULSIRAM MOHNAJI and others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 4th July, 1933 and Judges order, dated 31st January, 1936, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner, High Court on the premises on Friday, the 17th April, 1936, at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

ALL that piece of land of the pension and tax tenure situate at Parbadevi Road, admeasuring 3219 square yards or thereabouts bearing New Survey Nos. 1801 and 1802 and Cadastral Survey Nos. 2|1165, 3|1165 and 4|1165 of the Lower Parel Division together with two Chawls two stables and other small structures standing thereon and bearing G Ward Nos. 3093 and 3093 (1-3-4-5-6-7) and Street Nos. 557 and 557 (B C D & E.)

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw & Company, Attornneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 10th day of March, 1936.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.
2965

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

(Suit No. 490 of 1936.)

The TRUSTEES of the Port of Bombay. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
The NATIONAL PETROLEUM CO., LTD. ... Defendants.

To
The NATIONAL PETROLEUM CO., LTD., Bombay.

Sirs,

TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs abovenamed have filed a suit against you for recovery of Rs. 9,155-11-8 for ground rent and costs and interest on judgment at six per cent. per annum and you are hereby summoned to appear on the 6th May, 1936, at 11 o'clock (S T.), in person or by Advocate and the said day being fixed for final disposal of this suit you are to produce all your witnesses on that day and in default of your appearance the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 9th day of April, 1936.

Yours Truly,
LITTLE & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
(2976.)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GAILANIZADA EBRAHIM SAIFUDDIN PIR SAHEB of Baghdad, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease lien, charge, trust, maintenance easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 15, Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of leasehold land, situate at Matheran in the District of Kolaba in the Registration District of Kolaba, containing by admeasurement four acres and two gunthas be the same a little more or less and described and particularly denoted as Plot No. 5 in a certain map or plan of Matheran deposited in the Office of the Collector of Kolaba together with all buildings and structures thereon and known as Cutch Castle and bounded on the East by Government ground, on the West by Government ground, on the North by Fountain Lodge Plot No. 6 and on the South by the Byramji House Plot No. 7.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1936.

MAHOMED ALI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(2968.)

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) 12th inst., at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.), at Jhavery House, Hughes Road, Opp. Hyland Co., of complete Modern style bungalow furniture, Automatic record changer, Electric Cabinet Gramophone with amplifier, loud speaker and pick up, Godrej and Chubb safes, Singer foot Machine, Remington portable typewriter, Chesterfield sets, Zunda cabinet, Bronze Figures, Cabinets, A. C. Fans, Ice Frigidaire, Chandeliers, Glassware, etc.

D. MISTRY & CO.

GRAND AUCTION SALE of Modern Furniture, Electric and H. M. V. Gramophone, Hall carpet, Chubb's safe, Rich Chesterfields and Bed room furniture, Glass, Crockery, Platedware, Motor Car, etc. TO-DAY (Saturday) at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.), at Vile Parle, Vulabhai Road junction of Ghodbunder Road, Bungalow No. 93 next to the Sea View. Property of a well-known Gentleman. On View. D. MISTRY & Co. Tel. No. 22801

THRILLING DRAMA OF EAST AFRICAN ADVENTURE
"EAST OF JAVA"
WITH
CHARLES BICKFORD
WHO WAS NEARLY KILLED BY LION
A UNIVERSAL Super Thriller at
PLAZA
TO-NIGHT & TO-MORROW:
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TO-DAY
10-30 a. m. in the morning
TAMIL SUPER SOCIAL PICTURE
SHRI SHUNMUGANANDA TALKIE CO., TIRUPUR
Presents
MISS M. S. VIJAYAL
The NIGHTINGALE of S. India.
In the SUPER SOCIAL Picture
MENAKA
WITH A GALAXY OF STARS
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Miss K. RUKMANI
Miss T. RAJAMANI
Miss T. VIMALA.
KRISHNAN & SWAMINATHAN
COMEDIANS
At Your FAVOURITE Theatre—
PLAZA
TO-DAY 10-30 A. M.

COMING!
THRILLS! ROMANCE!!
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and T—E—R—R—I—B—L—E
INTRIGUES!
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SCINTILLATING THRILLER!!!
DERBY-KA-SHIKAR
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SAGAR MOVIETONE'S
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Don't miss to see with your friends and family
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Daily three shows at
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KOHINOOR
CINEMA
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Greatest Attraction for SASTER HOLIDAYS
Specially
for their SOUTH INDIAN Patrons
EAST INDIA FILM CO.'S
(Calcutta), TAMIL MUSICAL PICTURE
RAMAYAN
IN MORNING SHOW ONLY
—: AT 10 A.M. :—
To-day (Saturday, the 11th)
To-morrow (Sunday, the 12th)
and on Monday, the 13th April 1936.

SPECIALLY FOR THEIR SOUTH INDIAN PATRONS
LAXMI
— CINEMA —
LALBAUG—PAREL
Has Great Pleasure in Presenting
EAST INDIA FILM CO.'S
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RAMAYAN
IN MORNING SHOW ONLY AT 10-30 A. M.
To-day (Saturday, the 11th)
To-morrow (Sunday the 12th)
and on Monday, the 13th April 1936.
Specially for Easter Holidays.

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EASTER DAILY CHANGE OF PROGRAMME From TO-DAY
One Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Super-production every day!
TO-DAY—SATURDAY!
Laurel & Hardy
Delightful Musical Comedy
"BABES IN TOYLAND"
TO-MORROW—SUNDAY—12TH APRIL
"TREASURE ISLAND"
with
LIONEL BARRYMORE
WALLACE BEERY
JACKIE COOPER
MONDAY—13TH APRIL
BROADWAY MELODY OF 1936
with the greatest tap-dancer of the World
ELEANOR POWELL
TUESDAY—14TH APRIL
Laurel & Hardy
IN
"BONNIE SCOTLAND"
This merriest pair of fun-makers now arrive in India to create riots of laughter.
WEDNESDAY—15TH APRIL
"CHINA SEAS"
with
CLARK GABLE
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EASTER STAGE AND SCREEN

Intense Drama For Intellectuals At Opera—Sylvia Sydney At Pathe—Eddie Cantor At Regal—Hepburn Breaks Hearts At Excelsior—"Rose Marie" At Central—Balinese Dancers At Capitol—Old Favourites At Wellington—"East Of Java" At Plaza

Eddie Cantor in "Strike Me Pink" at the Regal Starts Second Week

A DRAMA OF INTENSE INTEREST TO INTELLECTUALS

At The Opera

Motion picture audiences all over the world thought, they had seen almost the ultimate in screen characterisation when, for the first time Leslie Howard and Bette Davis were teamed in "Of Human Bondage".

It is certain however, that film fans and critics will for once, agree that in the Warner Bros. Picture "The Petrified Forest" which starts this week at the Royal Opera House Howard and Miss Bette Davis dwarf all the previous screen accomplishments into insignificance.

"The Petrified Forest" was the broadway stage success of last year, and Leslie Howard the star, achieved a personal popularity unrivalled in the dramatic capital of the word. It is on this play, written by Robert E. Sherwood that the film version, which is declared to be far better than the state production, is based. The vast Arizona desert, which could only be suggested on the stage, is shown on the screen in all its desolate grandeur. It is at a little service station in this desert that Sherwood assembled a collection of world misfits and outmoded personalities and makes them look at themselves in the mirror of life and death. There are gangsters in it. And there is a defeared author, a banker and his wife, a garrulous old man, a beautiful girl starving for love, a college football player and a futile ex-service man still strutting about in uniform. Sherwood has thrown them all together in a barbecue stand in the centre of the desert. But they are more than men and women. They are symbols. Each character is symbolic of the class he represents.

As to the symbols set up in this picture, you will find in the role of the author which Howard himself plays, a summation of the dismay of the intellectual world. And behind this defeated figure we see panoramas of frantic material development. A chaos whirls around him as he walks into the Sun set toward the "Petrified Forest."

Miss Bette Davis plays opposite Mr. Howard and she represents the future which summons different picture to all, to some dark, to others bright and full of promise. This wonderful drama is a dynamic scene of love and heroic sacrifice brought to screen by Messrs. Warner Bros. who very successfully also brought them together in the past in "Of Human Bondage."

We only put in this much from ourselves, that if the triumph in the past "Of Human Bondage" appealed to your immotion and idealism, this drama of a great love of a lost soul will stirr your vital chords.

"ROSE MARIE" CONTINUES SECOND WEEK

At The Central

The gifted quartette who piloted "Naughty Marietta" to unprecedented success—Jeanette MacDonald and Nelson Eddy, Director W. S. Van Dyke and Producer Hunt Stromberg—have again turned their talents to a gaint enterprise, the production for Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer of the classic light opera, "Rose Marie," which is continued at the Central.

One of the most successful theatrical properties extant, "Rose Marie" is known the world over. It was first produced in New York in 1924, running two years.

It opened in London in 1925, and ran two years there, at the Drury Lane Theatre. The Magador Theatre in Paris first saw "Rose Marie" in 1926, where revivals of it have been produced almost every year since.

In 1927 the great musical spread to Berlin, and, simultaneously, Australia. At the same time five road compaines were operating in America. One remained in Chicago two years. Detroit kept one for 28 weeks, Montreal for twenty weeks. It was one of the greatest successes of the speaking stage.

And now "Rose Marie" has been made into a talking picture, one of the outstanding productions of the year.

Furthermore, it was filmed almost entirely out-of-doors, in the gorgeous mountain-lake settings of the Sierra Nevadas.

Such world-famed songs as "The Indian Love Call," "Rose Marie, I Love You," "Song of the Mounties," Pardon Me, Madame," and others are sung by the romantic stellar team against the majesty of glimmering lakes, tall pines and superb mountain vistas.

The Totem Pole number alone will set a new high in photographic beauty and screen entertainment. Filmed at Emerald Bay, on Lake Tahoe, scenic spot of America, peopled with more than seven hundred Indians in a setting of towering, grostesque totems it is as spectacular as it is rhythmic.

Briefly, "Rose Marie" is the story of an opera star who, travelling incognito through the North Woods in search of her brother, an outlaw, falls in love with the Northwest "Mountie" whose inflexible job it is to capture the criminal. The climax of the story is as dramatic as the finish is romantic

Supporting the co-stars is a fine cast of seasoned players. James Stewart, featured in many New York stage hits plays ths role of Miss MacDonald's brother. Reginald Owen, sterling character actor, is cast as the singing star's harried manager. Allan Jones, who scored recently as the singing juvenile in "A Night at the Opera," has the part of Romeo in a musical sequence from "Romeo and Juliet."

Adrian, the designer, has outdone himself in costumes for the star and for the featured dances in the Totem Pole sequence.

"Break of Hearts" at the Excelsior from this Saturday.

EASTER DAILY CHANGE PROGRAMMES

At The Wellington

The Wellington is having a daily change programme for the festive Easter week from today, Saturday, when every day a Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer super production will be screened. This daily change Easter programmes will commence with Laurel and Hardy exquisite comedy "Babes in Toyland," on Saturday, while on Sunday will be screened the famous Lionel Barrymore, Wallace Beery and Jackie Cooper picture "Treasure Island." You will see on Easter Monday the world's greatest tap-dancer Eleanor Powell in "Broadway Melody of 1936," while Laurel and Hardy will come back again on Tuesday in "Bonnie Scotland." On Wednesday will be screened the Clark Gable picture "China Seas," while "Rasputin and the Empress" will be screened on Thursday. This daily change programme will be brought to an end by "Tarzan and His Mate" the Johnny Weissmuller daring picture on Friday.

NEW HEPBURN IN "BREAK OF HEARTS"

At Excelsior

There is but one way to review the powerful emotional drama, "Break of Hearts," starring Katharine Hepburn and Charles Boyer, which opened yesterday at the Excelsior Theatre. It is to say that this beautiful love story is one of the most inspiring pictures which has been filmed in recent years and that the stars give a brilliant performance that surpasses all forecasts.

It is a new Hepburn that comes to the screen in this production and one who is more alluring than ever. In the role of a yiung composer who marries a famous maestro, she combines all the genius that brought her fame in her previous films with a new-found pictorial beauty and a vibrant warmth of interpretation that is irresistible.

Charles Boyer, idol of the French stage and screen, has a magnetic charm that promises to send him to the height ofpopularity as a result of his work in "Break of Hearts."

The picture tells the story of the making breaking and mending of a romance, and not in recent years have such enchanting love scenes been played on the screen as those between the betwitching Hepburn and Boyer.

John Beal, who will be remembered for his fine portrayal of the title role in "The Little Minister" with Miss Hepburn, plays a romantic role that adds further laurels to his soaring fame.

An interesting feature of the presentation from a feminine point of view is that Miss Hepburn is seen in smart, ultra-modern clothes Her wardrobe was designel by Bernard Newman, internationally famous style creator and runs the gamut from intimate apparel to the most lavish evening ensembles.

The settings are lovely and the backgrounds of symphonic music lends a delightful appeal to the entire picture.

A subtle understanding on the part of Philip Moeller, the director, has made "Break of Hearts" a thing of beauty and exquisite delicacy. The cast includes such well-known players as Jean Hersholt, Susan Fleming, Inez Courtney, Jean Howard and Helene Millard.

Kumari Dja Devi the premier Balinese Danseuse at the Capitol

SYLVIA SIDNEY IN "MARY BURNS FUGITIVE"

At Pathe

Sylvia Sidney reaches the top of her form as a dramatic actress in her latest starring vehicle. "Mary Burns, Fugitive," a gripping romantic drama of an innocent girl hunted by the law, which opens at the Pathe Theatre to-day.

An emotional revelation of a girl's tragic experiences, Miss Sidney's histrionic talents are given full reign in a characterization that justifies her ability for full dramatic power. Caught in a web of circumstantial evidence, an innocent victim of circumstances, her portrayal of "Mary Burns" is sympathetic, sincere and distinguished.

"Mary Burns, Fugitive' serves also to introduce Alan Baxter, new film find, who makes his debut in the drama. A recruit from the Broadway stage he is a refreshingly new personality, bringging an amazing understanding in a difficult role as a college bred gangster, revealing much potentiality for future stardom. Young, engaging, with plenty of talent, Baxter bears close watching.

Carrying off his part with restraint and dignity, Melvyn Douglas, as the wealthy, brilliant scientist, delivers a finely poised, sincerely acted portrayal, in the leading role opposite Miss Sidney.

Pert Kelton, in her first dramatic role acquits herself in an able manner. Brian Donlevy, leading man from the Broadway stage makes his screen bow, giving a competent portrayal. Wallace Ford also merits high praise.

Deeply moving, soul-stirring in every scene, "Mary Burns, Fugitive" tells the graphic story of Miss Sidney, who owns and runs a roadside tea room in the Catskill Mountains. She meets and falls in love with Alan Baxter, handsome, ex-football hero. Unaware that he has turned public enemy, she consents to marry him. Escaping with stolen bonds, he is trapped in Miss Sidneys restaurant but makes a getaway. Arrested as his accomplice, she is sentenced to 15 years in prison. Breaking jail with her cell mate, Pert Kelton, the two girls escape. Not knowing that Miss Kelton is in league with G-men who believe, Miss Sidney will seek Baxter's hide-out as soon as she is free, Miss Sidney gets a job in a hospital. There she meets Melvyn Douglas, temporarily blind scientist who falls in love with her.

Pursued by Baxter's gang who try to capture her, Miss Sidney is forced to roam the country, a fugitive from justice, relentlessly pursued by her former sweetheart, Baxter, who refuses to give her up. Seeking refuge in Douglas' home, the two are about to be married when Baxter appears, threatening to kill Douglas.

A thrilling climax brings the drama to an exciting end. William K. Howard did an excellent job on direction.

Sylvia Sidney in "Mary Burn Fugitive" at the Pathe this Week.

"The Petrified Forest" with Leslie Howard and Bette Devis at the Opera House this Week.

EXOTIC DANCES OF BALI

At The Capitol

It is not often that the man in the street can with his limited means enjoy the privilege of gazing upon the most fascinating entertainment the East has yet produced. The management of the Capitol has made this possible by a special reduction of rates in view of the Easter holidays.

All lovers of dancing should flock to the Balinese Dancers, this company with its hundred artistes has come all the way from the enchanted isle of Bali, earning for itself nothing but the most unstinted praise. It is a show the like of which India has never seen before . . . it reveals the innermost secrets of a land whose beauties have only been in the light of the mythical to us.

The slender snake-like grace of enigmatic Dja . . . the sensous melting arms of the strikingly beautiful Ratna are things we have conceived only in our choicest dreams . . . to gaze upon them in the flesh and blood is esctasy indeed!

The Balinese Dancers will be at the Capitol for only a few days more prior to their departure for Europe.

To excite such criticism as this the players must indeed be masters at their art . . . these dancers are more. . .

"They exhibit a wild abandonment of movement . . . the most exquisite grace of trusting weightless undulations . . . their fingertips dance . . . they must be seen by all who love the sunshine and tenderness of the jungles.

"EAST OF JAVA"

Thrilling Adventure Story At Plaza

The tropical beauty with the luxuriant foliage of the clustering island nestling among the Dutch East Indies provides the background for the thrilling adventures depicted in "East of Java," a gorgeous Universal production, coming this week to the Plaza (Dadar) as a special attraction for the Easter holidays.

Combined with the wonderful scenic effects is the remarkable realism of the drama contributed by the portrayals of the principal players who include Charles Bickford, Elizabeth Young, Frank Albertson, Leslie Fenton and others. The directorial work bears the impress of the genius of George Melford, whose capacity for handling such subjects has earned him well-merited recognition.

The sweeping incidents of the story begin with the flight of Bickford fleeing from the South African port of Simba Sao in the Tramp Schooner "Sea Dragon" which carries aboard, besides passengers, an assorted collection of African lions and other jungle beasts. Caught in a terrible hurricane, the passengers and the animals take refuge in a jungle island were a deadly struggle for existence ensues between the humans and the ferocious animals. The plot gives scopes for many daring stunts on the part of some of the players. Bickford being nearly clawed to death by one of the lions.

SECOND WEEK OF EDDIE CANTOR

At The Regal

Eddie Cantor is let loose in a gigantic amusement park in "Strike Me Pink," his Sixth annual musical extravaganza for Samuel Goldwyn which stays for a 2nd week at the Regal.

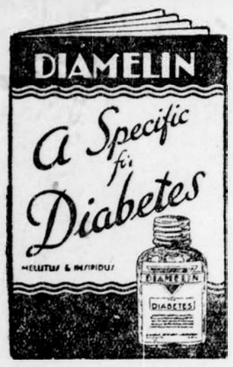
Eddie Cantor is cast as a timid fellow who takes a correspondence course in acquiring a dominating personality and becomes manager of Dreamland Amusement Park. Here he becomes involved with a gang of slot machine racketeers, who have put every previous manager on the spot. The gangsters learnt that Eddie secretly adores a glamorous night club star, played by Ethel Merman. This lady is really the wife of one of their number and they use her as a "come-on" to trick Eddie into installing their fake slot machines.

Sally Eilers, seen as Eddie's Dreamland sweetheart; Harry Parke, better known as the Greek dialectician Parkyakarkus of radio fame, William Frawley and the 1936 crop of Goldwyn Girls are featured beside Ethel Merman in the comedy which Norman Taurog directed. Also prominent in the cast are Helen Lowell, Gordon Jones, Brian Donley, Jack Larue, Sunnie O'dea and Rita Rio.

"Strike Me Pink" is based on Clarence Budington Kelland's Saturday Evening Post story and novel, "Dreamland." Frank Butler, Walter De Leon and Francis Martin collaborated on the adaptation and screen play. Harold Arlen and Lew Brown wrote the music and lyrics and Robert Alton directed the dances and ensembles. The dance numbers were photographed by Gregg Toland.

The tuneful new song hits introduced in the film include "First You Have Me High, Then You Have Me Low," "The Lady Dances," "The Calabash Pipe," and "Shake It Off."

"Strike Me Pink" is released through United Artistes.



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Seventeen Visiting Teams For Beighton Cup

Bombay Customs Receive A Bye Into The Third Round: Port Blair Sends Side To Compete In Calcutta Hockey Tourney

CALCUTTA, April 9.

The 1936 Beighton Cup hockey competition, the draw for which was made at a meeting of the Bengal Hockey Association breaks new ground. One feature is that there are more outside teams than Calcutta teams—seventeen to sixteen—and one of the sixteen (the Combined Military Medicals) will have several players from Madras. Another feature is that for the first time in the history of the competition, an overseas team (Browning Club, Port Blair) is competing.

Contrary to custom, the draw does not appear to have been seeded in the same complete manner as in past years with the exception of the Bombay Customs, who have been given a bye into the third round. Bombay's crack team are playing their first match on the C. F. C ground on April 22 and a big crowd should welcome them. They are bringing the following team: Cowton, Abreo, Aslam, Brewin, Dique, Salim, Kehr Singh, Sher Mahomed, Feroze, Pinto, Jaggat Singh and Afzal. Brewin and Aslam were members of the last Olympic team and Kehr Singh and Feroze of the 1928 side.

It would seem that the strongest teams in the top half of the draw are the Jhansi Heroes (who will only be strong if Dhyan Chand comes with them) the Delhi Youngs (who are bringing at least six Manavadar State players), the B. N. Railway Regiment (who will have the services of C. Tapsell, J. Gallibardy and R. Carr of the Olympic team) and the Calcutta Customs, who have won the Beighton so often that there will be no surprise if they win it again. They are definitely one of the strongest club sides in the country.

In the bottom half of the draw, the more formidable sides will be Bhopal (who gave such an excellent account of themselves in the recent provincial hockey tournament), the Moslem Y.M.A. of Allahabad (winners of so many trophies in that strong hockey centre), the Calcutta Rangers (who won the trophy in 1934 and who will shortly be strengthened by the return to Calcutta of F. C. Wells), the East Indian Railway (who gave a good account of themselves in the recent All-India Railways tournament) and the Bombay Customs (who will do their best to wipe off the humiliation of their last visit to Calcutta).

If no surprises occur, the last four should be the B. N. Railway, Khargpur (runners-up last year), the Calcutta Customs (winners last year). Bhopal and the Bombay Customs. It will be no surprise if the two Customs' sides meet in the final. The draw is as follows:—

FIRST ROUND.

A Delhi Orientals v. Mohammedan Sporting (Rangers, April 14).

B Calcutta F. C. v Manipur State (Calcutta, April 14).

SECOND ROUND

1. Winners of A v. Winners of B (Calcutta, April 16).
2. Jhansi Heroes v. Dalhousie (Calcutta April 20).
3. Delhi Youngs v. Town Club Jamshedpur (Moh Bag April 14).
4. Lucknow Y.M.C.A. v. B.N.R. Regt. Khargpur (Rangers April 15).
5. B. G. Press v. St Joseph's (Police, April 13.
6. Port Commissioners v. Bhowanipur (Bhowanipur, April 13.)
7. Calcutta Customs v. Bengali Y.M.A. (Lucknow Moh. Bag. April 21).
8. E. B. Railway v. Kharsia Club, Meerut (Police, April 21).
9. Xaverians v. Bhopal State (Mohun Bagon April 20.)
10. L'Allegro Unio, Faridpur. v. Dacca S. A. (Mohun Bagan, April 15).
11. Moslem Y.M.A. Allahabad v. Browning Club Port Blair (Calcutta, April 18.)
12. Calcutta Rangers v. Combined Military Medicals (Rangers, April 18.)
13. Youngmen's A. C. Rampur v. Union Sporting (Bhowanipur, April 14).
14. Calcutta Police v. Armenians (Mohun Bagan, April 13).
15. East Indian Railway v. Mohun Bagan (Calcutta April 13.)

THIRD ROUND

C. Winners of 1 v. Winners of 2 (Calcutta April 21).
D. Winners of 3 v. Winners of 4 (Calcutta, April 17).
E. Winners of 5 v. Winners of 6 (Mohun Bagan, April 16.)
F. Winners of 7 v. Winners of 8 (Mohun Bagan, April 23).
F. Winners of 9 v. Winners of 10 (Rangers April 22).
H. Winners of 11 v. Winners of 12 (Rangers April 21).
I. Winners of 13 v. Winners of 14 (Rangers April 16).
J. Winners of 15 v. Bombay Customs (Calcutta April 22).

FOURTH ROUND

Winners of C v. Winners of D. (Calcutta April 23).
Winners of E v. Winners of F (Calcutta April 24).
Winners of G v. Winners of H. (Rangers April 23).
Winners of I v. Winners of J (Rangers April 24.)

The two semi-finals will be played on April 27 and 28 and the final on May 2, all on the Calcutta ground.

April 25 has been set apart for an exhibition match about which the Bengal Hockey Association is in communication with the Indian Hockey Federation, between the Olympic team and a picked Bengal XI, in aid of the Olympic Tour Fund.

It is hoped that the Olympic team will be as follows:—Allen; C Tapsell and Mahomed Hussein; Ahsan Khan, Nirmal, Masood or Cullen and Gallibardy; Shabuddin, R. Carr, Dhyan Chand, Rup Singh and Jaffer Mahomed Hussein and Shahabuddin are expected here with the Delhi Youngs, Dhyan Chand and Rup Singh with the Jhansi Heroes, Ahsan Khan with Bhopal and Cullen (of Madras) with the Combined Military Medicals.

The rest of the side are Bengal players. If the I. H. F. are unable to send Nirmal or Masood here, Cullen will play centre half. The I. H. F. are expected to send Jaffer of the Punjab to Calcutta for the match. If Shahabuddin does not come with the Delhi Youngs, Carr will play on the wing and Emmett at inside right. —"The Statesman."

BOMBAY WATER POLO QUADRANGULAR

Teams For The Golvala Challenge Shield

The Water Polo Quadrangular will commence on Friday April 17 at the Back Bay Baths when the semi-final matches will be decided. The Golvala Bros. Parsi team meet the Zionists in the first match at 7-0 p.m. followed by the Golvala Bros. Hindu team Vs. the Europeans at 7-25 p.m.

The following will constitute the Golvala Bros. Parsi Team.—Messrs. E. E. Bharucha (Goal), A. N. Toddywalla (back) F. E. Tavadia (Back) K. D. Kapadia (half Back) Captain, P. M. Bharucha, R. F. Golwalla and P. B. Poojiajee (Forwards).

Reserves. Messrs. R. M. Pochkhanawalla, S. B. Karanjia, and P. N. Desai.

Referee. Mr. C. Picot.

The Zionist team will be selected from the following.—

Messrs. S. Gahtan (Captain), M. Hillel, E. Soloman I. Soloman, D. Sargon, M. Cohen, S. Haskell, N. Haskell, and J. Elias.

The following is the Golvala Bros. Hindu Team.—

Messrs. (Captain) G. Trivedi, (Goal), J. D. Kapadia, J. T. Kothare (Back), R. Champsi (half Back), J. P. Kapadia, K. Nyalchand, and V. D. Porecha (forwards).

Reserves. Messrs. D. Haridas, D. Jamnadas Bhatia, and N. N. Javeri.

The European Team will be composed of the following:—

Messrs. L. F. Richards (Captain) H. P. Waegeli, Hans Vogel, H.M. Robottom, H. Bund (Goal). E. Spilling, H. K. Ring, W. E. Acraman, L/Br. G. W. Harris, N. J. Gordon, R. K. Love.

Referee. Mr. Khurshed F. Golwalla.

The rate of admission on each day is Rs. 1/2 for a reserved seat and 9 annas unreserved. It is advisable to book seats as early as possible.

JOCKEY DILLON TO RIDE AGAIN

Calcutta Stewards Fail To Pardon Jockey Obaid

A Calcutta telegram says that the Stewards of the Royal Calcutta Turf Club, have remitted the warning off sentences passed on Jockeys W. McCarthy and W. T. Evans with effect from April 1. The disqualification also imposed on Jockey W. Dillon has been withdrawn.

The Calcutta authorities seem to be rather prejudiced against the Indian professionals implicated in the Secunderabad Turf Scandal. Otherwise it is difficult to explain why Jockey A.K. Obaid and Jockey Alford have not been pardoned. Jockeys Hill and Clarke had their licences restored during the last Poona Season. Trainer Byramji Rustomji (Jnr.) and Jockeys Obaid and Alford seemed to have been singled out for this invidious treatment, which is to say the least, distinctly unjust.

OLYMPIC HOCKEY TEAM'S EXPENSES

Nizam's Government Comes To The Rescue

HYDERABAD: April 7.

The Indian sporting public as well as the authorities in charge of the Indian Hockey Team's visit to Berlin, will welcome the news that the Nizam's Government have come to their rescue and are partly solving the financial difficulties in the way of sending the hockey team to participate in the forthcoming Olympic Games. It is understood that Sir Akbar Hydari, Finance Member of the Nizam's Government, and Nawab Mehdiyar Jung Bahadur, Political and Education Member, have appealed to the Nizam to sanction a sum of Rs. 5,000 towards the touring expenses of the Indian Hockey Team whose visit to Berlin was at one time problematical.—"The Statesman".

(Continued from column 7.)

Jangla.
6-20 p.m. Sardar Bai of Lahore. Punjabi Geet.
6-30 p.m. Sardar Husain. Violin—Purbi.
6-35 p.m. Wilayat Khan. Dadra and Ghazals.
7 p.m. I.B.S. Orchestra. Dhun Khhammaj.
7-10 p.m. Sardar Bai of Lahore. Ghazal.
7-20 p.m. "Ek Ag ka Chulah," by "O."
7-30 p.m. Wilayat Khan of Delhi. Ghazals.
8 p.m. Hind ke Musalman Shaer. M.M. Pandit Lachmi Dhar Shastri.
8-15 p.m. Sardar Bai of Lahore. Thumri.
8-25 p.m. Wilayat Khan. Hori Kafi.
8-35 p.m. Master Farhad. Clarionet—Telang.
8-40 p.m. Sardar Bai. Ghazals.
9 p.m. Wilayat Khan. Ghazals.
9-15 p.m. News in Hindustani.
9-30 p.m. News in English.
9-45 p.m. "Municipal Election" a comedy.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 metres 810 kc|s. 49.10 metres 6,109 kc|s.

12-36 p.m. SB. A studio programme by Messrs. T.E. Bevan and Co., Ltd. ('Regal' recording).
Piano Duet by Phil and Slim (Max on the Drums). Broadway Melody of 1935—Selection.
The Two Leslies. "Forty Thousand and Five" "Cut Yourself a Little Piece of Cake."
London Piano—Accordion Band. "Gypsy Violin" "Marilou."
The Radio Three. "Chloe (Song of the Swamp)" "Stardust."
The Hill Billies. "Home on the Range" "Moonlight on the Prairie."
Billy Cotton & His Band. "The Morning After" "She Shall have Music."
George Formby, Comedian. "The Wash-House at the Back" "The Pleasure Cruise" (with his Ukulele).
Foden's Motor Works Band. "Il Bacio" "The Mill in the Dale."
Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Rivercraft (if any).
1-36 p.m. Talk: "The Great Poet Milton" Bishnu Sarma
2-6 p.m. Bengali songs Sreematy Manickmala.
2-21 p.m. Ratneshwar Mukherjee.
2-36 p.m. Talk by Mrs. Bella Halder.
5-36 p.m. Light Bengali song by Sreematy Prafullabala.
5-46 p.m. Rural Reconstruction Series—Talk.
6-6 p.m. Modern Bengali song by Shibabrata Bose.
6-16 p.m. Educational Broadcast by Ranjit Chandra Sanyal. The Birth of Photography.
6-36 p.m. A Classical programme. Satish Datta (Dani Babu)—Dhrupad (Basanta).
6-51 p.m. Ram Kissen Missir—Kheyal (Pancham).
7-11 p.m. Kashi Nath Chatterjee—Kheyal (Basanta).
7-31 p.m. Khem Chandra Prokash—Kheyal (Bahar).
7-51 p.m. SB. News bulletin in English.
8-6 p.m. SB. Vocal music. Zamiruddin Khan—light Bengali.
8-26 p.m. Krishna Chandra Dey—Kirtan.
8-51 p.m. SB. Weather Forecast. General News Bulletin. Market Price. Jute and Gunny closing rates (in Bengali).
9-6 p.m. SB. A studio Concert, featuring Dismal Desmond who has a few stories to tell. The Military Band of the 1st Battn., the Devonshire Regiment.
10-6 p.m. SB. Weather Forecast, 2nd News Bulletin, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny closing rates (in English).
10-21 p.m. Dance music by the Dance Band of the 1st Battn., the Devonshire Regiment. The Regimental March.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

Two of the following frequencies will be used:—
GSG 17.79 Mc|s (16.86m.), GSF 15.14 Mc|s (19.82m.), GSE 11.86 Mc|s (25.29m.).
7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The B.B.C. Empire Orchestra; leader, Daniel Melsa; conductor Eric Fogg. William Overton (Cornet).
8-15 p.m. Ivy Tresmand, the Musical Comedy Star.
8-25 p.m. Musical interlude.
8-30 p.m. Harold Ramsay at the Organ of the Granada, Tooting.
9 p.m. Sports Talk.
9-15 p.m. Musical interlude.
9-20 p.m. "Queue for Song." An Empire promenade, presented by Reginald Smith.
Greenwich Time Signal at 10 p.m.
10 p.m. The News.
10-15 p.m. Dance music.

Bombay Programme

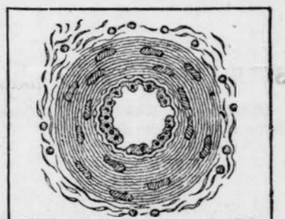
VUB 350.9 metres 855 kc|s.
EASTER.
12 noon: Light classical music. J. D. Jaokar.
1 p.m. Jules Craen and his Quintet. Relayed from Taj Mahal Hotel by kind permission of the management.
5-30 p.m. Relay of music from Regal Cinema by kind permission of the management.
6-30 p.m. Light music. Bai Sonibai Mulgaokar.
7-20 p.m. Guitar solos G.N. Ghosh.
7-50 p.m. News in Hindi.
8 p.m. Miss Zora Khatum with Mr. Raffique Ghaznavi in duet songs. 1. Dawn, 2. Separation. 3. Reconciliation.
8-45 p.m. Hindustani songs Raffique Ghaznavi with sarangi, harmonium and tabla.
9-30 p.m. News in English.
9-45 p.m. "Around the Town" an Airman's diary.
10 p.m. A dance programme.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.136 metres. 882 kc|s.
6 p.m. Wilayat Khan of Delhi. Thumri Pilo.
6-15 p.m. Bhai Ghulam. Dilruba—
(Continued in Col. 5.)

WHY LET A
Narrowed Tube
ROB YOU OF
Youth!
(AND EVENTUALLY LIFE ITSELF!)

Study these pictures and learn the real cause of
HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE



NORMAL ARTERY (Highly Magnified)
This illustration of an artery cut through shows you its three strong elastic coats and normal aperture which allows unrestricted passage of blood.

NARROWED ARTERY (Highly Magnified)
Here the artery is being strangled by lime salts deposits. The aperture is narrowed and the three coats have lost their elasticity and power to expand and contract.

Supposing you had a small hand-pump with a piece of rubber tubing attached. The flow of water would be normal while the tubing was normal. But supposing you pressed the tubing a little. What would happen? Naturally a greater effort would be required to pump the water through the narrowed tube. And you would become fatigued sooner. Now an artery is rather like a bit of rubber tubing. Its job is to convey new blood to all the vital body cells. The heart is the human pump. It has to force this life-giving blood through the arteries. If the tubing (or arteries) is narrowed in some way, the heart must work harder to force the blood through. This leads to heart weakness and ends in heart-failure.

How do Arteries become Narrowed?

About the age of 40, though often before, lime salts deposits in the arteries render them narrow and brittle—just like perished rubber tubing. The proper flow of blood is restricted. The body cells are deprived of full nourishment. The over-worked heart is weakened. Vigour and interest in daily affairs are lost and Premature Old Age overtakes the sufferer. This disorder is High Blood Pressure. It has nothing to do with "too much blood" or "blood that is too rich."

The Wonderful Power of 'Phyllosan' Tablets.

What are 'Phyllosan' Tablets? The chief constituent of 'Phyllosan' Tablets is a vegetable extract described by eminent scientists as being "The Most Wonderful Substance in our World." It supplies a vitalizing rejuvenating substance upon which every living thing on this earth depends. Dr. Buergi, M.D., of Berne University, Switzerland, under whose personal supervision 'Phyllosan' Tablets are made, spent 15 years critical research before he succeeded in isolating this wonderful substance without detriment to its vitalizing power. This substance takes the carbon, nitrogen, salts and water absorbed by the plants and under the influence of sunlight, TRANSFORMS THEM INTO LIVING MATERIAL STORED WITH VITAL ENERGY.

'Phyllosan' Tablets increase all your Physical and Vital Forces, irrespective of Age.

When 'Phyllosan' Tablets are taken they immediately begin the good work of renewing and re-invigorating every body cell; clear away the lime salts deposits that are choking the arteries and fortify the heart. Each day during the treatment sees new vigour and a new outlook on life.

Not only does the body benefit, the brain, too, becomes clearer and more active.

Do 'Phyllosan' Tablets act Quickly?

Abundant evidence is available to prove that 'Phyllosan' Tablets are amazingly quick in effect as well as amazingly efficacious. It has been proved conclusively that 'Phyllosan' Tablets renew the blood stream WITHIN 14 DAYS. A typical case published in the *Swiss Medical Weekly* concerned a man 51 years of age suffering with severe blood-pressure. After ONE MONTH of 'Phyllosan' Tablets, blood pressure dropped to nearly normal, while heart symptoms, difficult breathing, and giddiness vanished entirely.

Some Wonderful Tributes.

Benefit in 3 Days.
"I got a small bottle on Tuesday and by Friday following I could feel the benefit."—H.V.

Pain vanishes after HALF a Bottle.
"Before I had used half a bottle all pain and dizziness had left me."—W.L.

Thought she was going to die.
"I was so ill with syncope of the heart I never thought to live. Now after only 6 days taking the tablets I feel well, young and strong."—E.B.

Important.
'Phyllosan' Tablets are perfectly harmless and can be taken by the youngest and most delicate persons with complete confidence. 'Phyllosan' Tablets contain neither drugs nor glands nor animal extracts, and in their preparation are untouched by hand throughout.

'PHYLLOSAN' TABLETS

(Pronounced FIL-O-SAN)

Sold by all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

SEND FOR THIS FREE BOOK If you are over 40 (or under) send for that most interesting and valuable book—"Revitalization and Rejuvenation"—free on request.

Write for Booklet to J. L. Morison, Son and Jones (India) Ltd., BOMBAY: Standard Buildings, Hornby Road, P.O. Box 258. CALCUTTA: 29, Bentinck Street.

Regd. Trade Mark 'Phyllosan' is the property and denotes the product of Natural Chemicals Limited, London.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Chaitra Vad. 4, 1992.
Muslim: Mohurrum 18, 1354
Parsi: Avan 8, 1305.
Hightide: 7-48; 19-28
Lowtide 7-52; 20-27.
Sunrise 6h. 26m.
Sunset: 6h. 55m.

Saturday, April 11.

Easter.

Public Holiday: Banks closed.

S. S. 'Strathnaver' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

All-India Muslim League, 24th session, opposite Bombay Mint, 2 p.m.

Sunday, April 12.

All-India Muslim League, 24th session, opposite Bombay Mint, 10 a.m.

Monday, April 13.

Easter.
Public Holiday: Banks closed.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, and Japan per S. S. "Thames Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 11-30 a.m. on Sunday the 12th instant.

BRAHMIN SEVA MANDAL

The eighth lecture of a series arranged under the auspices of the Brahmin Seva Mandal will be delivered by Principal V. K. Joshi on "Means of Securing Knowledge" at 9 p.m. (Saturday) at the premises of the Mandal at Bhavani Shankar Road, Dadar. Mr. D. P. Joshi will preside.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"Break of Hearts." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
REGAL—"Strike Me Pink." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Snehlata." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Royal Balinese Dancers." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA—"The Petrified Forest". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Mary Burns Fugitive." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. To-morrow morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—Daily Change of Programme. Time as usual.
PLAZA—"East of Java." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.
GLOBE—"Khyber-Pass." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Dhoop-Chhaon." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Dharma-Ki-Devi." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Deccan Queen." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Gulam-Daku." Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Rose Marie." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Dharmatma." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
LAXMI—"Savitri." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

AT VILE PARLE

To-day "Students Day" will be celebrated in the evening at Chhavani Buildings, Ghodbunder Road when Sjts Gopalrao Kulkarni and Deshpande will address the students and explain the history of Jallianwalla. There will be a flag salutation to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. at Chhavani Buildings, Ghodbunder Road after which the presidential address of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will be read.

CHEAPER KHADI

The Manager of the Girgaon Khadi Shop writes:

We must do our best to popularise Khadi in every respect. There is no other way to celebrate the National Week. Now remains only three days of reduction sales of Khadi during the current National Week. We appeal to the citizens of Bombay to pay their share of Khadi purchase.

SANATAN DHARMA

Under the auspices of Shri Vile Parle Sanskrit Pathshala Swami Shrimad Kaivalyanand Saraswati of Panvel will deliver public lectures on Sanatan Dharma from Tuesday (April 14) to Monday (April 20) from 9 to 10-30 p.m. East side in Hari Har Nivas Seth Gangadas P. Parikh premises, Parleshwar Road, Tejpal Plot.

MATUNGA YOUTHS' LEAGUE

The finals of the Singles Carroms tournament of the Matunga Youths' League will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. The prizes will be distributed to-day at 6-30 p.m.

KHADI HAWKING

Under the auspices of Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee, the members of the committee and ward workers will go for Khadi Hawking in the ward to-day, (Saturday) at 8 a.m. (S. T.).

DADABHAI NAOROJI MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION

The annual meeting of the Dadabhai Naoroji Memorial Association will be held on Saturday, April 18 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the office of Dr. Venkatrao in the building of Messrs. N. Powell and Company, Lamington Road, Bombay, to transact the following business:

(1) To approve and adopt the annual report and the audited accounts of the Association. To elect office-bearers and members of the Managing Committee and to elect auditors.

SPECIAL MEETING

After the termination of the annual meeting a special meeting of the Association will be held at the same place to elect a trustee in place of late Dr. A. L. Nair, authorize the trustees to execute the Trust Deed, provide for a new class of Donors and to affix their fee of Rs. 500 in the Rules of the Association and to make the Donors eligible for being elected as Trustees and consider letters received from Miss P. N. Nariman for reversion of Rules 19 and 20 of the Association.

DEPRESSED CLASSES EDUCATION LEAGUE

A meeting of the Depressed Classes Education League will be held on Monday April 13, at Nirbheed office, above Krishna Cinema at 7 p.m. (S. T.)

The Principal, members of the staff and the students of the Princess Night School of the Depressed Classes Education League will congratulate Mr. M. N. Talpade on his election to the chairmanship of the Schools Committee), at 10 a.m. at the Princess Street M. M. Boys' School.

THE 5TH ALL-INDIA NATUROPATHIC CONFERENCE

The 5th All-India Naturopathic Conference will be held in Lucknow on April 13. A Reception Committee has already been formed with the Hon'ble Raja Sir Ram Pal Singh as Chairman and Dr. S. J. Singh as the Secretary and Treasurer.

MUSLIM LEAGUE PRESIDENT ARRIVES

Sir Saiyid Wazir Hassan, President-elect of the 24th Session of the All-India Muslim League, accompanied by his wife, arrived on Friday and was received at the railway station by the members of the Reception Committee. (From left) Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim, Miss Jinnah, Sir S. Wazir Hassan, Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah and Lady Hassan.

Muslim League Council Meeting

Approves Draft Resolutions For Annual Session

The Council of the All-India Muslim League met on Friday evening at the Islam Club, Chowpatty, Bombay, with Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Permanent President of the League, in the chair.

The Agenda for the session of the League commencing to-day (Saturday), was considered by the League and was approved. The draft resolutions of the session were considered by the Council, and it was decided that they should be placed before the Subjects Committee.

The resolutions, it is understood, refer to the formation of an election board, in view of the forthcoming elections. There is also a proposal for starting a branch of the League which would enquire into the political disabilities to which Muslim women were subject at present, and suggest means for their removal.

A resolution which occupies a prominent place on the Agenda, is with regard to the views of the All-India Muslim League on the Government of India Act, 1935.

The following among others, were present at the meeting of the Council.

Sir Syed Wazir Hussein, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim, Bart., Raja Ghazanfarali Khan, Mr. Syed Hussein Imam, Mr. Husseinbhoy A. Laljee, Sir Suleman Cassum Mitha, Mr. Mahomed Suleman Cassum Mitha, Sir Mahomed Yakub, Nawab Ahmed Yarkhan Daulatana, Nawabzada Khorshedali, Mr. Abdul Matin Choudhury, Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan, and Mr. Mahomedali Allabux.

President-Elect Of Muslim League Session Gets Enthusiastic Reception

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sir Syed Wazir Hasan, President-elect of the All-India Muslim League session which meets in Bombay on Saturday and Sunday, arrived this morning by the Calcutta Mail. He was accompanied by Lady Wazir Hasan.

Sir Syed was accorded a warm reception at the station, where Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim Bart., Chairman of the Reception Committee, Mr. Rahimtoola M. Chinoy and Mr. Mahomed Suleman Cassum Mitha were present among others.

Several Volunteer Corps with bands were in attendance and Sir Syed Wazir after exchange of greetings was garlanded. He drove to "Belvedere" Warden Road, where he and his wife will be the guests of Sir Currimbhoy.

INAUGURATION OF ST. ANTHONY

Installation of the statue of Saint Anthony and the inauguration of the Indian Co-op. Navigation and Trading Company's new steamer 'M. V. Saint Anthony' will be performed at the Ferry Wharf, Alexandra Dock at 10 a.m. (S.T.) to-day.

IN AND AROUND — BOMBAY —

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Water Supply In Khar

The great inconvenience to which the residents of Khar, the Model Suburb, are put to every summer through shortage of water supply has been an annual feature of the life over there during the past few years. It has been repeatedly brought to the notice of the Municipal authorities, but somewhere a difficulty is raised, and the whole scheme is held up. To make some temporary arrangement, pending a fuller investigation into the question of better supply, it does not require years together. Just now in Khar, there is a vicious circle, to escape from which the authorities must make a bold attempt. The roads are macadamised and are not tarred or asphalted. During the dry season, they require watering, if dust is not to be blown off them, into the decent and beautiful buildings spread all over Khar. For this watering of roads, the fresh-water pipes have to be regularly tapped between 2 p.m. and 6 p.m. every day almost, in summer. Two carts drawn by sturdy bullocks are run every day during these hours.

Water For Roads

Recently there was a hue and cry that drinking water was being wasted. It is only pertinent to ask the authorities whether they had taken into account the wastage caused by diverting this water for watering the murky roads, which could be improved. It is well-known that the municipality of Bandra wants to have drainage system introduced in Khar also. But no one can say when Khar will have a drainage system. And pending the final proposals, the municipality is reluctant to provide tarred roads in Khar, as they may have to be broken up at considerable loss, if the drainage operations are taken on hand. But in the meanwhile, they are to be kept in good condition and water in hundreds of gallons is poured over them. This water could be saved if the roads were tarred.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

Timings at Victoria Terminus (on and from 1st April, 1936):—

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar & Lucknow Express	6-15	23-00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7-30	17-50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8-15	21-45
Madras Express 10-15		13-50
Deccan Queen 10-25		17-15
Punjab Mail 10-50		18-55
Poona Mail 11-40		15-30
Nagpur Express 14-00		22-10
Poona Fast Passenger 16-50		11-50
Poona Express 19-35		8-15
Allahabad Express ..20-15		7-10

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Mail, Express and Passenger train timings in force from 1st April, 1936:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	22-20
Delhi Express	6-00	22-05
Gujarat Mail	6-45	20-25
Kathiawar Mail	7-40	21-50
Frontier Mail	8-30	21-30
—Do.—on Saturdays	8-35	.....
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-20	13-40
Kathiawar Express ..	19-00	8-45
Baroda Passenger 21-10		8-55

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

Frontier Mail (on Saturdays only for passengers for Europe at 8-50.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Yesterday the Christian population of the suburbs observed their solemn day of the year .... Good Friday.....Thoughts were turned back to an incident on the little hill at Calvary which happened nearly two thousand years ago, when between two well-known criminals was crucified an innocent man who was no other than the dignity of Jesus. This incident was observed with great ceremony and devotion and the whole Catholic population of the suburbs flocked to their churches.

But to the Christians Good Friday is no day of tragedy, because the story does not end there, but it continues with His resurrection on the third day victorious over the death, which is kept in great pomp and glory and is known as Easter.

BANDRA FANCY FETE.

To-morrow is this great day known as Easter, and is a day of merry making and jollity and the suburbs have got quite a busy programme.

Bandra is to have a Grand Fancy Fete in aid of the Band Fund, and it is going to be the best function the suburbs have ever seen.

VARIETY OF AMUSEMENTS.

Merry-go-round, Toyland, living statues, house of surprises, fairyland, masquerades and displays and several other interesting stalls of works of art and useful articles made by various schools, convents and institutions a fairy illuminated garden where refreshments will be served by charming bar-maids and three military bands in attendance. And that's not all. At 9-30 p.m. there is to be held a Fancy Dress Ball, which offers many prizes with the introduction of a novel dance known as the "Sweetheart Tag Waltz."

Two bands will be in attendance "Ken Mac's Dance Band" which is for the first time playing in the suburbs and the "Rhumba Dance Orchestra" so I can assure you it is going to be a swell affair.

OTHER FUNCTIONS.

There will also be a religious performance in Marathi by the Sodalists of St. Francis Church at Vile-Parle, the proceeds of which are to go to aid the deserving local charities, fourth annual variety drama by the Bhat Dramatic Club of Kallina, Santa Cruz and another dance at the Bandra Gymkhana pavilion which promises to be a very enjoyable affair.

WATER FAMINE IN BANDRA.

I want to draw the attention of the gentlemen concerned to a crying necessity in the Bandra Municipal area. The water famine in Khar and outlying districts like Sherly, Rajan and Pali Hill is proving a serious trouble to the residents of these places. I discussed the question with Mr. A. V. Misquitta, and he said that as regards water supply Bandra was at the mercy of Bombay. It was expected that with the tarring of roads a great deal of water would be saved, but the increase in the population has counter-balanced it.

In recent months the Board concentrated on the drainage scheme, with the result that little time and money was left for water supply.....without a plentiful supply of water the drainage scheme will not work efficiently.

THE CAPITOL
Bombay's Leading Theatre
DAILY 2 PERFORMANCES
at 6-30 and 10 p. m.
GRAND EASTER PROGRAMME
with
EASTER CONCESSIONS
POPULAR PRICES
Rs. 2-4, 1-2 and As. 9

DEVI DJA
The PAVLOVA of *The East!*
AND THE
ROYAL BALINESE DANCERS
6 Stars—30 Dancers 100 Artistes
in a
COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME including
SRIMPI (Javanese Court Dance)
MAIDEN'S DREAM (Bali Classic Dance)
CHAKAL-LELE (Alifuru's Headhunters)
GARUDA LEGONG Bali Real-to-Life
THE FALL OF BOROBUDUR (Java Classic)
NEW LOVE LYRICS OF AMBOINA etc., etc.
MORE EXOTIC! MORE MYSTIC! MORE ROMANTIC! MORE SNAPPY! MORE ALLURING!
GRANDER GREATER BETTER THAN EVER
NEW VAUDEVILLES NEW RHUMBAS NEW COMIC DUETS

Make Way *For the Cloud Burst of Laughs*
Descending on this city!
ROMANCE & RIOTOUS MERRIMENT
at
THE REGAL
The Theatre Magnificent
Air-Conditioned, Cool Comfort
2nd FUN WEEK!
DAILY 3 SHOWS
at 4, 6-30 and 10 p. m.
(to accommodate the rush!)
The Pop-eyed Comedian
EDDIE CANTOR
EDDIE CANTOR
in
United Artists'
MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA
STRIKE ME PINK
STRIKE ME PINK
11—Laughing Parts—11
Hear Eddie sing "Calabash Pipe" and "The Lady Dances." Thrill to Ethel Merman's torchy rendition of "First You Have Me High, Then You Have Me Low!" "Shake It Off With Rhythm."
Gorgeous New Crop of Goldwyn Girls!
BOOK IN ADVANCE
Plans open at the Theatre

THE EXCELSIOR
SATURDAY, SUNDAY and MONDAY
AT 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
TWO GREAT STARS TOGETHER
Katharine HEPBURN Charles BOYER

in the story of a girl tremendously in love!
BREAK OF HEARTS
With JOHN BEAL JEAN HERSHOLT
Directed by Philip Moeller. Jane Loring, associate director. A Pandro Berman production.
RKO RADIO Picture

I'm GUILTY!
"... but you and all the law can't make me a crook! You've hunted me... hounded me... said I was guilty of aiding and abetting a criminal... but all I'm guilty of...is *love!*"
Adolph Zukor presents
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in "Mary Burns, Fugitive"
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1936

CONGRESS REORGANISATION

Though the plenary session of the Congress is to commence on Sunday, the resolutions to be formally adopted by it are in most cases settled beforehand by the Subjects Committee. This fact explains the warmth and the earnestness of the deliberations of the Committee when it met on Thursday and Friday. Before we proceed to the resolutions passed by it, we feel it our duty to join our countrymen in offering a most cordial tribute of praise and gratitude to the retiring President Babu Rajendra Prasad, who handed over his charge on Thursday to the President-elect. Rajen Babu is one of the worthiest disciples of the worthiest master that India has the privilege to possess in these terribly trying times. He has been, throughout the period of his Presidentship, the hardest worked Congress worker; and his utter self-lessness, his passion for the service of his country and his kindly, winsome disposition have endeared him to millions of his fellow-countrymen. Though he is now retiring as President, he is, as he has assured the public—superfluously—ever ready for the service of the Congress and the country. It is also a source of satisfaction that he hands over charge to one in whom the country has supreme confidence.

Need For Reorganisation

Turning to the proceedings of the Subjects Committee, what is most striking therein is the strong desire among all Congress leaders to reorganize the institution so as to fit it best for the inevitable tasks it will soon be called upon to perform. Speaking in general terms, the greatest task is to organise the masses for concerted action. This naturally requires a thorough overhauling of the entire constitution of the Congress itself. The great change the constitution underwent sixteen years ago has yielded most encouraging results. It has made the Congress known and esteemed in every town and village in India. Fresh changes were made in the constitution at the last session in Bombay, calculated to make the Congress an efficient body, in addition to being a widely recognised one. It is now felt that the Congress not only needs to be efficient within itself and widely known, but should get millions of men in towns and villages to take active interest in its policies and programmes.

Need For Deliberation

This aim is appreciated by all Congress, the differences of opinion observed at the Subjects Committee being only with regard to the most effective methods of achieving it. It is nonsense to suggest, as some perturbed non-Congress critics have done, that the prospect of the Congress being directly influenced by the masses has perturbed many of its middle class workers. All Congress workers realise that the brunt of the struggle for Swaraj must be borne by the masses in one way or other and that it is but fair they should have a due hand in determining the nature of the struggle. Let it be remembered, however, that radical constitutional changes should be carefully thought out in all their necessary details before they are effected. Certain principles, like that of functional representation, which is being hotly discussed at Lucknow may be axiomatic to some but are new to numerous Congressmen and these should not be hustled. We, therefore, cordially approve of the proposal to effect immediately only the urgent and well-discussed changes in the constitution and to appoint a special committee to consider and report upon the more radical changes that have been or are likely to be suggested. Meanwhile let the existing constitution be utilised to the utmost in linking the Congress more closely with the masses.

Our Repressive Laws

Mr. Satyamurthi's was certainly a "marathon performance" in the Assembly on Thursday last, but it was not due to a desire to avoid a division. It was due rather to the vastness of the subject. The list of repressive laws—laws, that is to say, that no democratic country possesses for the maintenance of 'law and order"—is a formidable one, which fact, incidentally, constitutes the measure of the unreality of bureaucratic pretensions as regards the nature and ultimate purpose of the present administration in India. There is no exaggeration in the Indian claim that these laws, repugnant, all of them, as they are to every principle of jurisprudence, penalise, or rather outlaw liberty and freedom in every shape and form.

Mr. Satyamurthi had no difficulty in showing how they militate against all conceptions of justice and democracy and to what absurd and indefensible uses they have been put by zealous Magistrates. And he did well to drive home the point that even moderates, eminent Indian jurists, like Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Sir Abdul Rahim had recommended the repeal of many of them. Yet these laws disfigure the Statute Book and will continue to do so, thanks to "Reserved" powers. But the Bill must be pushed through the Assembly, if only because that would expose the bureaucracy and the totalitarian foundations of the Indian administration.

The Howrah Bridge Contract

Mr. Butler stated in the Commons on Thursday that, so far as he was aware, the new Howrah Bridge Contract had not been alloted. But the resolution of the Bridge Commissioners, referring to an independent authority two proposals contained in the modified design of the Indian Combine for investigation, is bound to come as a surprise to those who have been closely following developments regarding the contract. It is apparent that the Bridge Commissioners have refused to see eye to eye with the Chairman or the Official Consultants on this matter. The position, therefore, seems to have very materially changed since the Chairman astounded the country by giving his very lead that the non-official design be completely rejected and the contract for the official design be placed with Messrs. Cleveland Bridge Co. of Great Britain. So far as the second recommendation is concerned even in the Sub-Committee he could command the support only of one member, namely, the Vice-Chairman. The majority seemed to support the viewpoint unanimously put forward by the country that the contract be placed with the Indian Combine.

From the resolution it would appear that the Bridge Commissioners, before deciding as to with whom the contract should be placed, have for the present decided to explore the means of justifiable and legitimate economy. In this matter they have felt called upon to reject the recommendation of the Chairman with regard to the non-Official Design. The natural inference such a procedure would lend to is that, in case it is possible to economise expenditure from these two sources, there would be no difficulty in the way of the Bridge Commissioners placing the contract with the Indian Combine. It is now, therefore, for the Indian Combine to prove to the satisfaction of the independent authority that their proposals are technically sound and can safely be substituted for reciprocal proposals contained in the Official Design. It, of course, goes without question that the terms of reference will be so drafted as to enable a full and fair opportunity to the engineers of the Indian Combine to be heard by the independent authority in respect of these proposals. In fact the work of investigation of the authority concerned will be extremely lightened if all the material in the possession of the Indian Combine is made available to it. We have just one comment to make so far as the personnel of the investigating authority is concerned. Like Caesar's wife the person appointed should be above suspicion.

MARRIAGE REFORM

Review Of Recent Laws

(By D. G. DALVI.)

I.

In connection with the anniversary of the Special Marriage Act III of 1872 which became law on the 22nd March 1872 sixty-four years ago, it is desirable to trace the history of the legislation relating to the marriage reform upto the present times, and to indicate the lines on which it has proceeded in the past, and the directions in which it is desirable that it should proceed in future.

Sir Henry Maine drafted a bill in 1868 which was a Civil Marriage Bill for all Indians except Christians, as Lord Lawrence who was a great admirer of Keshab Chandra Sen pledged his word to give adequate relief to Bramhos who found that the Hindu religious observances at the time of marriage were opposed to their altered religious views and progressive ideas.

Special Marriage Act

The bill of 1868 was circulated for opinion but was unanimously condemned, and it was considered that the Bill should be confined to members of the Brahmo Samaj. Sir James Stephens recast the bill, and it was called the Brahmo Marriage Bill. The new bill also met with opposition from a party of the Brahmos called the Adi Samaj. A third bill was introduced by Sir James Stephens and was passed by the Legislature as Act III of 1872. The object of the Act was to provide a form of marriage for persons who did not profess any one of the eight religions in India viz., Christian, Jewish, Hindu, Mahomedan Parsi, Buddhist, Sikh or Jain religion and to legalise certain marriages, the validity of which was doubtful.

Main Features

The principal features of the Special Marriage Act III of 1872 were (1) the insistence on the principle of monogamy, (2) the requisition of the concent of the father or guardian in the event of either party not having completed the age of 21 years, (3) the necessity of the parties not being related to each other in any degree of consanguinity or affinity which would render the marriage illegal, (4) registration in substitution or addition to any religious observances at the time of marriage, (5) a declaration by the parties to the marriage of formal reunuciation of any of the eight religions prevalent in India, and (6) the application of the Indian Divorce Act to the marriages e contracted under the Act.

The insistence of the declaration amounting to the formal apostasy required by the Special Marriage Act III of 1872 was an undesirable feature in as much as many of the persons contracting marriage under Act III of 1872 lived as followers of the religions to which they belonged in spite of their formal reunuciation.

Mr. Basu's Bill

In order to obviate the necessity of making such a declaration of formal renunciation of religion by a party to the marriage which was against his conscience and opposed to his conviction, Mr. Basu's Bill to amend the Special Marriage Act was brought on the legislative anvil in the year 1911/12.

The Presidency Social Reform Association carried on a vigorous propaganda in favour of Mr. Basu's Bill, which aimed at facilitating inter-marriage between different sub-sections of the same caste and also between members of different castes.

It was urged on the other side that there were very few persons who were deterred from resorting to the form of civil marriage sanctioned by Act III of 1872 owing to scruples of conscience in connection with the requisite declaration described as a "negation of faith in all the religious systems of India," and that legislation should not be undertaken unless absolutely necessary, or unless there was a demand for it on the part of a considerable portion of the public, or unless it was necessary to put down crime or any cruel practices sanctioned by custom.

Mr. Basu's bill was eventually thrown out.

Mr. Patel's Bill

Mr. V. J. Patel introduced his bill "Hindu Marriages Validity Bill" in the yar 1918. The mover of the bill relied in favour of the bill on the following circumstances, (1) that the bill was permissive and only sought to remedy a wrong, (2) that it obviated the necessity of the declaration required by the Special Marriage Act III of 1872, (3) and that the interpretation of the law was not correct and caused hardship to individuals and retarded the progress of the country. The bill was intended to validate not only marriages be-

(Continued On Page 10—Col. 7)

UNITED FRONT

Economic Reorganisation Of India Should Come After Swaraj Is Won By The Joint Efforts Of All Classes

By K. F. NARIMAN.

II

The position in a subject-country is entirely different from other self-governing Imperialist but free countries, where the conflict is between two local and indigenous elements, the upper feudal ruling oligarchy, usually belonging to the capitalist and propertied classes, and the lower 'dispossessed' ruled masses. There this process of democratisation or republicanism, may entail, even make necessary, internal class conflicts. But for India the primary and first problem is emancipation from foreign domination, and all internal conflicts must be suspended till that main external problem is solved. That is late Deshbandhu Das's politics: "A subject-nation could have only one politics, and that is nothing short of organising and consolidating all the available resources in the country, first to throw off the foreign yoke, and secure a complete transfer of political power.

Swaraj First

That is in accordance with the common maxim of ordinary and natural human conduct, viz., to dispose of greater danger or evil first. Few dispute what Socialists maintain and urge, that the redemption for masses lies in economic salvation and that the existing society, should be reconstructed on more equitable and fair basis; these are axiomatic facts. But the only point is whether their efforts, theoretical policies and paper programmes are not premature at this stage and whether in the long run they do not retard rather than bring nearer, the objective they desire. The inevitable result of even a 'mere talk' at this juncture of class-war, expropriation and forfeiture and abolition, without the least possibility of the realisation for several years, is undoubtedly creating a scare in a very large section of powerful, influential and resourceful population, drifting them more and more away from Indian nationalism and towards foreign Imperialism with the result that our cause suffers. It is, I hope, common ground and admitted, that these ambitious Socialist plans and programmes could only be given effect to after complete transfer of political power to the people of this country. Why then give a longer lease to that very obstructing factor, and thus protract the agony of the people, for merely giving the pleasure and satisfaction to some, to indulge in brave and bombastic talk?

No Schisms Now

All over the world complete transfer of political power, has always had precedence over plans and schemes for future re-construction of society. But all political parties, particularly under foreign domination, have been faced with the problem, that faces India to-day, whether such radical reconstruction and revolutionary economic programme should come 'after' the transfer of political power or before. During transition period, when the country is engaged in a struggle against foreign domination, and fighting for its political emancipation efforts are made more to consolidate and unify all internal forces, with a progressive and radical labour and peasants programme, that would afford relief and ameliorate their position and bring about mass awakening and rouse their political and economic conscience, without causing any actual conflict or open breach between different classes or sections of society.

Lesson From Other Countries

In China, the radical, economic programme and overhauling and reconstructing of old society, as chalked out in the last political will and testament of Sun-Yet Sen was first announced and inaugurated years after the establishment of Republic. Before that masses were being educated, fully to appreciate the political significance of the struggle, so as to awaken the mass-consciousness. At the same time endeavours were made to enrol the sympathy and secure co-operation of all interests, including Feudal Chiefs Noblemen and Provincial War Lords, to overthrow the hated Manchu Dynasty, that was a tool in the hands of foreign Imperialists.

In Ireland, to-day De Valera and Cosgrave O'Duffy and their respective followers are at logger heads and acute division exists on economic, agricultural policies, but before the establishment of Free State, all political classes, Republicans, Sein-Feinners, Gallic League and even some remnants of Feudalism, and parliamentarians—all representing fundamentally different political and economic mentalities, were grouped, for the time being, in common camp, fighting as comrades, against those whom all considered common opponents, for complete transfer of political power.

(To Be Continued.)

Frankly Speaking

RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

While the League of Nations is busy pretending to tackle the crisis in the European 'danger zone,' trouble in the Eastern zone is growing more acute. Recently, there has been another echo, so to speak, from the Japanese side of the Manchukuan-Mongolian clash on March 31. A Japanese Army communique supplies the details with a view to showing "the magnitude of the clash." According to it, the clash was a regular invasion by the Sovietised Mongolian devils "with 13 armoured cars, 12 aeroplanes, 300 cavalry and supported by a motorised light artillery with chemical warfare equipment." Those who have followed the history of the trials of poor Japan in China and the progressive provocations that were offered to the former and compelled her to take serious protective measures against China, can have very little doubt as to what the Army communique means. But quite seriously we wish Japan would not precipitate a war. Russia is not China.

"HINDENBURG"

The French Air Ministry has done well in authorizing the German air ship "Hindenburg" to traverse France. The air-ship, according to wireless messages received from her Captain, was in considerable atmospheric difficulties and taking the longer route would have involved a risk to her safety. In these circumstances the French authorities did the only human thing possible by reversing their previous decision not to allow "Hindenburg" to fly over their country. In such matters, after all, it is only human that petty considerations of national prestige should be waived aside.

THE PITY OF IT

In his presidential address at the Bengal Muslim Conference Khwaja Habibullah, the Nawab of Dacca, had to say some things about education that were commendable. He rightly emphasized the value of universal compulsory primary education and demanded that the State should shoulder the responsibility for it. But we cannot understand why even such matters as the spread of literacy and primary education should be treated as communal problems. But communalism has so completely possessed the minds of people like the Nawab of Dacca that they cannot think save in terms of communal separatism. It is a pity that they do not realise the harmful futility of it.

A STRANGE BAN

Considerable surprise will be caused by the reported message of the President of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh to the President of the Kerala Harijan Sevak Sangh advising him to stop protesting against the Travancore Government's prohibition order against temple entry, and sending jathas and organising processions. While one may grant that positive action may be inadvisable in the present circumstances, it is difficult to understand the reasons why even verbal protest should be disallowed in this manner by the Harijan headquarters. Temple entry is one of the most important issues awaiting solution, and it, indeed, is the acid test of the caste Hindus' change of mentality. The Harijans will never feel a sense of equality with the other Hindus unless they are allowed free access to the temples. It is, therefore, absolutely necessary and desirable that efforts should be made to rouse public opinion in this matter. The Travancore Government's order is naturally raising a storm of indignation, and we feel that the provincial branch of the Harijan Sevak Sangh was doing its simple duty by organising public protest. We, therefore, fail to understand the propriety of Mr. Birla's ban, particularly because it is not coupled, so far as we know, with constructive suggestions as to what is to be done to win the Harijan's right to temple entry.

INSPIRING RECORD

It is, indeed, an inspiring record of work, which is revealed in the third annual report of the Harijan Sevak Sangh. The task awaiting the Sangh is truly colossal; it is a veritable cleaning of the Augean Stables. But the Sangh, under the guidance of Mahatmaji, has set about it with devotion and determination, and their achievement during the brief period of three years while meritorious in itself, gives great hope for the future. For every year they are extending their scope of work in various ways. The Sangh is helping Harijan students by starting new schools and by giving them scholarships for higher and vocational education. They have started a tannery in Calcutta for training Harijan youths in chrome and bark tanning with a view to starting provincial tanneries on a cottage industry basis. The problem of sinking wells for the Harijans is also engaging the attention of the Sangh. All this naturally entails heavy expenditure, and during the last year the total sums spent rose from nearly two lacs the previous year to more than three lacs and thirty-seven thousands rupees this year. It is, therefore, up to the public to help the Sangh by giving generous donations.

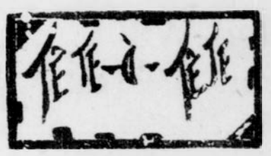
A. G. I. P. Rly. Grievance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The fact of the most inconvenient timings of the Challisgaon-Dhulia Railway has been time and again brought to the notice of the authorities. A public representation was made which was very strongly supported by the then Collector and District Magistrate. As a result some change was made but it appears it was only an eyewash, for though the train began to arrive at 7-45 a.m. instead of 9-30, the time was soon extended by half an hour. The time is now proposed to be extended by yet half an hour with effect from 1-4-1936.

Dhulia is a big business centre and has its traffic chiefly with Bombay. Not only passengers from Bombay are greatly inconvenienced on account of the late timings of this train but the post which is distributed once in a day only, a is thereby considerably delayed. Even newspapers do not become available before 9-30 A.M. It is hoped that the postal authorities will enter an emphatic protest against the proposed change or else to get the Post by bus direct from Manmad. May we hope that our wail will not, as regards the G.I.P. Railway also, prove to be only.....

"A CRY IN THE WILDERNESS."



ANOTHER DICTATOR ON THE MOVE?

—Headline.

Yes. On April 17.

* * * *

Quoting the preamble of a section in Regulation 18, 1818, Mr. Satyamurti asked, in the Assembly, foreign relations with which country would be endangered if persons detained under it were set free.

One answer is Bureaucratia.

* * * *

The All-India Muslim League is meeting to-day (Saturday). This phenomenon provokes profound reflections;

Much water (oh, so very much) has flown under the bridges since the League met in Bombay in 1915, or thereabouts; and it is—still where it was.

That's all for the time being. Thanks.

* * * *

Lucknow has been continually visited with severe dust storm during the last few days.

But, unfortunately, anti-Congress propagandists have failed so far to notice the divine significance of the phenomenon.

* * * *

We are delighted to learn from Bori Bunder that "No-one who believes in democratic institutions will readily countenance the imprisonment of men without trial; that practice is more in keeping with the totalitarian States which have grown up in Europe."

We congratulate our contemporary.

* * * *

But let us clear a possible misunderstanding. The statement does not apply to Mr. Subhas Bose. On the contrary, Bori Bunder justifies it on the ground that the Government "have found it necessary to restrain" him, that they are "apparently (!!!!!) convinced that Mr. Bose's connection with the terrorist movement in Bengal renders his detention essential."

What difference there is between this democratic reasoning and totalitarian logic is not apparent to us.

But while much should be forgiven Anglo-India, we do suggest that it should have spared itself to purely Easter reflections on Good Friday.

* * * *

"SPIRIT VOICE" SAYS "REARM"
Claim At Seance

—"Daily Mail" headlines.

The new bogey!

* * * *

But isn't it pathetic that after trying in succession stunts like "Our Riga Correspondent" and the "Zinovieff letter," the British press should be reduced to invoking the aid of ghosts? At least Rothermere should be capable of something more clever.

* * * *

"Lord Willingdon, in his reply (to the New Delhi Municipality's address) expressed appreciation of the efficiency of the City's administration. He also paid a tribute to His Excellency's part in the promotion of the City's well-being."

—"Times of India."

Self-praise is, of course, an acknowledged Viceregal prerogative, but this is rather overdoing it.

* * * *

The "Pioneer" congratulates the Publicity Department of the Lucknow Congress "on the bright idea of installing loud-speakers."

Are they loud enough to be heard in the "Pioneer" Office?

* * * *

"For six days a week," says an American writer, "the Englishmen worship at the Bank of England and on the seventh day at the Church of England."

Commenting on this an English critic says "It is no longer true."

And we have no reason to doubt the repudiation.

* * * *

WITHOUT COMMENT

"The Foreign Secretary, Sir Edward Grey. ..... will go down in history as a man who was the foremost in keeping the bond of this country when he thought that the interests of the country required it."

—Sir Arnold Wilson, M.P., in the House of Commons.

* * * *

The blood-and-thunder thriller writer was dictating to his secretary.

"He crept stealthily across the shop-floor and paused. Resting one hand on the counter, he listened intently. All was as still as the grave; you could have heard a cough-drop."

His secretary hesitated. "Is that right?" she asked. "Don't you mean 'heard a pin drop'?"

"No; write 'cough-drop'," replied the author; "this burglary is in a chemist's shop."

Who Will Captain England Against India

M. C. C. "Elders" May Invite G. O. Allen, Middlesex Fast Bowler.

(From Our Sports Correspondent.)

LONDON, April 1.

(By Air Mail).

The Yorkshire cricket team, unbeaten during their recent two-months tour of Jamaica, arrived in England on Monday last. Mr. P. A. Gibo the young Cambridge player who captained the side owing to the inability of Mr. A. B. Sellers to make the trip, played in every match. He told me that they had three stern matches with full-strength Jamaica sides which had not been defeated by any touring team for ten years, yet Yorkshire remained undefeated.

George Hirst, who accompanied the team, said the play was right up to Yorkshire's standard. He spoke highly of Wood's wicket-keeping and Verity's batting and bowling. Verity made the first 100 of his career. According to Verity himself the matches against Jamaica were played on three of the finest wickets one could wish for anywhere. He found out that in Jamaica "they are terribly enthusiastic about cricket."

ENGLAND'S SKIPPER.

There is another month to go before the opening of the cricket season. Nevertheless speculation has already been begun as to who will captain England this summer against the Indians and next Winter on the tour of Australia. Generally, it is believed that the M. C. C. Elders at Lords will invite Mr. G. O. Allen, the Middlesex fast bowler and fine bat, to discharge this responsible position. I find that there is no suggestion that Mr. R. E. S. Wyatt should be asked to lead England this year. Of course, it all depends on Allen's form and fitness being found satisfactory after the season had opened. It is also too early to decide who should captain England in Australia as such a decision will not be necessary until June. But the other captaincy will have to be announced earlier as the first test match against the Indians is to take place at Lord's on June 27. And I am told that until he plays cricket again Allen will be unable to satisfy himself and the selectors that the leg which troubled him last season will stand up to the strain of fast bowling. For this reason he is to start soon getting fit by indoor practice.

AUSTRALIA V. EMPIRE!

And here is a suggestion from Melbourne. In view of Australia having defeated England and South Africa in the last series of Tests, Mr. M. A. Noble, the former Australian captain, suggests that a match between Australia and the Rest of the Empire should be played in 1938 as part of the State celebrations in Sydney. I understand that the proposal has been referred to the Australian Board of Control. But Dr. R. L. Morton, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Victorian Cricket Association is opposed to the proposal. He thinks that anything of this sort should emanate from the Marylebone Cricket Club. Though the Australian Test team has beaten all-comers, he believes that it is going too far to suggest that Australia should challenge the Empire.

BAN ON "RANJI" RECALLED.

I shall dispose of cricket topic by retailing to you a gossip given by a correspondent in the evening press. Referring to the Bombay Yacht Club's ban on Ranjitsinhji he recalls the occasion of the late Ranji appearing for the first time in an inter-college match at Cambridge. The captain of Trinity considered it a necessary precaution to ask for permission before playing this young Indian prince, who was, he believed, a promising bat. The man who gave the necessary permission was J. J. Robinson, subsequently a double Blue and a Rugger international. Robinson is responsible for many stories of cricketers of days gone by. He was immensely proud of having once clean-bowled the great W. G. himself.

BATTLE OVER OFFICE QUESTION COMMENCES

(Continued from Page 1.)

proportional representation should be abolished. This move on the part of the Congress Working Committee on whose behalf D. Pattabhi had come forward to move the amendment appeared to the Speaker to be in the nature of an externment order against the Minority Party in the Congress. It smacked very much like the attempt on the part of the bureaucratic Government in this country to shut out progressive ideas in any shape or form.

ONLY PARTY OF SLAVES.

Dr. Khan Sahib, M.L.A., said that Mrs. Kamaladevi, was wrong in thinking that there were three sections in the Congress, namely, the Gandhian section Pro-Council Section and the Socialist Section. On the contrary there was only one Party. It was the party of slaves. Where was the question of majority or minority. Even one man was a majority if he worked among the people.

Mr. Annapurniah, the Andhra delegate, supported the retention of proportional representation.

NO CONSPIRACY.

Mr. Nariman could not understand how there could be the impression that the Working Committee had conspired to drive out the Socialists. It was entirely wrong.

Mr. Govind Das supported the Socialist proposal for retention of proportional representation.

PATTABHI'S DEFENCE.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya warmly defending the official motion said that although proportional representation was unexceptionable in itself, it had worked in the wrong way. There is an overwhelming record of evidence with the Congress Headquarters against its retention.

Regarding the charge brought by Mrs. Kamaladevi and others he said: "This is wrong. I am myself on the verge of becoming a socialist (hear, hear), though yesterday's debate on habitual wearing of khaddar makes me shrink from being one immediately.

As the oldest member of the A. I. C. C., I desire to say that the Socialists are welcome in any number and we shall be false to ourselves and the Congress if we attempt to shut out anyone as feared by some. (Cheers).

JAWAHAR'S SUPPORT.

Pandit Jawaharlal before putting the motion to vote, spoke with a view to protect the minorities. (Hear, hear). Though the issue before the House was small, a great principle was involved. Unless the minority was to be forced to revolt, representation of the minority by means of proportional representation must be safeguarded. There was, however, no truth in the allegation that the proposed alteration by the Congress Executive was aimed at the exclusion of Socialists. But if the group concerned took it in that light, then it was upto them to give no cause for such a feeling. They should remember that the principle of proportional representation had been in the Constitution for fifteen years.

SOCIALIST CAN'T BE REPRESSED

He was a greater Socialist than, perhaps, the others and did not think that anything which the Government or the Congress could do would repress a Socialist. He suggested that the system of proportional representation be maintained for the reason that the minority felt that such a protection was necessary.

The House divided by show of hands and the President declared 34 for deletion and 32 against it.

Poll was demanded and Pandit Jawaharlal this time declared 37 for deletion of proportional representation and 32 against it.

Mr. Viswanathan (Andhra) wondered how there could be a total of 69 as he was told that only 66 were present.

Acharya Kripalani informed that the number was very much greater to-day and was reinforced by the presence of four or five Bengal delegates.

LOBBY INDICATION

Thus the Working Committee's resolutioin for deletion of proportional representation was carried despite Pandit Jawaharlal's support to the Socialist Party amendment for its retention. This is considered in lobby circles as indicative of the way voting might be recorded on the question of acceptance or non-acceptance of Offices.

OTHER AMENDMENTS

After the interest created in the debate on account of Pandit Jawaharlal's support to the Socialist amendment to retain proportional representation, the Committee got through the remaining clauses of the constitution in a short time and passed all the amendments suggested by the Working Committee without any alteration though the Socialists and a few other independent members made some efforts to get certain amendments. While taking vote on one of the amendments the President asked how two hands appeared from the side of Mr. Samoamurty.

A Voice: Mr. Sambamurty is a duplicate person. (Laughter).

President: I am wondering whether Mr. Sambamurty is exercising some kind of multiple voting. (Laughter).

Dr. Pattabhi moved the amendment regarding the appointment of the Treasurer that in future the Treasurer need not be a member of the A. I. C. C., but may be from among the delegates.

A member remarked that a delegate may not be a good politician.

The President: A politician need not necessarily be a good treasurer. (Laughter).

The Committee then adopted the amendment.

P. C. C. ELECTIONS.

The Committee also decided to complete elections to Provincial Congress Committees before June 13, so as to get new P. C. C.'s expanded according to the new Constitution.

Babu Rajendra Prasad's amendment that in no case shall urban representation in Congress delegates exceed 25 per cent and the rural representation 75 per cent was accepted.

After a short discussion regarding the procedure by which additional members of the Provincial Congress Committees and A. I. C. C. according to the new rules may be elected, the Committee adjourned for tea.

On resumption the Committee will take up consideration of the Working Committee's resolution on the office-acceptance.

CONGRESS SUPPORT TO ABYSSINIA

On the Subjects Committee reassembling after the tea recess Mr. K. F. Nariman moved the following resolution relating to the attitude of the Congress towards the Italo-Ethiopian war:—

"The Congress expresses the sympathy of the Indian Nation for the Ethiopian people who are heroically defending their country against imperialist aggression and considers the Abyssinians' fight as a part of the fight of all exploited nations for freedom."

To this resolution Mr. Achhyut Patwardhan (Congress Socialist) moved the following rider:—

"The Congress condemns the great Powers and the League of Nations for their policy in the Italo-Abyssinian fight."

The original resolution of Mr. Nariman, as aamended by Mr Patwardhan, was put to vote and declared unanimously carried.

NO TRUCK WITH "REFORMS"

After this Babu Rajendra Prasad moved the comprehensive resolution adopted by the Working Committee at its last Allahabad sitting on the Government of India Act, 1935:

"Whereas the Government of India Act of 1935, which is based on the White Paper and the Joint Parliamentary Committee's Report and, which is in many respects even worse than the proposals contained in them, in no way represents the will of the Nation, is designed to facilitate and perpetuate the domination and exploitation of the people of India and is imposed on the country to the accompaniment of wide-spread repression and suppression of civil liberties, the Congress reiterates its rejection of the new Constitution in its entirety."

DEMAND FOR CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY.

"The Congress as representing the Will of the Indian people for national freedom and a Democratic State declares that no Constitution imposed by outside authorities and no Constitution which curtails the sovereignty of the people of India and does not recognise their rights to shape and control fully their political and economic future, can be accepted. In the opinon of the Congress such a Constitution must be based on the Independence of India as a Nation and it can only be framed by a Constituent Assembly elected on adult franchise or a franchise which approximates to it as nearly as possible. The Congress, therefore, reiterates and stresses the demand for a Constituent Assembly in the name of the Indian people and calls upon its representatives and members in the Legislatures and outside to work for the fulfilment of this demand."

RAJEN BABU'S SPEECH

Babu Rajendra Prasad who spoke in Hindi explained that the first part of the resolution stated that the Constitution had been imposed on the country and that consultation with Indians was of form which was no consultation at all. Having rejected the Constitution in its entirely, they must provide an alternative machinery which was the proposal regarding the Constituent Assembly. As regards entry into Legislatures, his talks with Congress people showed that there were very few people who favoured giving up Councils, though there was a difference of opinion as to how the Council programme should be arranged to achieve their purpose. But there was no difference of opinion regarding the desirability of capturing Legislatures.

SLIPPERY PATH

He admitted the path was slippery and some men might fail them; but that lay in selecting the men whom they trusted and who as far as it was humanly possible to judge, would not let them down. That could be secured by the Congress pledge and terms of the Election Manifesto. The Parliamentary Board had functioned hitherto only for selecting candidates for election and it was considered desirable to get this work into the hands of the Working Committee who could set up any Boards to assist it for the purpose The controversy thus really centred round the last clause of the resolution.

QUESTION OF OFFICES

"We do not know as yet as to when the election will take place. We cannot even say whether this Constitution will be introduced and if so, when. It is also possible that between now and then the Congress may have another session. Considering all that, we thought it is not necessary to form an opinion either in favour or against acceptance of office. This is a matter which should be disposed of only when the occasion arises after considering the conditions of the country and what method will help us to attain our objective. We do not agree that there is a question of conscience. If circumstances so require we may have to take office. We thought it was not wise to decide the matter prematurely and then if the circumstances changed to regret the previous decision. Our resolution keeps the door open for both sides evenly. There is as much chance for acceptance as for non-acceptance of office. The reason why we did not use strong language was that we did not wish words to indicate that we lean on either side. I hope you will approve of our decision". (Applause).

MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE

Mr. Sampurnanand (U. P.) moved the Socialist Party amendment that "the only course open to the Congress is to take all possible steps to make the working of the new Constitution impossible." He said that the Constituent Assembly was possible only when the power was won from the British Government. But that was far off. He frankly stated that the Socialist Party wanted to tie the hands of Congressmen entering the Legislature that they should wreck the Constitution. He appealed to Pandit Jawharlal to express his views on the subject. (Applause).

BAN OFFICES

Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya moved another Socialist Party amendment as follows: "With a view to giving effect to the Congress policy of rejection of the Constitution and resistance to its functioning so as to avoid a demoralising situation, this Congress resolves that Congressmen, even when in majority in provincial legislatures, should not accept ministerial offices and should endeavour to bring the operation of the Constitution to a standstill.

"In the provinces this may not be possible, the Congress Party should use the floor of the Legislatures for obstructing and exposing all anti-national measures and as platform for furthering the struggles for freedom and voicing the demands of the masses."

POLICY OF SURRENDER

She declared that the Constitution was framed within the framework of Imperialism and gave no power to the masses. It would be surrender of India's right if they co-operated with such a Constitution. Such a Constitution should not be given any importance.

Pt. MALAVIYA FOR CONGRESS SESSION

LUCKNOW, April 10.

Pandit Malaviya arrives here tomorrow for the Congress session

Dr. Profulla Chandra Ghose, a member of the A.I.C.C. from Bengal is laid up with an attack of colic and has been removed to the hospital.—A. P.

CONGRESS CABINET TO STICK TO ITS DECISION

To Vote 'En Bloc' In Support Of Official Resolution On "Offices"

(CONGRESS CAMP.)

LUCKNOW, April 10

The Working Committee which resumed sitting this morning adjourned at 11-30 a.m.

It is understood that the Committee considered non-official resolutions given notice of for consideration at the Subjects Committee. The Committee is reported to have come to the conclusion that most of these resolutions have been covered by official resolutions adopted by the Working Committee already. It was, however, decided to allow some of the resolutions to be moved at the Subjects Committee meeting by way of amendment to official resolution. With reference to Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar's resolution banning acceptance of offices under the new Constitution, the Working Committee is understood to have decided to stick to their original decision and laid it down that the Members of the Working Committee would vote 'en bloc' in support of the official resolution.

Other topics considered at the morning sitting of the Working Committee were:

(1) Question of relation between Congress and States' People.

(2) Attitude which the Working Committee should adopt towards the economic programme which the Congress Socialists group propose to bring before the Subjects Committee, and

(3) Position of Burma Provincial Congress Committee in relation to Indian National Congress in view of the separation of Burma from India under the new Reforms.

With regard to the first issue, the Committee is reported to have empowered Pandit Jawaharlal to place a revised draft embodying the views of the Congress at to-morrow's sitting of the Working Committee.

With regard to the second issue, Babu Purshottamdas Tandon was asked to submit a draft for consideration by Committee to-morrow.

So far as the third issue was concerned, it was decided to continue the same relations between Burma and Indian National Congress in spite of the separation of Burma from India under the new Reforms.—United Press Special.

AWARD ISSUE IN WORKING COMMITTEE

(Congress Camp).

LUCKNOW, April 10

The Congress Working Committee met again this morning at 8 a.m. in Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's Camp.

It is understood that the question of revising the Congress attitude towards the Communal Award was pressed on the Working Committee by Mr. Surendra Mohan Moitra, who was anxious to avoid what he described as "unseemly" squabbles between two groups of Congressmen at the next general elections over this issue.

It is understood the Working Committee, after considering this matter in all its bearings, eventually opined that it was not necessary to come to a final decision on it immediately.—United Press.

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL POLICY

To Be Held This Year At Prague In October

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

The Second International Conference on Social Policy will be held at Prague from 1st to 4th October.

This Conference is being held under the auspices of the International Association for Social Progress formed by the fusion of three older organisations—the International Association for Labour Legislation, the Association for the Prevention of Unemployment, and the Permanent Committee on Social Insurance. The objects of the new body are scientific research, preparation of public opinion for social reform, and propaganda for ratification and enforcement of International Labour Conventions and more generally for the improvement of the position of the workers. It works as a valuable auxiliary to the I. L. O in the matter of putting forward and promoting new ideas of social progress and securing moral support for them by vigorous propaganda. The conferences organised by it serve, in particular, to bring together jurists, economists, and men of science or practical experience who cannot be included in the Government group or among the workers' and employers' representatives at the sessions of the I. L. Conference and to mobilise their support for the furtherance of well-planned schemes of social policy.

AGENDA.

The first International Conference on Social Policy was held at Prague in 1924; and the second Conference is being summoned at the invitation of the Czechoslovak Government and of the Czechoslovak associations interested in social problems. Since the First Conference of 1924 many developments have taken place in the economic and social structure of the world with the result that workers in the social field have now to consider the social, economic, financial and political aspects of the problem as a whole and devise suitable programmes.

The questions on the agenda of the Conference this year will, therefore, include

(1) the control of credit in the interests of the community; and

(2) the organisations of workers and employers in relation to freedom of association.

The Presidents of the Organising committee are: Monsieur Justin Godard, ex-Minister of France, and President of the International Association for Social Progress; Mr. Harold Butler, Director of the International Labour Office; and Mr. H. Schonbaum, President of the Social Institute of the Czechoslovak Republic.

Intending Indian delegates are requested to put themselves in touch with the Director, International Labour Office (Indian Branch,) New Delhi.

STOP PRESS

GORDON ON LEAVE.

NAGPUR, April 9.

A communique states that the Hon. E. Gordon, the Revenue and Finance Member of the Executive Council of the Central Provinces, will resign his office and proceed on leave with effect from April 23.

It is understood that Mr. G. P. Burton, Commissioner Jubbulpore, Division, will be appointed temporary member of the Executive Council in the vacancy.—A. P.

"HINDENBURG" ENGINE BREAKS DOWN

Giant Zeppelin Yet Hopes Reach Home Safely

BERLIN: April 9.

Owing to engine trouble the 'plane "Hindenburg" is taking the shortest route home, flying across the Mediterranean, instead of the Bay of Biscay, and is expected at Friedrichshafen on Friday.

The trouble is described as slight.

It appears that one engine has broken down. An official in the Zeppelin company stated that zeppelins can easily fly across the South Atlantic with one engine not running.

The French Air Ministry in response to the "Hindenburg's" urgent message has given authorisation to traverse over France.

A cable from Marseilles states:—

The "Hindenburg" is now over Gibraltar battling against a violent wind.—Reuter.

LATER:

Captain Schiller was informed at Friedrichshafen that "The Hindenburg" would take advantage of the permission granted her to fly over France. He stated that the airship was continuing her voyage at a satisfactory speed.—Reuter.

TWO ENGINES OUT OF ACTION

PARIS, April 10.

A message from "Hindenburg" picked up at 08-00 hours gave its position as 70 miles South-East of Barcelona.

The Commander reported that two out of the four engines are out of action. The ship was fighting a strong head wind. The airship is experiencing difficulty in reaching an altitude of over 9,000 feet. Therefore she is following the valley of the Rhone instead of flying direct across the Alps.

"Hindenburg has thus covered about 600 miles since passing over Malaga at an average speed of 55 miles per hour.

MARSEILLES: "Hindenburg" flew over Cape Creuse North-East of Barcelona at 98-55 hours.

LATEST ABOUT HINDENBURG

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 10.

Reuter's Correspondent on board the "Hindenburg" said that the forward port engine was dismantled on Wednesday evening owing to persistent trouble. When off the French Coast the "Hindenburg" was met at sea by a French flying boat which repeatedly circled round and found that the engine trouble was authentic and as the propellor was still stuck, the flying boat returned to the shore. The seaplane investigated for a short time and then an aeroplane from Nimes arrived.

The French insisted that a particular course must be taken, not deviating by ten kilometers on either side of the Rhone.

The airship passed over Basle at a height of 5,000 feet and is expected at Friedrichshafen at 7 p.m

SAFE ARRIVAL

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, April 10.

"Hindenburg" arrived safely at 5-30 p.m. G.M.T. —Reuter.

DROUGHT IN TRIPOLI

TRIPOLI: April 9.

Parching desert winds have caused the worst drought and heat-wave in Tripolitania ever seen for past 55 years. The temperature is 110 deg. Fahrenheit.

Owing to the drying of pasturelands, the Governor, Marshal Balbo, has ordered the transfer of cattle and sheep to the adjacent colony of Cyrenaica.

Every available ship is being hired, including ships on regular service to Italy. A hundred thousand cattle have already been shipped, and another 100,000 are awaiting shipment.

Dust storms are making visibility as bad as a London fog, causing suspension of air lines. Even ships at sea are finding difficulty in navigating.—Reuter.

JAPAN'S MILITARY ESTIMATES

TOKIO: April 9.

Nearly half of the Japan's £1,35,000,000 Budget for 1936-37 has been allotted to fighting services, the naval expenditure being estimated at about £32,000,000 and military expenditure at about £30,000,000.—Reuter.

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And You'll Jump Out of Bed Feeling You Could Push a Bus Over

The liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

Salts, fizzy drinks, palatable laxatives and harsh purgatives are makeshifts. A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes the famous, sure acting Carter's Little Liver Pills to get those two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills. Look for the name Carter's on the red package.

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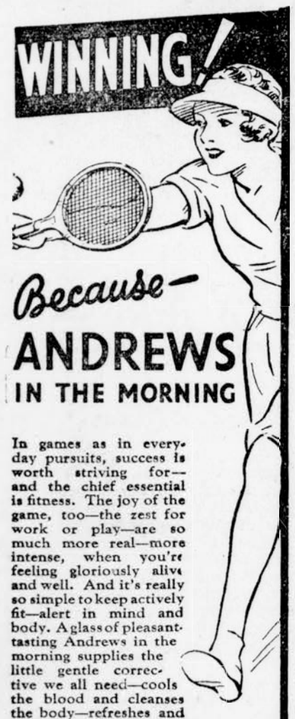

Because—

ANDREWS IN THE MORNING

In games as in everyday pursuits, success is worth striving for—and the chief essential is fitness. The joy of the game, too—the zest for work or play—are so much more real—more intense, when you're feeling gloriously alive and well. And it's really so simple to keep actively fit—alert in mind and body. A glass of pleasant-tasting Andrews in the morning supplies the little gentle corrective we all need—cools the blood and cleanses the body—refreshes and invigorates—tones up the whole system. Try for yourself this pleasant and effective way of keeping fit.

KEEPS HER FIT

THE SALINE WITH THE LARGEST SALE

588

Andrews

Effervescing Cooling Refreshing

In The Assembly Chamber

Viceroy's Address To Joint Legislature

(By K. T. SHAH.)

The farewell address of the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Willingdon, on Wednesday, was a mixture of petty recriminations and high falutin cant which deceived none who heard it delivered; and much less can it impose upon those who read it in cold print. Lord Willingdon is an aged man, to whom years and experience have not brought the wisdom of the seer or the 'savoire faire' of the statesman. For otherwise it is impossible to explain the kick he levelled at the Congress Party in the Assembly for their "calculated discourtesy" to the representative of His Britannic Majesty. What that discourtesy consisted in Lord Willingdon wisely forbore to mention.

A Mere Usage.

True, after one or two slavish imitations of an uncalled for usage,—and it is no better than mere usage,—when the Congress Party were new in the Assembly, the latter have omitted to stand when the Governor-General's message, announcing some indefensible exercise of extraordinary powers has been read out in the House. Since the Simla session, they have also refrained from being present where meaningless ceremonial and hollow professions for goodwill towards India are the order of the day. But that could not entitle Lord Willingdon, of all people, to make a personal grievance on the score of "discourtesy."

His Own Record.

What is his own record in such matters? Hasn't he repeatedly and unreasonably turned down the request of several prominent citizens of India for an interview to Mahatma Gandhi, the chosen representative of the people, whom his predecessor in office had acknowledged as such, and with whom Lord Irwin had dealt as such? Surely, if Lord Willingdon could trample under foot such demands of the people,—which may well be regarded as the rights of the governed vis-a-vis the governors, under the time-honoured traditions of the East,—he could have no right nor title to complain of "discourtesy" because Congress members refused to stand up each time a fresh invasion of their civic rights was announced, or every time the violator of these rights visited their Assembly. They broke only a usage which centuries had not ripened nor willing consent of the people sanctified.

Good In Parts.

The rest of his harangue was a repetition of his threadbare theme of the Willingdon achievement, to which the toadies and the flunkeys could have no objection,—except that now the Willingdon Star is a setting one. The retiring Governor-General believes that he has steered India through the double menace of Terrrorism and Civil Disobedience on the one hand; and, on the other, of Economic Depression, towards the peaceful haven of constitutional agitation, and financial surplus. In these days of mechanised administration, one wonders what Lord Willingdon personally could have to do with any improvement that may have resulted. The fact that he has reiterated the favourite philosophy of his present Finance Minister, and sounded a note of warning against too rapid an industrialisation of India; the remarks about adjusting "supply" in the matter of more highly educated and technically trained Indians, as a means to solve the growing problem of educated unemployment; and the vision he has laid out of the new Constitution, make one question if Lord Willingdon has understood the real needs of India. His apologia for "Repression" is parrot-like and unconvincing; his pretensions to have ever watched for the good of India fall flat and futile: his claim to have served the best interests of his Sovereign, of India and of the British Empire is, like the Curate's egg, good only in parts.

A Command Performance.

But while the swan-song of the departing satrap was a mockery of Indian aspirations for independent national life, the mention of work done by his Government, and by such stalwarts thereof as Sir James Grigg, must have drawn tears of vexation to every one not imposed upon by this anachronism of a Viceregal address to the two chambers of "Our" Legislature. Sir James must surely have patted himself on the back when the warning was sounded from such exalted quarters against any hope of solving India's problems by rapid industrialisation; and though Sir Nripen was not in his place in the Assembly when these valedictory effusions were being poured out, it may be taken for granted that the unnamed, but the presiding, deity, all the same, of repressive measures must have been that sturdy champion of "Law and Order," whom His Excellency so freely lauded. It was an irony of fate that Sir Frank Noyce, probably the most popular of the European members of this Government, who came in for no "Honourable mention"; and whose work might even be said to have come in for some implied, if unwarranted, censure in the Address, was the one man who called for cheers for the setting star. The Viceregal Address was, it may be added, nicely punctuated by well-staged cheers. But the final cheering sounded both artificial and half-hearted as all command performances are apt to be.

Disastrous Regime.

This was one of the darkest and most disastrous regimes in recent Indian history.

Lord Willingdon has indulged in the easy trade of a prophet, which, however, it is impossible for the present scribe to imitate. But even if prophecy be banner, hope cannot be altogether denied that India has seen the last of such exalted agents that Britain periodically unloads upon this helpless land. The harm these specimens of the British aristocracy bring upon India lies, not merely in the personal propensities of the individual holding an office. The greater and deeper harm lies in the insensible relaxation of the grip from the ultimate superior, the invisible deterioration in standards of public propriety and rectitude, which cannot be proved in a court of law, but which are daily manifest in the style of speech affected by exalted officials; and which vitally affect the morale of a whole administration and the destinies of a whole nation.

BOMB PROOF AERODROME

Germany Prepares Against Land, Air And Sea Attacks

BRUSSELS, (By Air Mail.)

Amazing details of the latest designs of German military planes are revealed in a sensational article in the "La Flandra Liberale", a Ghent newspaper by the well-known Belgian journalist, M. Roger Crouquet.

According to Crouquet, the small island of Sylt on the extra northern German-Danish Frontier has been transformed into the most powerfully fortified naval base with a hydro-plane station, from which sea-attacks by hydro-planes could be carried on the coasts of Britain. This island is equipped with an underground aerodrome with an accommodation of several hundred planes. This aerodrome is absolutely bomb-proof and specially protected against every possible kind of attack from land, sea or air.

One of the latest kinds of 'planes which Germany is turning out in large numbers is equipped with the new Siemens automatic piloting equipment. The latter enables a plane to set out for a pre-arranged spot, flying at the required height and for the required distance without any assistance from the pilot.—United Press."

ALL FOREIGN MARKETS CLOSED

Bombay, April 10

All foreign markets were closed today.

SILVER FIRM

Bombay, April 10

Silver Chaitra was quoted at Rs. 51 in the local market. The tone was firm.

U. S. TIGHTENS HER DEFENCES

Air Bases To Be Established In Pacific Islands

WASHINGTON (By Air Mail.)

The U. S. A. navy is tightening the nation's air defences on two sea coasts. The construction of a powerful marine corps air base in the Virgin Islands, the projected Southern Commercial trans-atlantic air route, is being hastened.

On the West, meanwhile, Rear-Admiral William H. King, Chief of Naval Aeronautics, is considering the possibility of establishing air bases in the far pacific islands.

Air bases and fortifications in the Pacific islands have been under consideration since Japan renounced the 5-5-3 naval ratio and walked out of the London Naval Conference.

In the 1922 Washington Naval Treaty, which Japan denounced, each country agreed to leave unfortified their respective small islands in the mid-pacific region.

In addition to strengthening the Panama Canal defence against air attack the base will afford an emergency landing and refueling field on experimental flights of the German Lufthansa and pan-American Airways plan to inaugurate this year.

A reciprocal agreement pledging each nation to afford the other full facilities on tests of the southern trans-atlantic route has recently been concluded by the State Department with an official German Mission.—United Press.

WORLD TOUR IN AUTOWHEEL CYCLES

Bengali Youths' Daring Enterprise

CALCUTTA, (By Mail.)

A daring enterprise that will require nearly seven years to accomplish and five continents to be crossed involving a travel of more than 50,000 miles is going to be undertaken by three intrepid youths of this city. two Bengalees and a Punjabi of whom Mr. Ajoy Bagchi and Mr. Santipriya Ghose are students reading in the St. Paul's College and the University post graduate class respectively while Mr. S. Sarma is a businessman. They, by the end of August, will undertake a world tour in autowheel cycles, with a view to study the manners and customs of people of different countries.

They have applied for necessary passports and licenses for fire-arms.—United Press.

Hindu Calendar Uniformity?

TIME EXTENDED TILL APRIL 30 FOR SUBMITTING ALMANAC FOR SHAK 1859

(From A Correspondent)

INDORE, April 4

It was announced by Pandit Malaviyaji, the President of All-India Almanac Research Conference that Hindu Calendars or Almanacs for Shak 1859 which can be suitably used in All-India and which would give accurately correct timings of the rising and setting of all the Planets should be submitted to the Nyaya Mandal established by the said Conference for examination and approval. The latest day for submission of such Calendars as announced was the 1st day of Chaitra Shak 1858.

Uptil now, the Mandal has received only two such Almanacs, one from V. B. Pandit Dinanath Shastri Chulate and the other from Pandit Gopinath Shastri Chulate of Elichpur.

The Pandits of All-India are requested to submit their Almanacs or Calendars for Shak 1859 with the rough papers showing the method used, by the end of April 1936. Much time would elapse in discussion in the Nyayamandal and the extension of the time now announced should be adhered to by all the learned Pandits, as it is the earnest desire of the All-India Calendar Reform Committee that all the Almanacs for Shak 1859 should be based on one calculation and all concerned are requested to co-operate in said efforts.

The Almanacs with its rough work should please be directed to "Sardar Rao Bahadur M. V. Kibe, M.A. Principal Secretary All-India Calendar Reform Association, Saraswati Niketan Sanyogita-Ganj Indore."

BR. AIR DISPLAY AT JERUSALEM

War Preparations Discussed 'In Camera'

(From Our Correspondent)

CAIRO (By Air Mail)

The correspondent of "Al-Balagh" at Palestine reports to his paper at Cairo that a spectacular show of the British military and air force was held at Jerusalem. After the show, a meeting under the auspices of the British military Headquarters was held 'in camera' to discuss the war-preparations. The British High Commissioner for Palestine flew to Cairo to meet Sir Miles Lampson and to acquaint him with the decision of the meeting at Jerusalem.

The Turkish Government has published new stamps of eight piasters to commemorate the treaty between the Turkish Government and Balkan powers. The stamps are used from 1st of April 1936.

An Egyptian gentleman who recently visited Rome on being interviewed by a representative of the Al-Balagh said: Many a time I have visited Rome but this time the famous city presented to me a curious spectacle. The streets were deserted, and the only faces that could be seen were those of old men, women and children. The traffic on the roads appeared to be ante-diluvian. There were neither motor cars nor motor cycles. There were only the old carts and old garries. At Venice there were no motor launches in the watery streets. All this is due to the scarcity of oil in Italy.

Central Cinema

NEAR ALBLESS BAUG— CHARNI ROAD—OFF QUEEN'S ROAD

Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p. m.

FOR A SECOND WEEK!

"HERE COME THE MOUNTIES— THEY ALWAYS GET THEIR MAN!"

—but so does lovely Jeanette MacDonald in the Greatest of All Singing Pictures!

WHAT a picture M-G-M has made of the most famous musical romance in show history! They took the singing sweethearts, the producer and the director of "Naughty Marietta," and turned them loose on the glorified-with-song adventure of the opera beauty and the Canadian "mountie" who taught her the meaning of love! The result is sheer screen magic—the one picture you'll say is even more thrilling than "Naughty Marietta!"

Jeanette MacDONALD NELSON EDDY in Rose Marie

Love Songs That Excite! And how they sing them!

"Rose Marie, I Love You"

"Indian Love Call"

"Serenade Just for You"

"Pardon Me, Madame"

THRILLS SET TO MUSIC! "SONG OF THE MOUNTIES" sung by Nelson Eddy and 300 "TOTEM POLE" DANCE, 1000 dancers in sensational spectacle!

REGINALD OWEN • ALLAN JONES JAMES STEWART • ALAN MOWBRAY GILDA GRAY

Directed by W. S. VAN DYKE

Produced by HUNT STROMBERG

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

Based on the operetta "Rose-Marie", Book and Lyrics by Otto A. Harbach and Oscar Hammerstein. 2nd

PLANS OPEN AT THEATRE BOOK SEATS EARLY. 'Phone 27787.

HAD RHEUMATIC PAINS FOR 25 YEARS

His Arms Were Becoming Useless

ASTONISHED AT RELIEF OBTAINED FROM KRUSCHEN

It was about 25 years ago that rheumatism first marked down this sufferer; and finally the day came when he could hardly lift his arms. But he found relief—here in this letter he tells the whole story:—

"About 25 years ago I first experienced slight muscular rheumatism in my arm and shoulder. A few years later lumbago also attacked me. They gradually got worse until the pain got acute in both arms and loins. I could not lift a quart jugful of water with my arm extended straight out. About 12 months ago a thought struck me, would Kruschen Salts do me any good? I bought a bottle, and by the time it was finished I was agreeably surprised at a slight improvement. I bought another one, and by the time that was finished all the pain had disappeared, and has never appeared since. Mine was an obstinate case, and the relief astonished me."—T. R.

If you could see the knife-edged crystals of uric acid under the microscope, you would readily understand why they cause those cutting pains. And if you could see how Kruschen dulls the sharp edges of those crystals, then dissolves them away altogether, you would agree that this scientific treatment must bring relief from rheumatic agony.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

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Sino-League Co-operation

Specialists To Be Sent Abroad For Technical Training

The China Committee of the Council of the League met in March to consider the present situation and the 1936 programme as regards the plan of technical co-operation between China and the League of Nations.

This plan, which has been in operation since 1931, is intended to enable the National Economic Council of China to have recourse to the League technical organisations in connection with the work of national reconstruction in China, in such ways as it may see fit and as are provided for in the plan.

The 1936 programme provides for continuing the forms of co-operation already begun. This includes the maintenance of the administrative office at Nanking, and the continuance of the contract of Mr. Campbell, an expert on rural co-operation, who began his work in China in September, 1935. Agricultural has always been and continues to be, of primary importance for China, since a very large part of the population is dependent on it for its livelihood. The National Economic Council has accordingly devoted special attention to the numerous problems constantly arising in this sphere as a result of the special conditions obtaining in China. One problem relates to the agricultural co-operative societies which, in recent years, have begun to expand in a remarkable manner. The Chinese Government, being convinced of their utility, but realising at the same time the necessity for encouraging their development on the lines and according to the rules dictated by the experience of other countries, decided to obtain the advice of a first-class technician. It requested the League's assistance in this connection, and Mr. Campbell, who had acquired a great reputation in Ceylon in these matters, was engaged for a mission starting in September 1935 and which it was proposed, in order to achieve the best possible results, should cover several years.

ANOTHER EXPERT.

Another expert in China under the plan of co-operation is, M.B. Mari, an Italian, who has been living in China since the autumn of 1932 and who was engaged through the good offices of the League Economic Organisation at the request of the Chinese Government as an expert in silk culture, with the object of developing and improving conditions in the silk industry. He acts as technical adviser to the National Economic Council in this connection.

The National Economic Council of China has frequently called upon the Communications and Transit Organisation of the League in connection with its work. The representatives of the Transit Organisation have advised the Chinese Government on road questions, the conservancy of waterways and irrigation, and their co-ordinating activities in connection with these different matters have been of considerable value.

USED SCHEMES

In 1935, the Communications and Transit Organisation, at the Chinese Government's request, applied to certain experts with special qualifications on various questions of capital importance for China. A mission of four experts appointed by the Communications and Transit Organisation made a careful preliminary study of the problems submitted to it, subsequently proceeding to China, where they remained from December 1934 to the spring of 1935 and were able to obtain indispensable data with a view to subsequent technical consideration. With the aid of a fifth expert, who had already been associated with the preliminary studies, a voluminous report was prepared on the basis of individual drafts by the experts specially assigned to the study of the different problems treated—viz., the Hwai River regulation scheme, waterways of northern China, work on the Fen Ho, scheme for regulation of the Hsia Chieng Ho, regulation of the Yellow River, Kuang Ting reservoir on the Yung Ting Ho, problems arising in connection with the Yangtse Kiang, water-power in Shensi, irrigation on the Suiyau, and the general problem of road and land communications in China.

M. Bourdrez (Netherlands) of the Transit Organisation, who has been in China since the beginning of 1932, is at the service of the National Economic Council as an expert on water-power problems, in particular in connection with river regulation schemes.

Following on last year's mission sent to China, the Chairman of the Advisory and Technical Committee on Communications and Transit took steps to improve the co-ordination on the spot of the work in application of the experts' different recommendations and their execution by the Chinese authorities by appointing one of his experts, M. Coursin, Chief Engineer of the French Ponts et Chaussees Department and Diector of Public Works in Madagascar, to proceed again to China as the representative of the Committee with the National Economic Council. M. Coursin left in November 1935. His mission will terminate on October 15th, 1936. He is to spend the last few months of his mission in Europe in order to furnish the Chairman of the Advisory and Technical Committee on Communications and Transit with any observations or suggestions of value which he may have to make for the continuance of the work of co-operation between the Transit Organisations and the Chinese Government.

IMPROVING HEALTH

Co-operation with the Health Organisation—which was intended to be followed later by co-operation with the other technical organisations—was first requested by the Chinese Government at the end of 1929 and was agreed to by the Council in May 1930. The result has been a series of practical achievements by the Nanking central authorities, the Health Organisation having been represented from May 1930 down to the end of 1934 by Dr. B. Borcic, who, during this period, collaborated actively in the technical work of the Health Administration

Dr. A. Stampar, honorary Director of Public Health in Yugoslavia and a former member of the League of Nations Health Committee, was also placed at the disposal of the National Economic Council and the Health Administration of China in September 1933, in accordance with the new plan of co-operation inaugurated by the decision of the Committee of the Council on July 18th, 1933. He has been called upon to co-operate with the National Economic Council in the matter of rural reconstruction.

At that time, the National Economic Council had decided to concentrate its efforts, particularly in the matter of general reconstruction, on two regions, one in the north-west (Shansi and Kansu) and the other in Kiangsi. These two regions were selected partly on account of agricultural distress, some of the main causes of which were infectious diseases among human beings and animals, particularly in the north-west. As far back as November 1933, Dr. Stampar began to study the health situation in these provinces on the spot. Up to the end of 1935 he had studied from a technical aspect Kiangsi, Hunan, Szechuan, Kwangsi, Yunnan, Fukien, Ninghsia, Chinghai Kansu, Shensi, Chahar, Sulyuan, Hopei and Hokonor.

SPECIALISTS TO GO ABROAD.

At the request of its Chinese member, the China Committee of the Council decided upon extending the plan of technical co-operation in a new direction: the Chinese National Economic Council attaches great importance to opportunities for its own specialists to gain first-hand knowledge of how problems of reconstruction, finance, health, waterways, etc., are handled in day-to-day practice in other countries. For this purpose, it wishes to send selected specialists abroad under the plan of co-operation with the League. These specialists would utilise the machinery of the technical organisations and Secretariat to obtain the experience and insight into administration and reconstruction work in other countries. The necessary arrangements will be made by the Chinese Government in agreement with the Secretary-General. The specialists, who will rank as temporary members of the Secretariat for the purpose, will be given the facilities they require, both at Geneva, where a good deal of information on these matters is available in the archives of the Secretariat and the International Labour Office, and in whatever countries afford the best opportunities for study of the subjects chosen, and to which these Chinese specialists could be sent on temporary missions after a preliminary stay at the Secretariat and according to a plan to be worked out by the Secretariat.—"League of Nations Bulletin."

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Mr. John Haig, Political Commissioner, Sudan, and son of the Governor of U.P., arrived by the mail boat.

A PIONEER OF THE AIR

Famous Swiss Aviator Describes Adventures

Lord Beaverbook, who has flown with Walter Mittelholzer, has written a foreword to a book in which that famous Swiss airman tells the story of his remarkable career. First across Mount Demavend; first over the peak of Kenya; first over Kilimanjaro; first from Bagdad to Tehern; vrst across the northern highlands of Abyssinia; first across Africa in a seaplane these are but a few of Mittelholzer's pioneer achievements since he joined his country's young military flying corps some twenty years ago.

His book, which Blackie and Son are about to publish, entitled "Fyling Adventures" includes an account of his flight to Addis Ababa with a plane for the personal use of the Emperor of Abyssinia. The airman saw a good deal of the Emperor's country and people during that trip in the course of which he made the striking film subsequently released under the title of "Abyssinia." His impressions and experiences on that occasion are full of topical interest.

10,500,000 LETTERS BY AIR

Complete figures which have become available for air-mail traffic on the European and Empire routes during 1935 show that on Empire lines the air-mail traffic during 1935 showed an increase of 73 per cent on that of 1934. On the European services there was an increase of 46 per cent.

It is calculated that nearly 10,500,000 letters were dispatched by air from England during 1935, comparing with about 6,000,000 in 1934, and about 4,000,000 in 1933.

COURSE FOR MECHANICS TEACHERS

Two classes for teachers of automotive mechanics in high schools and colleges will again be offered next Summer at the General Motors Institute in Flint, (U. S. A.), it is announced by Major Albert Sobey, its director. There will be two sessions of four weeks each, one beginning June 29, the other July 27. It will be the fourth successive year that the training has been given.

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D.M. 59

Life Mission Of Paramahamsa

He Reconciled Warring Creeds And Taught All Religions Were Paths To Same God

In connection with the ensuing Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa centenary celebrations, a public meeting was held on Friday at the Blavatsky Hall, under the chairmanship of Mr. S. S. Patkar, late acting Chief Justice of Bombay.

The Chairman said that it was often held that religion was the cause of great friction in the world, that the Crusades, Wars, Inquisitions and riots and such other horrors were the result of religious differences. But it must be realised that all religions led to the same consummation. It was this, that Sree Ramakrishna had taught. His teaching could be summarised in the words "As many faiths, so many paths." "The basic principle of his teaching that every faith is a path to God is likely to eliminate the causes of friction between different classes and communities, and is sure to lead to a closer bond of friendship between persons belonging to different creeds and religions."

Swami Vishwananda said that Indians were one of the oldest people in the world. It had been said that our civilisation was other worldly. But the fact was, that Indian civilisation had maintained itself, while others had perished. Ramakrishna, said the speaker, had appeared to vindicate the culture and civilisation of India. He had proved that God was a fact, a daily fact that pervaded our life.

NO MORE WARRING CREEDS.

Mr. K. Natrajan said that the principle that all religions were different paths to God was not merely a belief in India, but had been the policy of all great Indian rulers. He gave the instance of the Jews, who to this day were being treated as Pariahs in European countries, whereas they had found a home in India. Ramakrishna had, a hundred years ago, taught that all religions were paths to the same God. The main work of his life was to harmonise and reconcile warring creeds.

Mr. F. J. Ginwala said that Sree Ramakrishna was neither a scholar, nor a pundit, but a simple man who had seen God face to face. He announced that the centenary celebrations would be held at the Khar Road Ashram on Sunday the 19th and following days. In the same connection, a Parliament of Religions was to be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on the 7th, 8th and 9th of May, when Sir S. Radhakrishnan would preside.

MEMORIAL VOLUME.

Swami Sambuddhananda said that it was unique in the history of the world that the centenary of an Indian saint should be celebrated in Europe and America. He outlined the scheme of the celebrations. Among the items of work is to be memorial volume entitled "The cultural eritage of India." It is to consist of contributions from 90 distinguished scholars and professors, covering various subjects and intended to prove that the contribution of India to world civilisation was inferior to none.

With a vote of thanks the meeting terminated.

FORTUNE AND FORTY MILES FOR CINEMA SHOW

Deaf And Dumb Mechanic Handles Talkies In Addis Ababa

ADDIS ABABA, (By Mail.)

Addis Ababa boasts of three cinemas, one of which is operated by a deaf and dumb mechanic who is also, so it is said, gradually becoming blind. He is, however, very proficient and his job and his cinema is the most popular in the capital.

American and European films are shown in the cinemas but they are all about a year late in arriving. Films with a love interest and the ones dealing with wild animals are very popular with the Ethiopians, while Mickey Mouse always calls forth great applause.

The high price of seats, the cheapest cost about 12 annas which is a fortune to the average Ethiopian—does not prevent many peasants trekking forty to fifty miles to Addis Ababa just to go to the "Kino". Incidentally, the peasants always sit as near to the screen as possible as they believe that they are getting a better view thereby.

Talking films dealing with the Italo-Ethiopian conflict are shown every week and whenever Haile Selassie appears on the screen there is an outburst of clapping and cheering. If the cinema is so lacking in tact as to show Mussolini, there are cat-calls and jeers. —Reuter.

INDIAN CULTURAL CONFERENCE

Dr. B. N. Seal Opens Session At Calcutta

CALCUTTA, April 10.

"Human culture evolves by being embodied in particular racial and regional surroundings in various historical and national forms. India like every other home of historic culture has an individuality of its own which has kept growing through the ages. National genius, however, must grow fuller by vital contact with other races and cultures. Our contact and communion with the West and specially with British nationalism should only serve to widen and deepen our own Indian national life and culture. Indeed national life is healthy only so far as it is an instrument and means of realising humanism in specific historic lines of development".

With these words Dr. Sir Brojendranath Seal opened the first session of the Indian Cultural Conference at Darbhanga buildings this afternoon which was presided over by Prof. D. R. Bhandarkar.—United Press.

BIGGEST SUBMARINE FLEET IN WORLD

Light On Russia's Secret Preparations

LONDON, (By Air Mail.)

The "Daily Telegraph" Naval Correspondent makes sensational revelations about Russia's huge secret submarine Fleet, which is the biggest in the world.

Mr. Hector Bywater, the correspondent, takes his figure from a statement made by the German admiralty and states that Russia has already 96 submarines in commission, while many more are in the process of construction.

Figures for submarines of other countries are as follows:—France —92; U. S.—90; Italy—77; Japan —67, British Empire—59; Germany—28.

The official German statement adds that since 1932, Russia has been energetically building submarines, destroyers, and high-speed motor torpedo-boats to the neglect of larger vessels.—United Press.

ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY

Prof. Hamid Elected Pro-Vice-Chancellor

ALIGARH, April 10.

The Aligarh Muslim University (Amendment) Act of 1935, about the appointment of pro-Vicechancellor having come into force from 1st January, the Court of the University assembled to-day and considered the appointment of pro-Vicechancellor. The Court met this morning but adjourned after passing a condolence resolution on the demise of His Majesty King George V and deaths of Messrs. Hidayat Hosain of Cawnpore, Aga Mohammad Safdar of Lahore and Maqbul Hussain Kidwai.

Reassembling after adjournment the Court decided to retain the post of Pro-Vicechancellor and unanimously elected Prof. A. B. A. Hamid as pro-Vicechancellor for two years. Mr. Azamutullah Elahi was appointed permanent Registrar and Prof. A. M. Qureshi was elected to the Executive Council.

Among those present at the Court meeting were the Nawab of Chhatari, Justice Sir Suleman, Justice Niamatullah, Sir Shafat Ahmed Khan, Col. Sir Hashmatullah and Nawab Mohammad Ismail Khan.—A. P.

Plight Of U. P. Swadeshi Sangh

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, April 10

The annual meeting of the United Provinces Swadeshi Sangh was held yesterday under Pt. Hridaynath Kunzru's presidentship at the office of the Servants of India Society. Secretary Mr. J. S. Vatal presenting the annual report regretted the apathy of the constituent bodies who could not be roused from their lethargy wherein they have allowed themselves to sink. No amount of persuasion was of any avail. He also pleaded lack of funds.

Concluding he said, only 12 leagues remained affiliated. The compilation of the handbook of U. P. Industries is complete and will be sent to the press when funds will be available.

It was decided to close the Sangh next year if the conditions by then would not improve.

BARODA BAN ON "FACE OF MOTHER INDIA"

BARODA, April 10.

The Government of Baroda has banned the "Face of Mother India" written by the notorious author of "Mother India" Miss Katharine Mayo.

Two other books "Can the Hindus rule India" by Mr. James Johnston and "How to make a revolution" by Mr. Raymond Portgate, have also been banned. —United Press.

INDIAN REFERENCE TO ZODIAC

London Criticism Of Father Heras' Statement

The following letter appeared in "The Times" in mail week:—

Sir,—The reason given by Father Heras, as reported by your Correspondent at Bombay, for dating an Indian reference to the zodiac about 6500 B. C. is, in spite of the prominence given to it in your leading article today, unconvincing. He is reported to have referred to an inscription which mentions that the sign Aries went faster than the others, from which he appears to infer that the inscription refers to the time when the winter solstice took place in or near Aries.

The same statement is to be found in the "Phaenomena" of Aratus, vv 25-32, written in 276-4 B. C.:—

which Mair translates as follows:—

There too are the most swift courses of the Ram, who, pursued through the longest circuit, runs not a whit slower than the Bear Cynosura . . . Midway he treads the mighty heavens where wheel the tips of the Scorpion's Claws and the Belt of Orion.

Aratus means that while every star in its daily course describes a circle great or small round one of the poles, the greatest circle is the equator lying midway between the poles, and therefore the quickest-moving stars are those lying near the equator. He names three such star-groups, the two zodiacal constellations of Aries, or the Ram, and Libra, or, as he terms it, the Claws, as also the brilliant girdle of Orion, lying south of the zodiac. Thus, the Ram and the Claws were regarded as the swiftest signs of the zodiac, not because they were the solstitial, but because they were believed to be the equinoctial signs. Father Heras may have other reasons for assigning an early date to the inscriptions which he has discussed. It will be interesting to study these when they are available.

Your leader-writer is in error in stating that "to-day the tropical year begins when the sun enters the constellation of Pisces, as it did last Friday" (March 20). It is true that the equinox is in the constellation of Pisces, but it is not at the beginning of that constellation. Until recently the boundaries of the constellations were only vaguely determined. A precise demarcation executed by M. Delporte at the request of the International Astronomical Union, was pubished by the Cambridge University Press in 1930. According to this demarcation the Sun enters the constellation Pisces at 4deg. South declination referred to the equinox of 1875-0. This is equivalent to 3deg. 40min. south declination referred to the equinox of to-day. The Sun passed through this position not on March 20, the date of the equinox, but on March 11.

I am, yours sincerely,
J. K FOTHERINGHAM.
Dumbarrow, Hids Copse Road, Cumnor Hill, Oxford, March 24.

Our Karnatak Letter

CROP FAILURE HITS PEASANTS

(From Our Correspondent)

BELGAUM (By Mail)

This is the first attempt in Karnatak for establishing a Cinema Film Company. A company has been started under the name of Karnatak Talkies Ltd., at Dharwar. The Film Kabeer is under preparation. Mr. T. Raghawacharya the famous actor of Bellary had been to Dharwar last week in this connection. The shooting will be given in the month of May. The Managing Agent, Mr. Mudholkar has gone to Poona to make the studio arrangement.

RAIN AND LOSSES TO CROPS

Reports from all parts of Karnatak are being receievd about untimely heavy rainfall, causing losses to standing cotton crops, and harvest.

RYOTS URGE REVENUE SUSPENSION

Navalgund (Dharwar) ryots have sent applications to the outhorities requesting them not to collect three instalments of revenue this year, as the crops have failed.

Galgali (Bijapur) Correspondent, Samyukuta Karnataka, writes that revenue collections are in progress in that part, though the ryots had appealed to the authorities to suspend revenue collections on account of failure of crops.

A. V. P. STUDENTS TO SERVE VILLAGERS?

The anniversary of the Ayurveda Vidya Peetha was observed on the second inst. Dr. Hereker presiding Dr. Savanur advised the students that were going out after taking their degrees not to hanker only after money but to serve the people by going into villages. He also asked them to stay in villages and to give medical relief to the suffering poor. Dr. Nandimath, Principal in charge College spoke a few words. The function then concluded with a vote of thanks to the guests.

Our Jalgaon Letter

MILL STRIKE CONTINUES FOR 2-1/2 MONTHS

Communalism In Municipal Elections

(From Our Correspondent).

JALGAON, April 8.

A meeting of the Jalgaon Municipality was held this morning to elect the office-bearers for the current year. A new party on communal lines has been formed in the Municipaliay and, since then, it was further augmented by the joining of other members. Mr. Trimbakrao Bhoite was proposed for the President's post on behalf of the new party. Contrary to expectation, Mr. Gopaldas Jadhavji, the retiring President, did not seek re-election. Mr. G. K. Chitre was put up as the other candidate. Mr. Bhoite was elected the President for the current year Mr. Hasan, Bar-at-Law, was elected the Vice-President on behalf of the new party. Mr. Chitre again offered for Vice-Presidentship but was defeated. Mr. K. K. Patel was elected the Chairman of the Standing Committee.

NEGOTIATIONS FAIL

The negotiations that were going on for the amicable settlement of the Jalgaon mill strike have completely broken down and the Gendalal Mill strike is continuing at present. The Strike Committee, in a statement, criticises the attitude of the Government who could not persuade the owner to accept even the most minimum terms of the workers. It is now already two months and a half that the strike is continuing.

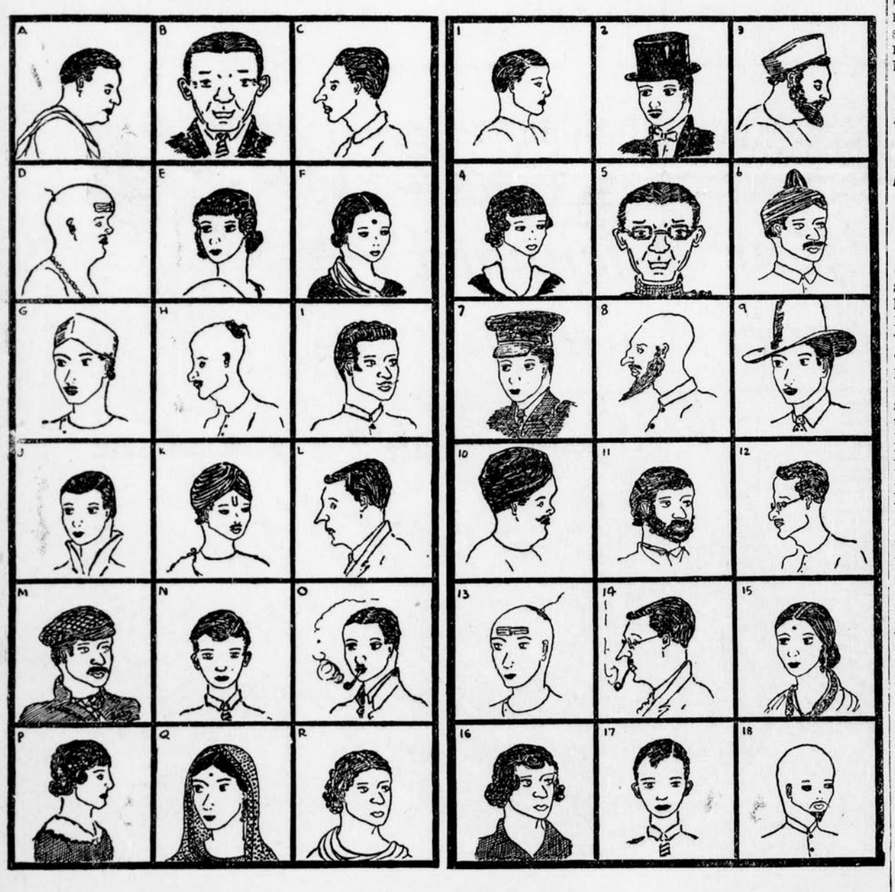
MARRIAGE REFORM

(Continued From page 6)

tween parties belonging to different sub-divisions of the same caste even though they were opposed to long established usage, but also between persons belonging to different castes of Hindus including Pratiloma marriage. Mr. Patel's bill met with a fate similar to that of Mr. Basu's bill.

(To Be Continued).

IZIT IZI?



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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Revenue Collections In Bhavnagar

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Many villages of the Lilia district of the Bhavnagar State the woes of the peasants who were visited with famine conditions this year have added to were already hard hit due to recent ravages of the famine. The revenue officials levied one rupee four annas and five annas from most of these villages as the revenue demand. Besides this, tagavi for the last two years, including the famine year, dues of the co-operative societies, interest of the state loans towards the liquidation of the Sahukari debts and such other miscellaneous levies were added. Not content with this, the State Revenue officials prepared a list of so-called well-to-do Khedutś and imposed on them arbitrary impost on account of the Revenue arrears of the past years. The total revenue demand expressed in Annawari thus amounted to more than double the revenue assessment to an average Khedut. The last impost, universally condemned as Tobakada, virtually broke the back of the proverbial camel. The Kheduts decided to meet together in Conference to voice their grievances and seek redress from the State. The Vighoti, or the revenue assessment, in this district of Lilia, is very heavy, almost double that in the neighbouring Gaikwari villages of the Amreli Prant. The last year was lean and the prices were down. All these conditions combined to make the plight of the peasants very sad.

The peasants began to organise a common platform. Their grievances found expression in the vernacular press. People were astounded to know that people in various villages were locked out from their huts, and women and children were compelled to stay in their open verandahs freezing in the cold of Kathiawar winter by the local officials for their inability to pay up the full revenue demanded from their scanty resources. There were many other allegations against the local officials. Sir Prabashanker Pattani, when he read about the doings of the local officials, rushed in a special train to the villages affected, but instead of taking his staff to task, he was so skilfully shephered by the latter that he avoided any proper enquiry, reprimanded the leaders of the peasants.

Sjt. Balwantrai Mehta, member of the Servants of the People's Society, was invited by the local peasants and workers. He made a personal investigation and vouched for the correctness of the charges of repression made against the local officials. He exhorted the people to stand firm and invited them to continue their preparations for the district Kisan Conference. The people rallied to his call and held their Conference at the Antalia Mahadev, where about 400 peasants from 20 villages had gathered under the presidentship of Sjt. Mehta. The conference passed fifteen resolutions asking for a reduction of one-third in the revenue, wiping off the Kheduts' debts to the State (revenue arrears) amounting to Rs. 27 lakhs utilization of Rs. 60 lakhs for the use of the Kheduts through a Committee elected by the latter—this sum being a gift to the peasants for their amelioration given by His late Highness Sir Bhavansinghjee at the birth of the present Maharaja and left unutilised till now owing to inertia of the State officials.—Yours, etc.,

MANISHANKAR TRIVEDI,
Secretary, Indian States' People's Conference.

India And The Empire

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In view of the fact that Japan, Russia, Germany, Italy and possibly other European countries are suffering from bellicose insanity in some form or other, it seems time that the English-speaking peoples began to look out for themselves and no one else.

These English-speaking people consist of the U. S. A., the British Isles with Canada, Australia and New Zealand and possibly a small portion of the Southern half of the African Continent. There seems to be a growing school of thought among some people of England and other parts of the world that possibly the British Empire does cover too much of the earth and sea of this somewhat unsettled planet. One hears it said, why should not India have Home Rule or Swaraj at once—why should not Germany, Japan, Italy, etc. be allowed to expand? Any way war seems inevitable in the not distant future and on a world scale. One can safely say the British Empire's one wish is to keep out of any world war. The reason may or may not be that the British Empire is already too large and scattered. The U.S.A. has also the same wish to keep out of any war. The following seems a somewhat selfish though certain solution of the problem. The British Empire and U. S. A. have nothing whatever to gain from any war whether they should win or lose. The losers of the last war are now on about an equal footing with those who won it.

The U. S. A. and British Empire should join hands at once and claim the following only as their Territory. The British Isles—the whole American Continent, i.e., Canada, Alaska, etc., and North and South America—Australia—New Zealand and South Pacific Islands and as far North of Australia as Singapore and only to include such places as are already part of the U. S. A. or British Empire in the Pacific or under their protection. The Union of South Africa and possibly Rhodesia, Tanganyika and Kenya Colony. If the British Empire were to say, we now withdraw every Englishman from India and Egypt and from all other protectorates, mandates and possession such as Somaliland, Soudan, Palestine, Aden, the Suez Canal, Mespot, Gibraltar, Malta and all possessions in Africa not enumerated above the following would result.

(i) India would be entirely Indian so long as they could keep other powers out of India.

(ii) Egypt and the other countries enumerated above would belong to the inhabitants of those lands so long as they could either keep other powers out or until they invited some other power in.

It is fairly safe to assume the English-speaking peoples would then be left in peace.

The bellicose powers now so much to the fore in the news would be busy dividing up the spoils evacuated by the English-speaking peoples. They could do this among themselves either by peaceful arbitration or by war. It seems fairly certain there would be war. After that war there probably would not be much kick left in any of these powers and they would certainly leave the English-speaking peoples in peace and in a very strong position. In the case of India she would of course have reached the goal that of Mr. Gandhi, Congress and a good many others are screaming for and presumably all India would be contented. She would of course to keep India have to build and maintain and officer and man a Navy any way as large and good as that of Japan. Also an Army with which to defend India from the Armies and Air Forces of Japan or Russia and possibly both and also other powers. This would mean Indian Armed forces approximately ten times larger than the present British and Indian Armies. She would also have to deal with Afghanistan and all the Frontier Tribes. The above might make a consolidated Nation out of India, on the other hand it might not. But India would have got Swaraj and rule or misrule herself, and would with her great leaders of the Congress, etc., have had the opportunity to become a Nation and not only settle her internal and frontier troubles but might go forth with her four hundred million of inhabitants to conquer Russia, Japan, and so much of the world as she had a fancy to. Of course there is an alternative and that is for India to realize she may be better off if Englishmen and their Navies, Armies and Air forces do not withdraw from India. Should she take the latter decision the sooner she gets rid of all her extremist politicians the better and votes for saner and more balanced brains to voice her demands at Delhi and in England.—Yours, etc.,

M. C. COOTE,
Lieutenant-Colonel,
Principal.
Shivaji Military School, Poona.

High Infant Mortality

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Out of the 554,311 deaths which occurred during 1934, in the British Districts of the Bombay Presidency, 130,635 or 23.6 per cent. of the total deaths were of infants aged below one year. Per every 1,000 born during the year 167 infants died before they completed first year. 12,308 died even before they were born. In the rural parts of Broach District where people are more healthy than in congested cities there were 203,5 infants dying per 1,000 births. In Bombay City where there are many Hospitals, skilled Physicians and people are richer than in villages infant mortality rate was 245. In Poona Suburban Municipality, Pandharpur, Viramgam and Yeola infant mortality rates were 387, 391, 397 and 574 respectively.

High infant mortality is accompanied by high maternal mortality. Many do not have qualified Medical aid at the time of confinement, and many of the deaths due to maternity are not recorded as deaths due to childbirth. Even the few cases recognised as due to maternity, numbered 4,538 during the year 1934.

This misery due to untimely and excessive reproduction can be checked by improving medical aid. During the last two or three decades Medical Science progressed considerably; more Hospitals were opened and more patients were treated. Thereby the death rate of the total population fell from 42.56 in 1915-19 to 24.4 in 1931-34 i.e. by 42.6 per cent. But the mortality rate of infants fell by only 22.7 per cent.

Inspite of the fall, infant mortality rate is still very high. If young people understand that under existing conditions a huge number of infants die, they will according to their physical and psychological capacities, resort to self-control and contraception and avoid the miseries resulting from married life.—Yours, etc.,

G. RAGHAVA RAO.

The Matriculation Examination

To The Editor of "The Chronicle",

Sir,—The reference to the Secondary Education made by His Excellency the Chancellor in the course of his address to the Convocation held in August last has unfortunately given a fresh impetus to those disgruntled few who have been crying in the public press for radical changes in the control which the University has at present over the Matriculation examination. The Chancellor's statement, rather the Chancellor's "obiter dictum" that the University should stop with framing the syllabus for the Matriculation examination, may be a solution like the proverbial cutting the knot, but it is the most reactionary and ante-deluvian suggestion, a suggestion hardly worth the paper on which it is made. If the dictum of the Chancellor is accepted, the University will be deprived of its main source of income and of the opportunity to judge the merit of entrants to the University course, because under the supposed conditions of examination, the examination will be conducted by Government and the judging of the performance of candidates at the examination will be a sealed book to the University. Thus the remedy suggested is worse than the defect.

The proper remedy is to make the University solely responsible for the secondary education. This can be done by handling over to the University the control of the three years' course of education preparatory to the Matriculation examination, that is to say, the control of the V, VI and VII standards. It would be an ideal thing if the Department of Education as a whole is transferred to the University, particularly in view of the fact that in the near future—I mean under the new reforms—provincial autonomy will be a practical reality.

I do not contend for a moment that everything is well with the Matriculation examination. Those who are in the know of things say that it is not the dual control that is mainly responsible for the present state of affairs, but it is the war between the Classicists and the Vernacularists. It appears that an armistice has been signed by the two parties, the term of peace being that every candidate for the Matriculation examination shall study three languages among several other subjects. Even in Oxford and Cambridge such a course is unknown and unheard of. Evidently, those who have been responsible for such a curriculum for the Matriculation examination have counted without the host. Such a course is stupendous, if not stupid. After all, this examination is only a very general test of general knowledge which a boy or girl possesses. No other University in India, nay in the world, has such a curriculum for the Matriculation examination.

Under the provisions of the new Bombay University Act, the Chancellor must approve of the syllabus of studies for the Matriculation examination I am told that the new syallabus comes into operation next year. If it be so, may I ask the Chancellor why he gave his approval to such a stupendous syllabus? If he has not yet given his approval, here is an opportunity for him to mend matters.—Yours etc.,

DISGUS. T. Ed. (Foreign.)

Concession Tickets On E. I. Railway

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is very creditable that the E.I.R. are issuing one month's return ticket at reduced fares, but a Bombayite going to Darjeeling the Queen of hill stations, cannot get the benefit of this ticket if he desires to spend say one month in Darjeeling. The journey from Bombay to Darjeeling takes about four days going and four days returning, thus leaving him hardly three weeks stay at Darjeeling which is too short a period for getting a change and the long journey he makes. Besides, hotels charge a favourable rate for one month's stay; so if he stays at Darjeeling for one month, he loses the railway concession for the sake of only eight days. If therefore the authorities were to issue the concession tickets of at least 1 1/2 months on their line for passengers from Bombay to Darjeeling, it would be greatly appreciated by the travelling public and would result in an increased passenger traffic and ultimately higher revenue for the railway company. Besides, he also likes to break journey at one or two interesting places on the way which would take about four days more. It is, therefore, my humble appeal to the railway authorities to consider the above discrepancies and do the needful in compliance with my above suggestions.—Yours, etc.,

ARDESHIR EDALJI BENGALI.

Baroda Kalabhavan

To The Editor Of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is learnt that the students studying in the Commerce class of the Kalabhavan Technical Institute at Baroda find some difficulty in getting the certificate of the school, signed by the Principal, though they complete their study of two years. It is further known that no special provisions are provided in State rules about recognition of Kalabhavan Commerce certificates. Even all subjects are not taught and once Shorthand classes were closed in the middle of the term, much to the dissatisfaction of students. Let us hope, matters may be mended now.—Yours etc.,

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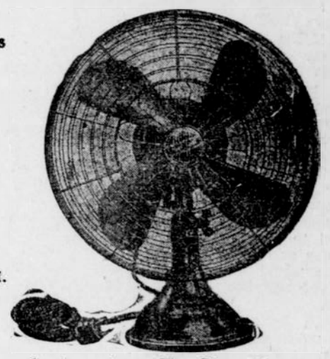

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STRANGLED BY OWN TURBAN

Village Terror Meets Death In Attempt To Free Himself

Ignominiously captured and trussed up with his own turban by two informers, Bachna, a dacoit whose name was a terror in the villages of Ferozepore District, has met his death in a strange manner. In his desperate efforts to free himself, the turban twisted round his neck and he was strangled, says the Ferozepore correspondent of "The Statesman."

About four weeks ago, an informer offered to effect Bachna's arrest and Mr. Scott, the Superintendent of Police, put Sardar Sahib Sardar Narenda Singh, Inspector of the Mobile Force, on the job. For three weeks the informer and the police roamed the district fruitlessly, for Bachna was at Mirza Dyallpura in Jindh State or at Kotha in Patiala State and had deserted his old haunts.

About a week ago information began to pour in and evidence of his having been seen began to accumulate. The informer, an old friend, pressed Bachna's father to disclose his son's whereabouts. On the night of March 30, the father told the informer that his son was somewhere near Chirik, in Kalsia State and that if he wanted to see him he should go in a day or two to Ranian, where Bachna would be found in the house of the informer's brother-in-law.

Police Watch

The police proceeded to the village, moving silently through tall grass along a water-course and lay in ambush every night in a field outside the village, only to return disappointed in the morning.

At last, on the night of April 3, Bachna turned up in the village. The informer and his brother-in-law asked the man to go into their house and make himself at home, but the dacot insisted on staying outside. His first demand was that they should leave the village immediately and refused to let either of them out of sight for a second.

The informer now suggested that they might go to Cheri Chak, which was close to the place where the police party was hidden, but Bachna refused and suggested the village of Ramuwalla, the way to which lay through a wheat field. The informer found himself in a difficult position, for how was he to convey the tidings to the police after traversing about a mile-and-half?

Dacoit's Suspicious

The informer then made a few signs to his brother-in-law which made Bachna suspicious and the informer had hardly gone 60 yards when, whipping out a short 'takwa' Bachna hit the informer on the head. The later raised a hue and cry which brought his brother-in-law to his aid and the men soon overpowered the dacoit.

Tieing him tightly with his own turban and leaving him trussed up, they ran to inform the inspector and his party, three-quarters of a mile away. When the party arrived, they found the dacoit dead. Apparently he had made desperate efforts to free himself which had resulted in the turban tightening round his neck and strangling him.

NATIONAL WEEK IN 'F' WARD

Masses Asked To Join Congress

Friday, the fifth day of the National Week was observed as "Congress Membership Day" by the "F" Ward District Congress Committee at a public meeting at Kalachowki. Mr. S. B. Mahadeshwar presided.

Mr. Mahadeshwar in the course of his speech described the history of the Congress and how after 50 years of growth it had evolved into the organ of the nation's struggle for complete freedom.

Mr. Madan Shetty said that the Congress should accept a programme of anti-imperialist strugle and exhorted the working class to take active part in the Congress work.

Mr. Athalaye described the incidents of Jallianwalla Baug in memory of which the National Week was being celebrated every year.

Mr. C. K. Narayanswami explained the proceedings of the Congress Subjects Committee at Lucknow and pointed out how the Congress Socialists tried to get incorporated in the Congress Constitution a provision for the functional representation of the workers and peasants through their separate and distinct class organisations. The Socialist move was defeated because the present leadership of the Congress was defective. It needed change.

Mr. Kondaye said that the Congress franchise was so low that it was possible for all to join and make the Congress what they wanted it to be.

National Week

"WORK MIRACLES WITH KHADI"

It Gives Work To Countless Thousands

The Manager, A. I. S. A. Khadi Bhandar, Bombay, writes:—

Khadi provides work to thousands of helpless unemployed and thus saves them from starvation. Spinning-wheel is the only means to help them. More people could be relieved if more Khadi is consumed.

Khadi can give work to countless thousands. Our sisters in villages can learn to spin in no time. Again it will give occupation to weavers and other craftsmen. Khadi can easily supply the needs of our country. It has vast potentialities. If only we have the necessary will we can work miracles with Khadi.

The National Week will be over in three days. We hope Bombay will keep up its tradition and reputation.

The Khadi Bhandar will remain open on Monday the 13th April.

CONGRESS DAY

Under the auspices of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee, the National Flag salutation will be held tomorrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) on the Kamgar Maidan, Parel, Poibavdi. Syt. S. B. Mhadeshwar will preside and Messrs. C. K. Narayanswami, P. R. Lele, L. V. Kondaye, D. D. Wadia and others will speak.

ARREST OF SUBHAS BOSE

Workers Hold Protest Meeting

To protest against the arrest of Babu Subash Chandra Bose, a mass meeting of workers was held at 5-30 p.m. at DeLisle Road Maidan on Friday under the auspices of various working class organisations and the Congress Socialist Party. Mr. Bhise was in the chair. Messrs. Rane, Bhogle, Vaidya, Chawan and M. Siddiq spoke. The speakers exhorted the workers to participate in the national struggle against the New Constitution on the basis of struggle for the achievement of complete freedom. After the passing of the following resolution the meeting ended.

"This meeting of citizens and workers held under the auspices of various working class organisations and the Congress Socialist Party strongly condemns the arrest of Mr. Subash Chandra Bose on his landing as calculated to restrict the liberty of a fighter for independence to take his proper share in the political life of the country by attending the momentous session of the National Congress at Lucknow.

"The resolution also called upon working class and other organisations to rally together under a united front of anti-imperialist elements to fight for freedom of press, speech, assembly and organisation and for the release of political prisoners and repeal of repressive measures which should form the inherent part of the national struggle against the new Constitution."

HOLIDAYING BY AIR

European Tour In 12 Flying Hours!

In one of the European air tours planned for this Easter, holiday-makers will travel 1,765 miles in approximately 12 hours of actual flying.

During their aerial tour of Europe they will visit Cologne, Nuremberg, Munich, Vienna, Prague, Dresden, and Frankfort. There will be ample time on the ground, at all these cities, for seeking historical buildings and beauty-spots, and for making land excursions of various kinds.

High-speed touring, in which air and surface transport are combined, is growing in popularity. This summer it will be possible for those in England to fly to Germany on Friday evening, enjoy steamer excursions up the Rhine, and be back in London on Sunday evening. Combined air-and-rail facilities will enable week-end excursions to be made to picturesque spots along the Belgian coast. By express air-liner Switzerland will be only 3 hours from London, while it will be possible, in a day's flying, to reach points as distant as Brindisi and Budapest.

BOMBAY ARYA SAMAJ ANNIVERSARY

Four Days' Programme Commences With Huge Procession

For four days from Friday, the Bombay Arya Samaj celebrates its sixty-first anniversary.

On Friday a procession with music was taken out from the Arya Samaj Mandir at Kakadwadi, Girgaum. The procession passed through Kandewadi, Madhav Baug Bhuleshwar, Zaveri Bazaar, Vithal Wadi, Kalbadevi Road, Dady Seth Agiary Lane Fanaswadi, Thakurdwar, Girgaon Road and Prarthana Samaj, and returned to the Mandir by Vithalbhai Patel Road.

His Holiness Jagadguru Shankaracharya (Dr. Kurtkoti) will preside over the functions arranged for to-day (Saturday). For four hours from four in the evening Pandits hailing from different parts of India will give discourses at the pandal specially erected for the purpose near the Sandhurst Bridge.

BRAHMIN MARRIES HARIJAN GIRL

RAJAHMUNDRY.

Sri Leelavathi, a Harijan girl, and Mr. Naduri Ramanujachariar, a Vaishnavite Brahmin, who were married recently at Gudivada, were taken in procession by the local Adi-Andhras.

The procession ended at Congress House where a meeting was held to discuss the desirability of forming an Adi-Andhra League, Sri Leelavathi and Mr. Ramanujachariar addressed the gathering.

MADRAS, April 6.

Enquiries at the Office of the Director of Public Instruction show that nearly eighty per cent of the candidates, who sat for the last S. S. L. C. examination in the Ceded Districts and Guntur, had come to know the questions in almost all the subjects.

It is understood that fresh examinations will be held in the Ceded Districts and Guntur as early as possible to enable the condidates who may "pass" in them to join college classes in time.

3rd Glorious WEEK

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Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-30 P.M.

MATINEE at 2-30 on SAT., SUN. and Holidays.

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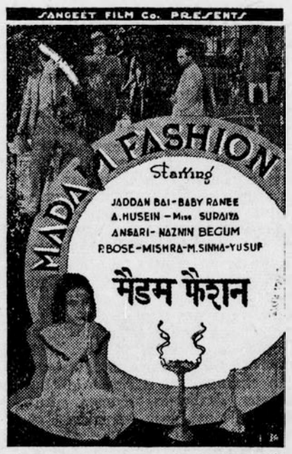
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—Free list suspended—

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IMPERIAL'S SUPER SENSATIONAL THRILLER.

Harrowing tale of a man hounded to despair by the fiends of law.

Blood-curdling.
Spine tingling.
Marrow chilling.
Scenes graphically dramatised

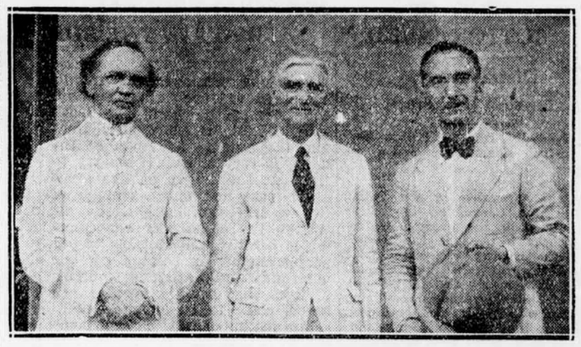
AT MAJESTIC TALKIES

GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

Time:—Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Extra Show on Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-30 p. m.

LILY'S
CREAM
CRACKERS
Malted
Digestive
Each a class by itself.

THE LILY BISCUIT Co.,
Mangaldas Market, Bombay 2.



Dr. Hayman, Dr. de Lange and Mr. Pompanai, three members of the League of Nations Rural Hygiene Committee, arrived in Bombay on Thursday by s.s. "Kaiser-i-Hind".

Over Rs. 50,000 Collected For King George Memorial

Handsome Start Made For Noble Object Of Providing Home For Incurables In Bombay

Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawala, the Joint Honorary Treasurer of the King George V Memorial Fund, Bombay, issues the following first list of subscriptions to the Fund, which show that Rs. 58,028 has already been received.

From the list of donations promised, it appears that some of these donations have not yet been paid, and Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawala requests those concerned to send their promised donations as early as possible.

The amount acknowledged is a handsome start for the King George V Memorial Fund, the main object of which is to provide a Home for Incurables in Bombay. The benefits which a home of this kind would confer on the city have already been explained. The Home would not provide for incurables, but would set free beds in the city hospitals, which are urgently required for cases of sickness. It is to be hoped that all citizens, now that the Fund has been started, will contribute generously to this noble ideal.

List of Donations.

The following is the first list of donations received up to April 7:—

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay Rs. 1,000; the Lady Brabourne Rs. 500; Lady Cowasji Jehangir (Senior) Rs. 5,000; the N. M. Wadia Charities Rs. 5,000; Sir Ratan Tata Trust Rs. 5,000, Messrs. Tata Sons Ltd. Rs. 5,000, Sir Dorab Tata Trust Rs. 5,000; The Reserve Bank of India Rs. 2,500; The Central Bank of India, Ltd. Rs. 2,000; Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim Bart. Rs. 2,000; Naoroji M. Dumasia, Esq. Rs. 2,000; Jamsetji Ardeseer Wadia Esq. Rs. 2,000; Sir Nowroji B. Saklatwala Rs. 2,000; Behram N. Karanjia Esq. Rs. 1,001; Mahomedbhoy I.M. Rowji, Esq. Rs. 1,001, Lady Thackersey Rs. 1,000; the Bombay Garage Rs. 1,000; General Motors (India) Ltd. Rs. 1,000, Ford Motor Co. of India, Ltd. Rs. 1,000; The Indian Radio and Cable Communication Co., Ltd. Rs. 1,000, Ishwardas Lukhmidas Esq. Rs. 1,000; Ramchandra M. Bhatt Esq. Rs. 1,000; Messrs. Bennett, Coleman and Co., Ltd. Rs. 1,000; Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Bart. Rs. 1,000; Sir Byramji Jeejeebhoy Rs. 1,000; Her Highness the Lady Ali Shah Rs. 1,000; Seth Ramdas Raghowji Rs. 501; Ali Mahomed Mecklai Esq. Rs. 500, Messrs. Premchand Roychand and Sons Rs. 500, The Union Bank of India Rs. 500; Vithaldas Govindji Esq. Rs. 301; Messrs. Ebrahim Currim & Sons Rs. 251; Khan Bahadur Cassumali Kamodia Rs. 251; Haridas Dhanji Moolji Esq. Rs. 225; Vadilal Chunilal Esq. Rs. 201; M.H.A. Fazalbhoy Esq. Rs. 151; Shapurji Pallonji Mistry Esq. Rs. 151; Hargovandas Jeevandas Esq. Rs. 151; Mathuradas Doongersey Esq. Rs. 101; Sir J.B. Bomen-Behram Rs. 100; J.B. Irwin Esq. I.C.S. Rs. 100; J. M. Corin Esq. Rs. 25; W.E. Pereira Esq. Rs. 10; "Anonymous" Rs. 2; H. Zaveri Esq. Rs. 2; Staff of a Solicitor's firm Rs. 2. Total Rs. 56,027.

Through Ladies' Committee.

Messrs. Patel Cotton Co., Ltd., Rs. 500; Messrs. Batliwala and Karani Rs. 250; The Hon. Khan Bahadur D. B. Cooper Rs. 150; Messrs. Mohanlal Panalal and B. Panalal Rs. 101; The Hon. Mr. Justice C. P. Blackwell Rs 100· The Rt. Rev. Bishop of Bombay Rs. 100; The Hon. Mr. Justice B J Wadia Rs. 100; The Hon. Mr. Justice Broomfield Rs. 100; The Hon. Mr. Justice Divetia Rs. 100; The Hon. Mr. N. J. Wadia Rs. 100; The Hon. Mr. Justice Faiz B. Tyabji Rs. 100; "A Zoroastrian" Rs. 100; "C. D. D." Rs. 100; and H. B. Gazdar, Esq., Rs. 100. Rs. 2,001: total Rs. 58,028.

A FLOATING AIR BASE

The Deutsche Lufthansa have under construction at Howaldts Yards in Kiel a third depot ship which is intended for use on the air mail service across the South Atlantic. From the operation of this service over the past two years, a great deal of experience has been gained which this new vessel embodies. It is essential to have at least three ships available so that one can be docked in Germany for overhaul; this is particularly necessary because suitable facilities for overhaul work are not available in West Africa or South America. The intentions of the Lufthansa with regard to the North Atlantic air service also have some influence on this increase in the number of depot ships.

Originally, when the 'Westfalen' only was available and older types of aircraft were in use, the principal use of the floating air base was to divide the 3,050 kilometre stretch across the Atlantic between Bathurst and Natal but since improved aircraft and the additional depot ship the 'Schwabenland' have been put into service, the main task of the two ships has been to serve as floating bases on the coasts, where inspection of the engines and flying boats, which are necessary after each flight, is made. In addition to making these small repairs, the ships have served as a very valuable assistance to the aircraft in the take-off, for it is easier for the flying boats to take off from the aircraft catapults on board these ships than from the water. On board the ships too, are meteorological and radio stations which have done a great deal to safeguard the service across the ocean. The new ship at present under construction, unlike the two former ones which were adapted for the purpose, is being built specially for the Atlantic service. She has a displacement of 2,000 tons and will be equipped with two M.A.N. diesel engines of 1,000 h.p. each which will give the vessel a speed of 15 knots. For catapulting the aircraft, a Heinkel catapult of the K.9 type will be used. The crane fitted for lifting aircraft on board will be supplied by Messrs. Kampnagel The new vessel will be put into service during May, 1936.

GERMAN MOTOR INDUSTRY

Great Increase In Output

The motor industry in Germany has developed at a great rate during the last four years. Progress has been considerably assisted by a number of Government measures such as the abolition of tax on new cars. The result has been a great increase in output. In 1932 the total output of private cars was 42,000; in 1934 it had risen to 147,000 and in 1935 to 240,000.

KARNATAK BANK AFFAIRS

Shareholders' Representation To Governor

(From Our Correspondent).

HUBLI, April 9

The Karnatak Central Bank affairs, several shareholders some individually, others collectively gathered in a meeting, sent yesterday a telegraphic representation to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay re: the grave and critical situation in connection with the Karnatak Central Bank affairs. They apprehend a deadlock on the 13th and prayed His Excellency to avert the crisis and the consequent calamity.

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FOR 10 PERFECT SHAVES
USE

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Sole Distributors
The National Engineering Co. Ltd.
Post Box 381 BOMBAY & 137 DELHI.

Cold in the head —sore throats

Many people, when they get a cold, say, "Oh! I suppose it will have to run its course." and they go about, hardly able to breath, with a throbbing head and croaking voice. But there is no need to endure all these discomforts; nor yet to be a source of infection to others.
BURGOYNE'S EUCALYPTUS & MENTHOL PASTILLES give relief at once.
The pungent healing fumes from the purest Eucalyptus Oil clear the bronchial passages and bring swift destruction to all germs, whilst the Menthol is both tonic and astringent to the strained throat and voice.
Coughs and colds take you unawares, so keep a bottle handy but be sure you get *BURGOYNE'S* Eucalyptus and Menthol Pastilles and refuse all imitations and substitutes.

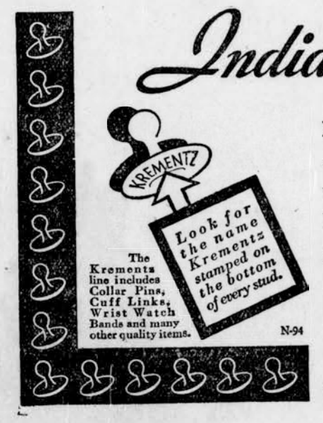
Obtainable in 4- and 8-oz. bottles from all dispensaries, pharmacies and dealers.

Other Burgoyne Products include:
PARRISH'S CHEMICAL FOOD
EASTON'S SYRUP
COD LIVER OIL
IODISED SARSAPARILLA
EUCALYPTUS OIL

EUCALYPTUS & MENTHOL PASTILLES

Bombay: M. K. Shah, Manhar Buildings, Princess St.
Calcutta: H. D. Nag, 36 Beniatola Lane.
Madras: South Indian Mercantile Co., 12 Mannaru St.

India's favourite stud


KREMENTZ
Look for the name Krementz stamped on the bottom of every stud.
The Krementz line includes Collar Pins, Cuff Links, Wrist Watch Bands and many other quality items.
N-94

Expertly made . . . of 14 kt. rolled gold plate . . . Krementz Collar Studs wear indefinitely. They will not tarnish even in the most humid weather. Many different styles from which to choose, all guaranteed for a lifetime of service.

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QUALITY JEWELLERY
GUARANTEED FOREVER

FOR
FINEST TEXTURE, BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS, AND CHARMING COLOURS,
INSIST ON
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WHOLE SALE:—36, Champa Gali, Near Mulji Jetha Market, Bombay.

THE ARVIND MILLS LTD., AHMEDABAD.

AFTER 80 YEARS
STILL THE MOST POPULAR BRANDY IN INDIA

THE ASSOCIATED BEEHIVE BRAND SHIPPERS
MEY RENARD & Cie, BORDEAUX
N°1 Beehive Brandy
MADE AND BOTTLED IN FRANCE
THE BEEHIVE BRAND
PRODUCED AND BOTTLED IN FRANCE
GOLD MEDALS

BEEHIVE BRANDY

Sole Agents:—HERBERT, SON & CO., LTD., Fort, Bombay.

GUNNER IN TEARS

Allegation That N.C.O. Twisted His Nose

Allegations by a recruit that he had been struck by an N. C. O. led to a court-martial at Woolwich.

Lance-Bombardier James Hastie, 2nd Training Battery Depot, Royal Artillery, Woolwich pleaded not guilty to a charge of striking Gunner R. Davies.

Davies stated that when he was one of a squad at physical training Hastie demonstrated an exercise and then called out "First file ready."

He (Davies) went forward to do the exercise. Hastie, saying "is that how you come out?" struck him twice and twisted his nose. He had not understood Hastie's instructions.

Hastie added that he reprimanded Davies for not paying attention. He denied having struck him.

Bombardier J. A. Hemsley stated that Davies came up to him and made a complaint. He was crying.

The Court's decision will be given in due course.

CHOTUBHAI'S
(Regd.)
PYORRHOEA KILLER

Pyorrhoea at any stage and other dental troubles can be cured in short time without extracting teeth. One bottle Rs. 2|- no less than two bottles will be sent.

PYORRHOEA HOUSE.
AKOLA (Berar).

N.B.—Chotubhai Pyorrhoea Specialist, at present in Bombay till 15th, Arya Nivas, Kalbadevi.

Meeting time 8 to 11 a.m. and 4-30 to 6 p.m.

DEATH SECRET OF WILD ELEPHANTS

Big-Game Hunters and explorers know that the skeletons of elephants are seldom, if ever, found.

What happens to old elephants? Do they follow an inbred instinct and set off for some remote "elephant graveyard," there to die among the blanched bones and gleming tusks of thousands of others of their herd, as many natives and white hunters aver?

A French naturalist has recently discovered the answer to what has hitherto been one of Nature's mysteries. Elephants, he has discovered, die in deep water. Crocodiles soon devour their carcases.

For twenty-seven years this Frenchman, M. Guy Cheminaud, hunted in the Indo-China peninsula. M. Cheminaud says that if an old elephant suddenly collapses and dies, the elders of the herd gather round him, turn him over with their trunks and tusks, and having decided he is no longer alive, bury him, sometimes dragging the body off to softer ground. Scooping a hollow, they roll him in, cover with earth. Others of the herd gather bundles of grass and weeds, or rip off leafy branches which they add to the soil piled on the body.

Senile decay in an elephant generally shows first in the trunk. It becomes semi-paralysed and ceases to function. The poor creature cannot get food into his mouth. He becomes weak from malnutrition. He can still drink, however, and bathe to soothe his cracked hide covered with mosquitoes and flies. As he can no longer squirt water over himself with his trunk, he has to wade out a long way or take risks where the shore shelves steeply down. Comes the day of doom. He gets out of his depth. He is too weak to battle with the current. He drowns. The crocodiles and fish devour him.

AMERICAN FINANCIER
is interested to receive particulars of any inventions or ideas capable of development in America or Europe. Capital and manufacturing facilities available.
Address enquiries to
P. O. Box 541, Bombay.

COLD OR HOT
HORLICK'S
BRINGS BACK HEALTH
QUICKLY

RESTORE
Fading Vitality

● Are you nervous, weak, irritable . . . a mere shadow of your former self? Waterbury's Compound will help you back to health and strength! It contains essential elements the body needs . . . pure liver extract, malt extract . . . the organic minerals the blood needs . . . and other health-building, nourishing elements. You will find it pleasant to take, free from disagreeable oily taste or odour, and surprisingly beneficial. Try Waterbury's Compound for several weeks—you will feel and act ten years younger.

Sold in blue and red wrappers—the red as a general and bronchial tonic.

WATERBURY'S
M-99 **COMPOUND**
BUILDS UP RUN-DOWN SYSTEMS

PROTECTION

Always insist upon dependable
AMERICAN
EVEREADY
TRADE MARK
FLASHLIGHTS AND BATTERIES

THEY LAST LONGER

Factory Representatives
DODGE & SEYMOUR, LTD.
Calcutta Bombay Madras Karachi Lahore Delhi

FIRM UNDERTONE IN COTTON

Large Export Demand

Bombay, April 9

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

Since we wrote this report last week the nett changes in the Cotton Futures markets have been as under:—

NEW YORK

	July	Oct.
1-4-36	10.81	10.20
8-4-36	11.03	10.38
	+.22	+.18

LIVERPOOL

	July	Oct.
1-4-36	5.89	5.57
8-4-36	5.95	5.63
	+.06	+.06

BOMBAY

BROACH—

	J/Aug
2-4-36	199-4-0
9-4-36	201-8-0
	+ 2-4-0

OOMRA—

	July
2-4-36	180-8-0
9-4-36	183-0-0
	+ 2-8-0

BENGAL—

	July
2-4-36	145-12-0
9-4-36	150-0-0
	+4-4-0

During the past week the cotton markets have developed quite a firm undertone largely due to the announcement about the method of disposing of the Loan cotton. It has been decided that this cotton will be released at the rate of about one million bales per annum, during the latter half of the season so as not to compete with the marketing of each season's crop. During the present season the price at which the farmer will be allowed to take back his cotton has been fixed at a minimum of 11.25 cents. No price has been settled as yet for future seasons. This year there should be no difficulty in disposing of the cotton as it is required by the trade. We consider the arrangement as definitely constructive as the trade more or less now knows where it stands, and the fear of large quantities being thrown on the market unexpectedly has been removed. In future years until the whole of the Loan cotton has been disposed of, the trade will know that in addition to the year's production there will be an additional million bales available. During the last few days the market has had more outside support than has been the case for some time. This has been encouraged not only by the Loan disposal scheme, but in addition trade reports in America are better and weather conditions in the cotton belt have not been too favourable. The market has a healthy appearance and we look for a moderate advance.

EXPORT ENQUIRY

In the local market the wide and cheap parity has continued to attract a large export demand especially from the Far East, both China and Japan having been active buyers. In Japan lately the consumption of Indian cotton has been exceeding all previous records. Our market has been kept depressed by speculative sales and our friends in the Far East have been taking full advantage of the cheap cotton which is being sold to them. The Indian crop this year may have been larger than in the previous season, but the offtake has been correspondingly heavy. Should the present wide parity continue much longer at no distant date we shall find our statistical position even stronger than was the case at the end of last season. We consider Indian cotton attractively cheap and recommend purchases.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

London, April 9

	This week. £
Total Bullion	201,900,000
Public Deposits	9,600,000
(a) Other deposits	130,600,000
Government securities	93,900,000
(b) Other securities	23,500,000
Notes and Coins	40,500,000
Notes in circulation	421,400,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	28.91 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include bankers	93,400,000
(b) Other securities include discounts and advances	9,800,000

THUNDER-SHOWERS IN UPPER BURMA

POONA: April 10.

Scattered thunder showers have occurred in Upper Burma and Assam, Silchar and Cherrapunji, reporting three inches each.

The western disturbance has caused extension in clouds along the North-West Frontier.

FORECAST:—Rainfall will extend along the North-West Frontier and scattered thunder-showers will occur in Burma, Assam and South Madras.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of April 10.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .046 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.2 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.1 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 88.8 degrees (0.9 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 75.4 degrees 0.8 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 63 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 10-4-36

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.11 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.90 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

IMPROVEMENT OF COTTON IN INDIA

Seed Distribution And Extension Schemes

The Pbblicity Officer, Indian Central Cotton Committee writes as follows:—

Since the formation of the Indian Central Cotton Committee, the cotton industry in India has received an impetus by the increase in the production in the country of good stapled cottons. Improvement has been effected in the yield per acre and in the production of suitable varieties combining long staple with yield and hardiness. So that this improvement may be permanent, it is essential that the supply of pure seed in sufficient quantities should be assured. With this object, a system of seed distribution has been organised by the Indian Central Cotton Committee, in co-operation with Provincial Departments of Agriculture, co-operative societies, etc. through a network of seed distribution and extension schemes which are operating in different parts of India. A summary of the work carried on under this system and how far the Committee has contributed to the growth and extension of the area under improved varieties of cotton will be of interest.

LONG STAPLE COTTON IN SIND

The Sind Cotton Extension Scheme was sanctioned in 1930 at a total cost of Rs. 93,000 spread over 3 years and began to operate in April 1931. The main object of the work on the right bank of the Indus was to ascertain the possibility of cotton cultivation on a large scale and give demonstration to growers. Experiments have indicated that 4F is more suitable for this tract than any other variety. The varietal tests on the left bank of the Indus again confirm the results already obtained that 289 F 1 is the best yielder of the American types. Superior cottons like Sea Island 24, Boss 111—16 and Ashmouni 37 were also tried with excellent results. An area of 2,710 acres was arranged for the distribution of 78,533 lbs. of pure seed in addition to 411,430 lbs. distributed by the Sind Provincial Co-operative Bank.

SURAT SCHEME

The Surat Seed Extension Scheme was sanctioned in 1929, for a period of 2 years and was extended in 1931 for another two years. The scheme was further extended in 1934 for a further period of 5 years. The Department of Agriculture organised during the year (1934-35) a seed multiplication area of 14,347 acres and distributed 1,506,225 lbs. of 1027 A.L.F. seed in Surat Broach tract in addition to 377,829 lbs. of seed of this variety to the adjoining States of Baroda and Chhota Udepur. The Hansot Co-operative Cotton Sale Society distributed another lot of 428,734 lbs. of seed of 1027 A. L. F. In all 23,12,818 lbs. of seed was distributed for 2,31,281 acres in 1934-35. The estimated cost of the Scheme for the 9 years is Rs. 96,050.

Starting in 1931, the Khandesh (Banilla Extension) Scheme which was sanctioned for five years at a total cost of Rs. 2,70,340 became so popular, that the cultivators lost no time in putting large areas under it. The Agricultural Department allotted a multiplication area of 15,985 acres in 1934-35 which produced 1,965,000 lbs. of pure seed enough to cover a tract of 65,000 acres for this season. Pure Banilla fetched a premium of Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 for Bombay Khandy (784 lb.) over returns realized from local cotton.

SELF-SUPPORTING SCHEME

A Scheme which is self-supporting and enables growers to realize a premium of Rs. 15 per 500 lb. of 'kapas' over local 'N.R.' is the Deccan Canals (Banilla) Seed Extension Scheme. Displacing the local variety under irrigation in the Deccan Canal area, Banilla is expected to cover an area of 30,000 acres. The Committee sanctioned the Scheme with a view to provide the cultivators with pure Banilla seed in sufficient quantities and in 1934-35 season from an area of 32 acres on the Kopergaon Farm, 18,650 lbs. of seed was obtained for distribution and multiplication purposes.

With the object of extending the growth of Jayawant and Upland varieties in Raichur Gulbarga area, the total quantity of pure seed distributed during the year 1934-35 under the Hyderabad Seed Extension Scheme which came into operation in 1930 was 487,782 lbs., although the quantity actually sown was much less, owing to deficient rain at sowing time. Shortage of seed supply was however overcome through the help of the Hubli, Gadag and Copbal Cotton Sale Societies.

The Baroda Seed Extension Scheme is intended to encourage the extension of 1027 A.L.F. cotton in the Gaekwar's State. During the first year of working (1934-35) the distribution of seed by the Department of Agriculture progressed satisfactorily. Distribution of 231,285 lbs. of pure seed, including the multiplication area of 5,382 acres, was undertaken for extension purposes.

DIABETES SUFFERERS!!!

HERE IS PROOF FOR YOU.

Mr. K. Sreenivasa Rao, C/o The Merchant Steam Navigation Co., Bombay No. 9 writes on 19-2-1936:—"This is to certify that I was under the treatment of Dr. S. R. IYENGAR for my Diabetes disease for a course of 40 days. After many trials without success I tried this Doctor whose medicines worked marvellously. The S. P. G. which was 1031 and sugar, 3.75 per cent at the beginning came down gradually and at the end they were "1013" and "Nil" respectively."

Consult personally Dr. S. R. IYENGAR, Diabetes Specialist, at DAHANUKAR BUILDING, 1st Floor, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2, between 9 and 11 a.m. and 5 to 7 p.m.

NIP YOUR TROUBLES ALWAYS IN THE BUD

It is a well known fact that as compared to the other civilised countries of the world the death rate in India is enormously great and the average life span of Indians is very short. If we try to find out the causes of this great death rate and short average of life we will soon learn that although the climate of our country is healthy and suitable to our people, simply on account of our ignorance and negligence millions of lives that could otherwise be saved, come to an untimely end.

For instance, it is a very common affair in our country for people to suffer from colds and coughs every now and then. At the time of changing seasons, or due to an exposure to cold or a shower of rain or as a result of sitting or lying for a long time under an electric fan such complaints are being faced by young and old quite frequently. Very often, we do not pay much attention to such complaints and believing they will be cured of their own accord we neglect to treat them properly. The result is that just as an insignificant white ant pierces through a large wooden beam in due course of time, even so such insignificant looking complaints, if they are allowed to persist, develop in course of time into swelling of the throat or the respiratory passages and even into pheumonia or phthisis and tuberculosis, some of which are absolutely fatal.

And, therefore, according to what our old proverb says "Disease and enemies must always be nipped in the bud." It is far easier to cure such diseases in the beginning than at a stage when they develop into a serious form.

Sirolin "Roche" is a medicine known throughout the world as a sure and quick cure for coughs, colds and allied diseases of the throat and lungs. This is a preparation made in Switzerland, a country famous throughout the world for treatment of consumption and tuberculosis. In the hospitals for tuberculosis and sanatoriums in that country specialists in that disease administer Sirolin "Roche" to their patients.

Being palatable in taste, even little children take Sirolin "Roche" without any resistance. It helps digestion and strengthens appetite and very quickly reduces the attack of coughs. Sirolin "Roche" is free of any harmful contents whatsoever. It goes to the very root of the disease, prevents the tuberculous germ from furthering its evil work and rests only after expelling it from the body. With the use of Sirolin "Roche" millions of lives of children and of young people could be saved from untimely destruction for it is decidedly the surest and the quickest remedy for all diseases pertaining to intestines, lungs and the throat.

the difference is surprising
Just use Listerine Tooth Paste for 30 days and note the vast improvement in your teeth. Your gums will feel better too.
E66 . . . AND IT MAKES THE BREATH SWEETER
LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE

FOR PARTIES & GIFTS ON MARRIAGE OCCASIONS

SHE
can walk comfortably with
J. J. SONS
FLEXIBLE
CHAMPLES

Because her eyes remain focussed her legs at the time of walking.

These beautiful champles of Distinctive style & colour match her Sarees and adds beauty in her appearance

Select these choicest champles of high quality when you go out with rich Dress, in any one of our following shops.

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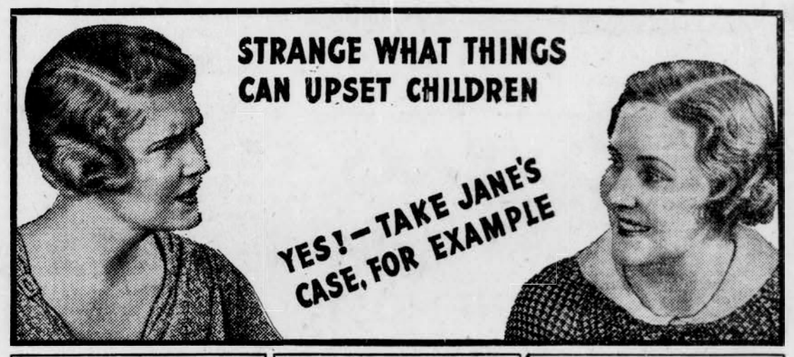
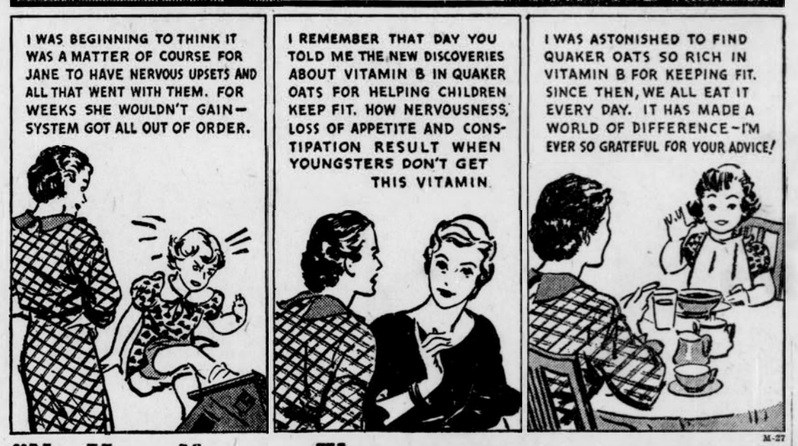
(1) Mangaldas Road, Opp. G. T. Hospital.
(2) Bhuleshwar Road, Kumbhar Tukada.
(3) Sandhurst Road, Prarthana Samaj.

STRANGE WHAT THINGS CAN UPSET CHILDREN




I WAS BEGINNING TO THINK IT WAS A MATTER OF COURSE FOR JANE TO HAVE NERVOUS UPSETS AND ALL THAT WENT WITH THEM. FOR WEEKS SHE WOULDN'T GAIN—SYSTEM GOT ALL OUT OF ORDER.
I REMEMBER THAT DAY YOU TOLD ME THE NEW DISCOVERIES ABOUT VITAMIN B IN QUAKER OATS FOR HELPING CHILDREN KEEP FIT. HOW NERVOUSNESS, LOSS OF APPETITE AND CONSTIPATION RESULT WHEN YOUNGSTERS DON'T GET THIS VITAMIN.
I WAS ASTONISHED TO FIND QUAKER OATS SO RICH IN VITAMIN B FOR KEEPING FIT. SINCE THEN, WE ALL EAT IT EVERY DAY. IT HAS MADE A WORLD OF DIFFERENCE—I'M EVER SO GRATEFUL FOR YOUR ADVICE!
M-27

"No More Nervous Worry OR HEADACHES FOR ME!
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Nazi Religion Of The State Supreme

Hitler Sacrifices Jews On Altar Of Nordic Supremacy

Germany under Hitler has had the doubtful honour of embracing a new religion. Like every new religion it is only a rehash of old ideas in a new form. It is the new religion of the State Supreme, founded to control the destiny of the German people chosen by God, Nature, and Hitler, to rule the world, declares Idris Llewellyn Abraham in "The Freethinker."

The principal ideas of German Fascism are not new. Nor, by the way, were they the chief factor in enabling Hitler to obtain power. Hitler is a product of the Versailles Treaty. That disgraceful pact made Hitler's rise possible. The feeling of bitterness and resentment which filled the German people with a burning desire to revenge themselves, overshadowed all other considerations. It fanned the flames of Nationalism, and eventually overthrew the mild Socialist Government. Crushed under a load of taxation that made a proper economic life impossible, the German people were forced to submit to Hitler's domination.

To understand the rise of Hitler it is essential to know how he appeared to Germany. After their defeat, and the humiliation of the treaty, Hitler came as a saviour, with a divine mission to save the German people, and raise them from their slavery and degradation. Some scapegoat had to be found to be sacrificed at the altar of Nordic supremacy; and here Hitler had no doubts, the people who had signed the Peace Treaty, the Socialists and Communists, the Marxians generally, and the Jews were declared to have betrayed Germany.

Not A New Thing.

All these ideas of a super-race with a temporal mission are, of course, not a new thing. Ever since Darwin wrote his "Origin of Species," which started the study of races and peoples, writters of different European countries have been busy trying to explain nations by means of race. Thus we have an ideal type used by different people to typify the characteristics of a geographical group, as the Celt, the Teuton, the Anglo-Saxon, the Slav, and so on. Darwin's theory of the survival of the fittest also made men's minds familiar with the idea of progress by evolution, and the constant battle where the superior species and type ousted the inferior ones.

One of the fruits of this was the idea of the superman founded by Nietsche, although Nietzche was not a Christian, and once said that Christianity was only good enough for women, cows, and Englishmen, which is certainly a libel on Englishmen. Nietzsche has recently been honoured by the Nazi Government, although it is most unlikely that he would have approved of the child'sh antics of the Nazis.

The Nordic theory was first set forth by an Englishman, Stewart Chamberlain. He wrote a book called "The Foundations of the Nineteenth Century," which attempted to show that European civilization was laid by the German invaders of the Roman Empire. Chamberlain carried his belief so far as to become a naturalized German citizen, believing that the Germans were the inheritors of the pure blood of the Teutonic race. He died in Germany in 1927.

Hitler's Past

Adolph Hitler was born of Austrian parents outside Vienna, the capital of the Austro-Hungarian Empire. Vienna was full of the different races that made up the welter of the old Austro-Hungarian Empire. Here he first learned to believe in the Nordic theory, and when war broke out as a protest against the tolerant spirit in the Empire, which with all its faults did not use any race discrimination, he joined the King of Bavaria's army.

The history of the Nazi Party is now well known. It is undoubtedly true that without the special psychology produced by the aftermath of the war, and the peace, Hitler would never have attained power. There were other agents, who gave their support such as the powerful industrialists, who were thinking only of Germany's industrial expansion. Many support the Party for other reasons, but it remains true, that the Nazi Party is in one would religious and racial.

Fierce Pride Of Race.

It has been pointed out that Hitler's treatment of the Jews is only doing for Germans what the Jews have done for themselves. The Jews have always had a fierce pride of race, and have kept their race pure by constant inbreeding. This inbreeding is more apparent than real, because the Jews do not object to a Jew marrying a Gentile provided she adopts the Hebrew faith "Thy people shall be my people, and thy God, my God."

If the Jews had really kept themselves to themselves, the German race fanatics could not blame them for "adulterating" the pure Nordic race. Under a newer and more tolerant spirit the barrier between the Jews and Germans had, to a small extent, broken down. Mixed marriages became more common, and the number of German citizens of mixed parentage increased. Now the Nazis have brought back the old distinctions in a more terrible form.

The Germans are now forbidden to marry or to have intercourse with "Non-Aryans." Only good Aryans are permitted to enjoy all civic rights. Non-Aryans and Part-Aryans are disqualified from many positions and from marrying pure-blooded Aryans.

In order to avoid embarrassing Hitler, the Germans are told it is impossible to tell a good Aryan by the colour of his hair or eyes. The only guide is good German stock, although the Germans are as mixed as any other European nation. They are a mixture of Celts, Slavs and Teutons, and of every race that makes up the Europen. The Prussians, although now a German-speaking race, were originally Slavonic in race and speech. Many of the German people were Celts who became Germanized. Language is no criterion of race. The French to a certain extent are of the same race as the Germans. In Europe there are three races; the Mediterranean, the Alpine, or Central, and the Nordic.

The Mediterranean is a short, dark person with a long head (dolichocephalus); generally with dark hair and eyes, and a slim physique. The Alpine or Central type has a short head (brachycephalus) with a stout and muscular body, and generally dark hair and eyes, although sometimes fair. The Nordic is supposed to be tall and fair, with a long head and a muscular body. In considering these characteristics it must be remembered that these qualities are not absolute. The Nordic is fair, but fairnes varies from light brown to flaxen; the same with a Mediterranean type; it covers a wide range from jet black hair, to dark brown. The same applies to height; every tall man is not a Nordic.

Study Of British Genius

Havelock Ellis in his "Study of British Genius," has studied the question of the physical basis of Genius. He points out that about seventy per cent of the population are of average height. That is about five feet three to about five feet nine. Only one man in two hundred is over six feet; the same applies to an abnormally short person. Height is governed by length of legs and neck. In a tramcar it can be observed that there is but little diversity in height when the passengers are sitting down.

Therefore height is no criterion when judging racial types. The average Nordic is taller than the average Mediterranean, but it would not be noticed in a crowd. If height was a measure, a body of tall men like a guards regiment, or the police force would all be composed of Nordic types, which is certainly not true.

A more certain label is the length of the head. Every person's head is longer than its breadth. When it is a certain length longer it is termed long-headed. When shorter, a short or broad head. The average for Britain shows an average length of head, not because the British type is between the two, but because the number of long heads and broad heads is about equal in number.

Nonsense Of Race-Fanatics

When it is attempted to assess the mental characteristics of the races, there we get the fanciful nonsense of the race-fanatics in all its luxuriance. The method seems to be, to pick the race that one prefers to belong to, and the characteristics one likes best and then join the two. The Nordic which is the favourite is said to possess the qualities of courage, generosity, and a supreme intellect, qualities which are personal and not racial or national. Some Englishmen are generous and truthful; it would be a rash thing to say all Englishmen are generous and truthful. So, it is foolish to say that all the best citizens are of the same race and the worst of another race.

Most writers seem to be doubtful of the Alpine race. Many regard it as an alien Mongol type. As a matter of fact it had its origin in the plains of Central Asia, and is only distantly related to the Mongols. It is as "European" as the Nordic or Mediterranean which are off-shoots of the Arab races.

Modern Europeans are a blend of these three races. While it is true that fairness is a more prominent feature in the north, and the southerners have a greater percentage of dark people, fair and dark types are found all over Europe. There are more fair people in Norway than Italy, and more burnettes in Spain than Sweden, but dark Norwegians and fair Spaniards are not unknown To say that nationalism is due to a certain type of person is wrong, because every nation has a mixed population. Nationalism at the present time can only be understood by the study of history.

Result Of Geography

Herbert Spencer said all history is the result of geography. The framework of the historical loom is made by nature. National groups are formed by physical features that coalesce the population of an area into one kind, irrespective of the differences of race. Mountains and the sea form barriers that prevent social intercourse, and limit the spread of custom and trade. The assimilation of new racial stock is only a matter of time.

Therefore, if nations are formed by geopraphy, their habits are a result of that. The British are a maritime nation because they live on an island, and they are an insular race for the same reason. The continental countries with their long land frontiers are more familiar with strangers. British foreign policy is based on the natural defence of the sea; continental on defending their natural frontiers. Britain insists on a large navy as a first line of defence; the continental nations favour a large army for theirs. Geography controls trade as well as history. The countries with large natural resources are in a different position from those without. Raw materials can be imported, but they have to be paid for by exports. No country need be without raw materials if it can pay for them. That is one of the chief causes of war in the modern world. Each country tries to be as self-supporting as possible. A land like Australia builds factories under the protection of a tariff, and as it stops the flow of imports of manufactured goods, naturally it cannot get rid of its exports of raw materials. The policy of mutual destruction by restriction of trade is making the world into a number of little units, each trying to destroy the other.

Why They Want Colonies

The modern world with its swift communications if essentially a homogeneous whole. While intercourse is swift, easy and sure, and commerce world-wide, national governments act in the same old way, Factories are built and subsidized by the Government as a precaution against war. The reason why Germany and Italy are clamouring for colonies is not because they cannot obtain raw materials, but because they want the supply to be under their own control. As it is, the countries that control raw materials, have a decided advantage in war. And while a few countries control the larger part of these supplies, there will always be a danger of war.

The real remedy for war is not numerous pacts and understandings. There must be a complete metamorphosis of national and international ideas. The League of Nations, even if it is an imperfect instrument, is at least a beginning in that direction. It has not up to now prevented the war between Italy and Abyssinia, but it is at least an expression of sanity even if it cannot implement its covenant.

By the way, there is as much danger from the scaremongers who tell us that the next war will destroy civilization, as from the narrow nationalists. That sort of talk will only drive people to the big arms racketeers. Another European War would be terribly destructive, but not to the point of annihilation. That sort of scare talk will only cause fear and panic, and precipitate the slaughter we want to avoid. The chief failing of war is, it does not do what it sets out to do, and is a clumsy tool to settle delicate problems. We must show that war is outmoded as an international weapon of litigation; that it leaves behind it more injustices than it settles; that war can only be waged in a cloud of hate, and fear, and jealousy, and in the end problems must be decided by the forces of sanity and justice.

LONDON BULLION MARKET

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., have issued the following report dated London March 18:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £200,613,184 on the 11th instant as compared with £200,612,672 on the previous Wednesday.

In the open market about £1,630,000 of bar gold changed hands at the daily fixing. Business has been rather more active and, in addition to general enquiry, there have been indications of special buying for the Continent. The demand has maintained prices at a premium over gold exchange parities.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold registered from mid-day on the 9th instant to mid-day on the 16th instant:—

IMPORTS.

British South Africa	£1,808,807
British West Africa	2,415
Tanganyika Territory	9,545
Kenya	7,866
British India	261,766
Australia	3,866
New Zealand	15,473
Canada	100,000
U. S. A.	197,834
China	134,730
France	606,497
Netherlands	31,894
Other countries	11,865
	£3,192,558

EXPORTS.

France	£366,020
Czechoslovakia	1,800
Other countries	2,680
	£370,500

The s.s. "Rampura" which sailed from Bombay on the 14th instant carries gold to the value of about £437,000 consigned to London.

The following are the details of United Kingdom imports and exports of gold for the month of February 1936:—

IMPORTS.

British West Africa	£ 268,005
Union of South Africa	4,358,827
Southern Rhodesia	428,208
Tanganyika Territory	32,324
Kenya	15,683
British India	2,206,717
British Malaya	12,712
Australia	407,430
New Zealand	71,617
Canada	895,444
British West India Islands and British Guiana	7,242
Germany	54,869
Netherlands	122,347
Belgium	9,150
France	356,147
Switzerland	171,809
U. S. A.	228,564
Venezuela	22,251
Hayti	58,688
Other countries	40,003
	£9,748,046

EXPORTS.

British India	10
Germany	106
Netherlands	1,646,386
Belgium	2,142
Finland	68,517
France	680,150
Switzerland	812
U. S. A.	70
Other countries	8,275
	£2,406,468

SILVER

Moderate buying for the Indian Bazaars on a poorly supplied market caused the advance in prices to continue until 19.7/8d. for cash and 19.3/4d for two months delivery were reached on the 14th instant. At this level demand slackened and a reaction followed in consequence, prices receding to 19.5/8d and 19.1/2d quoted today for the respective deliveries; the falling off in the enquiry for cash silver was reflected in the narrower difference between the quotations.

Offerings were made on China account, with a little selling from the Continent and some resales by speculators, but sellers, especially during the first half of the week, were rather reluctant.

The market is quiet, with the outlook still uncertain and developments in the political situation may continue to influence the tendency.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from mid-day on the 9th instant to mid-day on the 16th instant:—

IMPORTS.

Japan	£36,555
Belgium	12,965
France	8,677
Other countries	1,722
	£59,919

EXPORTS.

U. S. A.	£78,440
British India	18,740
France	2,583
Egypt	1,300
Other countries	3,681
	£104,744

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 12th instant to the 18th instant was dol 4.97.3/4 and the lowest dol 4.96.5/8.

SEEDS

London, April 9

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f.	ton
April sellers	£10-17-6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f.	ton
April May sellers	£12-13-9
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f.	ton
April May sellers	£13-0-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f	ton
April May sellers	£12-13-9
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f.	ton
April May sellers	£12-10-0

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTH

The Hindustani Native Merchants' Association

Bombay, April 8.

		Rs.	a.	p.
KHADI—				
Textile	Per lb.	0	7	6
Bradbury	,,	0	7	3
E.D.S. Group	,,	0	7	3
Sasoon	,,	0	7	3
Century	,,	0	6	9
Toyo Podar	,,	0	7	4½
LONG CLOTH (full weight 38—40)				
Mahal Brand	per lb.	0	9	10½
Madari Brand	,,	0	9	9
Uttam Kheti	,,	0	10	0
Daud Saheb	,,	0	10	0
LONG CLOTH (Light Weight)				
No. 5202—5303				
Western	per lb.	0	10	6
Hindustan	,,	0	10	6
Century	,,	0	10	0
Idsu	,,	0	10	3
LONG CLOTH X Quality.—				
Appollo	,,	0	9	9
Century	,,	0	9	9
Jam	,,	0	10	0
Jam Mill (Sholapur)	,,	0	10	0
Textile	,,	0	10	0
Spring	,,	0	9	1½
Madhusudan	,,	0	9	9
LONG CLOTH Satin Calander 34—42 In.				
Textile (Hand)	per lb.	0	9	4½
Spring (Merchant)	,,	0	9	4½
Century (Bugal)	,,	0	9	1½
Pehlad Siwala	,,	0	9	3
Hindustan (Tiger)	,,	0	9	4½
Westerns 92½—92½ (Circus Horse)	,,	0	9	4½
Madhusudan	,,	0	9	3
Tijuri	,,	0	9	6
Bharat Mill	,,	0	9	0
Sundri	,,	0	9	6
Jubily	,,	0	9	0
HIGH CLASS LONG CLOTH (Edsu Mill)				
548	Per piece	6	15	0
542	,,	6	10	0
Kutiya 44 Inch	,,	5	9	0
4141	,,	6	5	0
50050	,,	4	12	0
1209	,,	5	5	0
9191	,,	6	5	0
LONG CLOTH VEGITABLE—				
Apollo	per lb.	0	9	0
Century	,,	0	8	9
Madhusudan	,,	0	8	10½
Moon	,,	0	8	7½
Union	,,	0	8	10½
SALITA—				
1215 Idsu	,,	0	8	3
1215 Kalyan	,,	0	8	3
1215 Madhusudan	,,	0	8	3
1215 Sasoon	,,	0	8	3
DHOOTIES 7—8—9 Yard—				
Spring Mill (Balance)	,,	0	10	9
Crown	,,	0	10	10½
Western	,,	0	10	0
Hindustan	,,	0	10	9
Barsi	,,	0	9	3
DHOOTIES 10 Yards.—				
Spring Mill (Balance)	,,	0	10	9
Hindustan	,,	0	10	9
Barsi	,,	0	9	1½
Western	,,	0	10	0
Crown 4310	,,	0	10	10½
GIN COLOURED—				
B 1515 Ratilal	per piece	8	0	0
1415 Ratilal	,,	7	2	0
1579 M.B.W.	,,	8	10	0
Century	,,	8	10	0
DHOOTI MAHIN 44x10—				
115 Hirji Kurla	,,	0	13	6
115 Victoria	,,	1	3	6
2142 Western	,,	0	12	0
LEPAD Big Size—				
Crown	Per lb.	0	9	7½
Edsoo	,,	0	9	4½
Tax	,,	0	9	6
Hindustan	,,	0	9	6
Daud	,,	0	9	6
Rechal	,,	0	9	6
Western	,,	0	9	4½
Apollo	,,	0	9	4½
Madhusudan	,,	0	9	3
LEPAD SMALL SIZE—				
Century	,,	0	9	3
Tex	,,	0	9	3
DUKDI Yards 12—13—14—				
925 Dhanraj	,,	2	2	0
5250 E. Keshri	,,	2	5	0
9312 Sasoon	,,	1	15	6
8712 Kamla	,,	0	10	9
Shreeniwas	,,	0	11	0

GOLD

London, April 9

Gold Bars fine per oz £7-0-10 1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, April 9

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 5/8 per cent

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 11/16 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent

Interest day to day loan 3/8 per cent to 1/2 per cent

Interest 7 days' market loan 1/2 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 9

T T London on:—		
New York closing rate	4.94	3/16
Paris	74.94	
Berlin	12 2s	
Madrid	36.19	
Amsterdam	7.27	5/8
Brussels	29.20	1/2
Milan	62.62	
Berne	15.16	3/4
Prague	119.50	

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 9

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	£85 3/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£97 3/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£116 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£85 1/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 1/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£107 3/8
Funding Loan 1960/69 4 per cent	£117 3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115 1/2
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£14 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg)	£100 1/2
National Bank of India	£43 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

LINSEED OIL

London, April 9

Linseed oil naked London per cwt	
April sellers	26/3
May August sellers	26/6

TRADE AND FINANCE

Money Remains Cheaper

LOCAL SECURITIES ABOVE LONDON PARITY

Silver And Gold Steady

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)

BOMBAY, April 9

MONEY

The money market was featureless during the week, call rate being unchanged at 1/2 per cent. Treasury Bill tenders fetched Rs. 0-11-10 per cent per annum as against 3/4 per cent last week. Total tenders amounted to Rs. 112.75 lacs of which Rs. 1 crore were accepted at an average rate of Rs. 0-11-10 per cent. Maturities amounted to Rs. 2 crores and through the sale of £1 million sterling to Government there was a nett influx of Rs. 2.33 crores in the market. Fixed deposit rates are quoted at: 3 months 1 per cent and 6 months 1 1/2 per cent.

GILTEDGED MARKET

Giltedged were very steady during the period under review, and there was an increase of prices all-round. 3 1/2 per cent Paper opened at Rs. 97-3 and after improving to Rs. 98/7 closed at Rs. 98/5. As the local market was above parity over London, conversion from 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper to 3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Stock was practicable, and some business is reported to have been done. 3 per cent 1941 and 1951-54 loans closed at Rs. 104-2 and Rs. 103-8 respectively. 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan improved from Rs. 106 to Rs. 106-10; 4 per cent 1943 bonds from Rs. 110 to Rs. 110-7; 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan from Rs. 117-12 to Rs. 118-4 and 5 per cent 1945-55 (Tax free) loan from Rs. 119-8 to Rs. 119-14. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan fluctuated between Rs. 112-7 and Rs. 113-2; 5 per cent 1940-43 loan between Rs. 110-13 and Rs. 111-2 and 5 per cent 1939-44 loan between Rs. 108-8 and Rs. 108-10. 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan changed hands at Rs. 108-5.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange was maintained steady with sellers at 1s. 6 7/64d. and buyers at 1s. 6 9/64d., occasional business being transacted at 1s. 6 1/8d. A fair amount of business was done for export of gold, but there was very small showing of merchandise export bills. Tenders to Government this week amounted to £3,750,000 of which approximately 27 per cent were allotted at 1s. 6 1/8d.

In the foreign exchange market in London the predominant feature earlier in the week was the weakness of the French Franc which touched as low as Frs. 75.22. It improved later and closed at Frs. 74.94. The sterling dollar rate opened dol 4.95 13/16 and after rising to dol 4.96 1/4 early in the week gradually declined and closed at dol 4.94 9/16. The belga and the guilder moved between 29.30 and 29.20 1/2 and 7.29 3/4 and 7.27 1/2 respectively. The Italian Lira fluctuated between 62.68 and 62.62.

GOLD

Movements in the gold market were in harmony with the fluctuations of the Dollar Sterling cross rate, and the quotation for ready ranged between Rs. 34-12-9 and Rs. 34-11-0. Comparatively large business was done, mainly for near deliveries. Daily arrivals average about 12,000 tolas and stocks on hand are estimated at about 1 1/4 lac tolas. The daily offtake averages about 3,000 tolas. Last week's shipment per s.s. 'Viceroy of India' amounted to Rs. 50.51 lacs. The price of gold in London opened at 140s. 8d. and after receding to 140s. 7d. improved and closed at 140s. 10d. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 34-12-9 and Rs. 34-11-0 for ready and April 14 settlement and Rs. 34-13-0 and Rs. 34-11-3 for May 8 settlement. The price of sovereigns was steady around Rs. 22-7-6 both for ready and forward. Total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 1,13,892 in bar and coin.

SILVER

In the absence of any important fluctuations in the foreign markets, silver prices here moved narrowly. The quotation for ready opening at Rs. 49-11 advanced to Rs. 49-14 and closed at Rs. 49/10. Stocks including imports amount to about 6,000 bars while the offtake averages about 150 bars a day. Silver 'en route' is valued at £272,000. Total imports during the week amounted to about 438 bars and Rs. 5,537 in coin. The highest and lowest rates of the metal in London were 20d and 19 7/8 both for ready and two months forward; and those in our market were Rs. 49-14 and 49-7 for ready, Rs. 49-13 and Rs. 49-7 for April 14 settlement and Rs. 49-13 and Rs. 49-8 for May 12 settlement. The Shanghai dollar was steady at 1 2 1/2

SHARES

The share market had a short session. It opened somewhat quieter but closed steady on little bear-covering. The volume of business was comparatively small and prices fluctuated narrowly. Tata Iron Defds and Ordys improved from Rs. 528-4 to Rs. 530 and from Rs. 146-4 to Rs. 147 respectively. Cotton mill shares declined owing to a drop in the price of raw cotton. Bombay Dyeings from Rs. 686-4 to Rs. 664-6 xd; Centurys from Rs. 160-10 to Rs. 160; Central Indias from Rs. 220-10 to Rs. 214-6; Kohinoors from Rs. 182-8 to Rs. 181-14 and New Greats from Rs. 100 to Rs 99-6. In Hydro Electrics, Andhra Valleys rose from Rs. 1556-4 to Rs. 1560; Tata Powers from Rs. 1472-8 to Rs. 1483-12 and Tata Hydros from Rs. 158-7 to Rs. 158-12. Among Bank and Railway shares, Imperial Banks fully paid moved up from Rs. 1525 to Rs. 1537-8 and Contributorys from Rs. 372-8 to Rs. 373-12; Bank of Indias from Rs. 126-8 to Rs. 129; Reserve Banks from Rs. 128-4 to Rs. 130, and Ahd Prantij from Rs. 867-8 to Rs. 877-8. Cement shares were steady around the previous closing; Bundis at Rs. 34-12; Indians at Rs. 456-4 and Shahabads at Rs. 472-8. In miscellaneous, Belapurs were in demand at Rs. 163-2; Bombay Burmas at Rs. 397-8 and Scindia steams at Rs. 14-12.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 9

May	11.29
July	11.02
October	10.37
December	10.39
January	10.42
March	10.47
Middling Spot	11.69

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, April 9

May	11.21
July	10.96
October	10.34
Middling Spot	11.61

NEW YORK

New York, April 9

New York 10-55 a.m.—	
May	11.30
July	11.01
October	11.40
Noon Call—	
May	11.28
July	11.00
October	10.37

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, April 9

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	3,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	2,000
Day's exports to the Continent	11,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 9

April	6.26
May	6.11
June	6.01
July	5.94
August	5.82
September	5.71
October	5.63
November	5.58
December	5.57
January	5.57
February	5.57
March	5.57
April	5.57
Middling Spot	6.57
10-12 a.m. quotations	
July	5.96
October	5.64

PRODUCE

London, April 9

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Nominal

Wheat Barletta Russo parcels— Nominal

Wheat South Australian parcels

April sellers 31

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, April 9

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25

C and F Calcutta per cwt

April May nominal 6/10 1/2

C and F Bombay per cwt

April May nominal 6/7 1/2

C and F Karachi per cwt

April May nominal 6/7 1/2

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, April 9

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 6 1/4

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, April 9

F G F SAKELLARIDIS

May	8.76
July	8.61
October	8.53
November	8.52
January	8.22
March	8.19
April	8.19
F G F Spot	9.21

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, April 9

BROACH—	
Fully Good (good staple)	5.25
Fine (good staple)	5.40
Superfine (good staple)	5.55
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.28
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.43
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.58
BENGAL—	
Good	3.97
Fully Good	4.07
Fine	4.19
SCINDE—	
Fully Good	4.33
Fine	4.45
Superfine	4.57

LONDON SILVER

London, April 9

Market is quietly steady

Spot	20 1/16
Forward	20 1/16

LONDON METALS

London, April 9

Copper Braziers	£50 1/2
Spelter Hard Indian Brand	£14 1/4
Tin English Ingots Liverpool, F O B	£210
Yellow Metal	£40 5/8
Corrugated Sheet 24 gauge	£12 3/4

RUBBER

London, April 9

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb Sellers 7 5/8

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1936

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J8

Socialists Seeking Straight Decision

Anti-Office Group Bent On Wrecking New Constitution

Lucknow Conference Disapproves Working Committee Decision And Wants It Changed

(Congress Camp.)

LUCKNOW, April 10.

To-day's sitting of the Subjects Committee promises to be a very animated one, inasmuch as it will be called upon to give its verdict on the resolution adopted by the Working Committee at Allahabad on the Government of India Act, with particular reference to the all important question of acceptance of offices by Congressmen.

With the arrival, by every incoming train, of A.I.C.C. members as well as delegates, vigorous canvassing has been started by protagonists of two opposite viewpoints on this issue.

Congress Socialists, who seem to be very active in this matter, are reported to be determined to put up a stiff fight at the Subjects Committee meeting to-day for a definite decision on this vexed question.

No Meaning.

The line of argument that they are understood to be adopting in canvassing support for a straight decision against acceptance of ministerial offices under the New Constitution, seems to be that the resolution passed by the Working Committee recently at Allahabad not only postpones the decision, but also leaves door open to the working of the constitution by the Congress and as such the so-called refection has no meaning.

ANTI-OFFICE GROUP GET BUSY

LUCKNOW, April 10

Shouts of "Inquilab Zindabad" which rose from the Anti-Office Conference this morning, roused leaders in the Camp and the general public to activity.

The Subjects Committee pandal, which had been taken for this Conference, was largely occupied by people who came to hear war cries of people in opposition to the coming reform constitution and to the acceptance of ministerial responsibility.

Sardar Sardool Singh Cavesheer presided and the Conference adopted the following resolutions amidst cheers:—

"This Conference is of the opinion that the constitution embodied in the Government of India Act being in contradiction to the inalienable right of the Indian people to self determination and thoroughly reactionary and retrograde and the Congress having resolved to reject the new constitution, the only course now open to it is to adopt such measures as will make its working impossible and will get it replaced by a constitution acceptable to the people.

Humiliating Position

This Conference feels that the acceptance of ministerial offices would be in direct contravention of the goal of complete independence and the declared policy of rejecting the so-called reforms. It is of opinion that such acceptance would further place Congressmen in the humiliating position of accepting responsibility for maintaining the Imperialist Regime.

This Conference notices with regret the extremely disappointing resolution passed by the Congress Working Committee on the Government of India Act which not only postpones decision on the important question of ministerial offices

But also leaves the door open to the working of the Constitution by the Congress. The Conference feels that in view of this retrograde decision the so-called rejection of the Constitution has no meaning.

The Conference, therefore, calls upon the delegates to see that the resolution proposed by the Working Committee is radically altered so as to leave no room for doubt about the country's determination to wreck the Constitution. It appeals to all delegates to support such amendments as are moved in the Subjects Committee and the open session having this end in view."

Babu Sampurnanand said, by accepting ministry they would make Indians fight Indians.

Lala Dunichand said, he was in the Congress for 30 years and he agreed there was no way except mass action for winning the country's freedom. But he maintained that by capturing ministries they could have ample scope for mass action.

Mr. Rajaram said, Congressmen in office would not be able to do anything whereas the public would be against the Congresss.

Tribute To Bose

This Conference expresses its indignation at the arrest of Sjt. Subhash Bose and condemns the vindicative persecution on the part of the Government whereof he is a victimic and it pays tribute to Mr. Bose for his brave decision to defy the ban placed on his return.

This Conference expresses its sense of loss at his enforced absence from the Congress session at which his opposition to the policy of compromise and office acceptance would have been of great weight and value.

Irish Example

Sardar Sardool Singh Cavasheer who opened the proceedings declared that the Parliamentary method was only for the purpose of propaganda and that civil disobedience though suspended had not been abandoned. The reason why the moderates were left without following was, they worked the existing reforms and the same fate would befall Congressmen if they accepted office. If India had even three-fourths of the powers given under the Irish Free State constitution, he would not mind making a false oath of allegiance and using the machinery for gaining their goal. He wanted the Working Committee to show courage and give lead instead of putting off the decision. He did not doubt the patriotism of their leaders but the country needed a courageous lead Mr. Mehar Ali said they stood for complete independence and direct action and would not capitulate to Government on any terms.

Hakim Mohamed Abdulsalam of the Frontier Province opposed the resolution stating that there was no other programme before the country. If they were logical they should boycott councils but having gone there and built the edifice they should not leave it to others to house it. Ghulam Muhamed a Khudai Khidmatgar of the Frontier Province asked them first to remove clauses for independence and wrecking the constitution before thinking of acceptance of office.

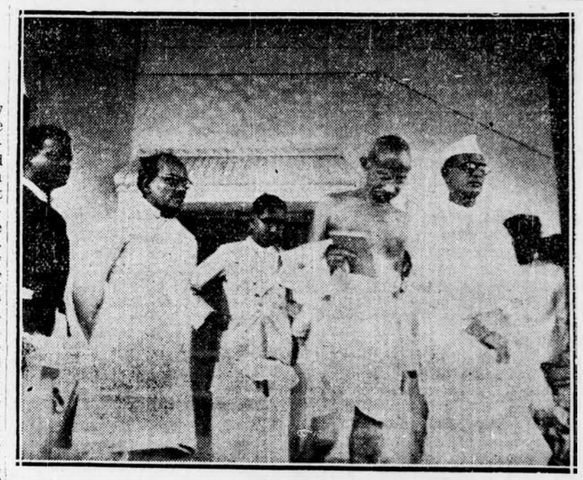
Government Fears

Mr. N. R. Joshi declared that Government fearing a world war was anxious to have Congressmen as ministers for getting support from the country. Mr. Laxmanswami Mudaliar a delegate from Tamid Nadu declared that Tamil Nadu stood against acceptance of office except a few leaders. Mr. Yagnik asked them whether in Motinagar named after late Motilal they could agree to accept office without the fulfilment of conditions laid down by Motilal Nehru namely, freedom from control of Governor, absolute control over purse and services. Government wished Congressmen to become jail wardens and prevent the entire country which was jailed from being freed from shackles. Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwani said the Working Committee resolution instead of proposing to wreck the constitution leant, in fact towards the view favouring acceptance of office. They should combine their forces and prevent the Congress from passing such a resolution. Babu Sampurnand and other also spoke in the same strain.

The anti-office section who passed the above resolution organised a demonstration in the hope that they might be able to influence the Subjects Committee meeting this afternoon in at least rejecting the amendment in favour of acceptance of office. Pt. Jawaharlal, the President, will leave the Subjects Committee in no doubt regarding his personal opinion on the Working Committee resolutions.

Jawahar's Attitude

The Pro-office section received added strength this morning through the arrival of Mr. Satyamurthi but it seems clear that the Subjects Committee is not likely to go against the wishes of the Working Committee and may endorse with a good majority. the Committee formula.—A.P.



Gandhiji leaving Swaraj Bhavan at Allahabad for a walk.

DEPLORABLE AND DEMORALISING

Reddy On Working Committee's Drift

BANGALORE, April 9.

Mr. C. R. Reddy, a prominent Congressite who was recently elected Vice-Chancellor of the Andhra University, is staying here for reasons of health.

He deplored the indecision of the Congress Working Committee on the question of office acceptance and thought it would have a demoralising effect on Congress organisations. He expressed the opinion that there appeared to be two schools of thought in the Congress, one advocating constitutional revolution first and relief measures next and, the other relife measures, as far as possible, first as a preparation for consolidating and strengthening the country so as to facilitate constitutional revolution as a step to follow:

Constitutional revolution versus relief—which should have priority as far as immediate politics is concerned; that is the issue to be decided by the Congress and the Working Committee appears to have decided in favour of the drift.—A. P.

Bhulabhai's Donation Of Rs. 5,001

(Congress Camp),

LUCKNOW, April 10

The "United Press" understands that Mr. Bhulabhai Desai has donated a sum of Rs. 5,001 to the fund started for perpetuating the memory of Mrs. Kamala Nehru. It will be recalled that the Congress Working Committee, at its yesterday's sitting, adopted a resolution in this connection.—United Press.

Ahmedabad Rent Payers' Representation To Congress President

Mr. Vishnuprasad Keshavlal Trivedi writes to say that the secretaries of the Ahmedabad house-rent payers association has sent the following representation to the Congress President at Lucknow.

OUR GRIEVANCES

(I) "In the ensuing election for new legislatures, Congress will decide to send its delegates on a programme of masses. As usual, this programme includes demands such as 50 per cent. reduction in land revenue, abolition of indirect taxes termination of all laws that are prejudicial to the interests of India; but in this programme demands of petty middle classes may be excluded as shown by our experience of last year's election. Congress parliamentary board has not given any attention to protect the rights of this class which is hit hardest under present circumstances; on the other hand, when such laws were put on the anvil of lagislatures these interests have been betrayed.

(2) "So when the Congress decides upon the issues on which it will enter the legislatures, you will please see that the demands of this class are also included in the manifesto.

DEMANDS

(3) "Our demands are the following;—

(a) House-rent should be reduced by 33 per cent.

(b) Provision should be made for sanitary and water arrangements.

(c) A maximum number should be fixed for allowing the persons to stay in a chawl.

"Bills should be brought by Congress members on these lines.

"You are championing the cause of the poor and exploited. Economic crisis has caused us the greatest hardship because of our social position. We request you to give serious attention to our grievances and make efforts to redress them as far as you can."

FIRE DESTROYS WHOLE VILLAGE

Six Killed And Rs. 30,000 Damage Reported From Dolia In Kathiawar

AHMEDABAD, April 10

The whole village of Dolia in Kathiawar was gutted by fire, states a report published in the "Gujarat Samachar," a vernacular daily. Godowns of merchants were reduced to ashes and a number of cattle perished.

The total damage is estimated at about Rs. 30,000. About half a dozen human lives are also stated to have been lost.—A.P.

Drivers And Commissioner Differ On Only Two Points

Arrangements Made For Free Meals To Families Impoverished By Strike

That the owners and drivers who have closed down taxi-trade for the last 10 days in the city, have decided to remain firm till the last, was further evidenced yesterday, when the Union Secretary, Mr. Jhabvalla, announced that arrangements were made to help those drivers and their families who were undergoing any hardship, and free-meal tickets would be given by the Union for their relief.

A meeting of the taxi drivers and owners was held on Friday morning at the Esplanade maidan, when interviews were given to the Press.

Interview To Press

The Bombay Taxi-drivers and owners who gathered at a meeting on Friday morning at Esplanade maidan, invited questions from pressmen to which they gave answers. The vernacular Press had its full share in putting questions to the audience, every one of whom seemed to be aware, where the shoe had exactly pinched him.

When the meeting commenced Mr. S. H. Jhabwalla, Honorary Secretary of the Union, explained to the members, the details of their interview with the Police Commissioner on Thursday

Difference With Commissioner

There was a difference of opinion over the provision for insurance and depreciation. The Commissioner thought that the fees, after insurance was made compulsory, would amount to Rs. 100, while the representatives contended that they need not spend more than Rs. 50 yearly. Mr. Minocher, who was a taxi-owner, and who was paying insurance premia for his cars, explained to the Commissioner how much the cost would be. This, however, was not a pressing need at present, as legislation had yet to be enacted for the introduction of third party insurance.

Towards depreciation, the Union had provided Rs. 200 while the Commissioner considered that it should be Rs. 300.

Though he could not say that the end had been reached, Mr. Jhabwalla felt that there was a hope that it would be soon amicably settled.

"Remain Firm"

Meanwhile, he appealed to the drivers and owners to remain firm. They should go about in the streets in small groups and appeal to those plying their toxis some of them illegally, to support their cause.

The newspapermen were then invited to put questions to the drivers and owners.

A representative of the vernacular Press, who was obviously a super-optimist, suggested that the owners and drivers should accept 6-annas tariff for the first mile and 4-annas for every subsequent mile, unil the time when the Commissioner gave permission for the introduction of the 4-anna tariff.

A storm of protest was all the reply he got, and once more the anna tariff had no meaning for them.

It was also announced at the meeting, that the Union had made arrangements for helping those drivers and their families, who might have been undergoing hardship on account of the close-down of taxis. Such persons could obtain meal-tickets and could feed themselves and their families.

The announcement had immediate effect on the audience and there were voluntary contributions on the spot, towards the Drivers' Relief Fund.

LORRY STRIKE IMMINENT

The Secretary of the Bombay Lorry Owners' Association writes:

In pursuance of the resolution passed by the lorry owners at their meeting held at Wadi Bunder on Sunday last, the Committee is busy meeting lorry owners and eliciting their opinion as regards the future course to be taken.

It is learnt that a majority are of the opinion that a complete stoppage of work till the increased tax is cancelled is necessary. In view of the fact that the final date of paying the quarterly instalment of the taxes is April 30, a strike of the lorry owners is quite imminent. It may start on April 15 as proposed by some.

ASSEMBLY AGENDA

Many Important Bills On The Anvil

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, April 9

Sir N. N. Sircar, Leader of the House in the course of his statement on the business for Tuesday next said that the following will be placed on the agenda in the order mentioned:—(1) Italian Loans and Credits Prohibition Bill; (2) Indian Tariff Bill relating to wheat, rice and fents; (3) Payment of Wages Bill as amended by the Council of State; (4) Cochin Port Bill; (5) Air-craft Act Amendment Bill; (6) Factories Amendment Bill and (7) Lac Cess Amendment Bill.

By arrangement, Decrees and Orders Validating Bill will be taken first on the 15th which would be followed by a motion for reference to the Select Committee of the Bill amending the Company Law, which again would be followed, if time permits, by any items of business outstanding from Tuesday.

Even if all the items of business put down for Tuesday and Wednesday are disposed of on those days which is improbable, there will still remain several items of business, which the House will be asked to dispose before the session terminates These outstanding items, include the consideration and passing of the Indian Mines Amendment Bill after its return from the Select Committee, the consideration and passing of the Cantonments Amendment Bill, the reference to the Select Committee of the Indian Railways Amendment Bill and the three outstanding Geneva Convention Resolutions.

Accordingly on the 16th and the 17th which are non-official days, the Leader would request the President direct to the House to sit for the disposal of the official business on the 18th and 20th, and on each day following until the outstanding business is disposed of.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *The Traitor's Gate*

FOG CREEPS IN OVER LONDON! ---AND TIGER TRAYNE PUTS HIS PLAN INTO EXECUTION!
HERE'S THE TRAITORS' GATE, TIGER----
OVER THE TOP AN' WE'RE IN TH' TOWER O' LONDON!
I'LL GO FIRST--FOLLOW ME--AND REMEMBER THE PASSWORD!
IN SCOTLAND YARD, WADE GROWS ANXIOUS----
HEAVY FOG TONIGHT, WADE--
A GOOD NIGHT FOR A ROBBERY---I'VE GOT A FEELING SOMETHING'S HAPPENING!-COME ON! --WE'RE GOING TO THE TOWER OF LONDON!
WADE!--THERE'S BEEN A SHOOTING IN LIMEHOUSE! NEVER MIND WHAT YOU'RE DOING NOW--GET OVER THERE!
LYMAN ANDERSON
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